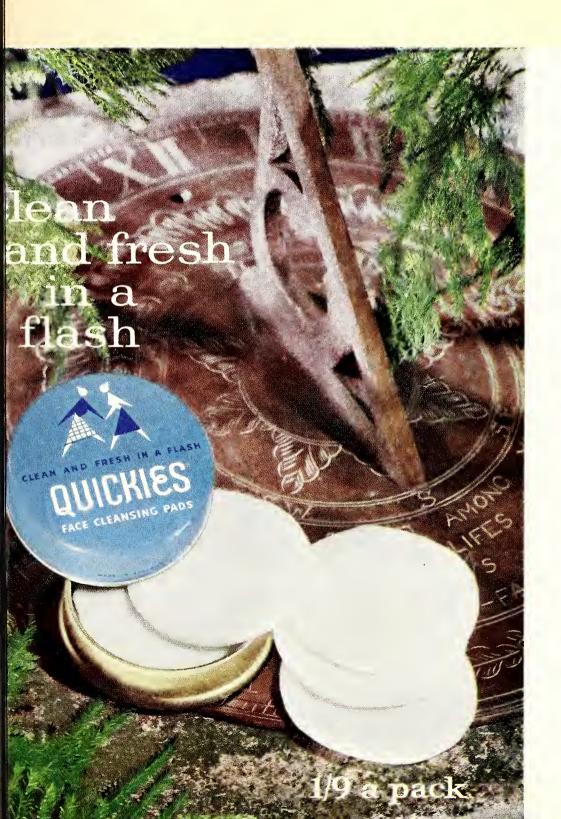
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THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST

ESTABLISHED 1859

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No. 4240

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Council Voting Shocks

THREE MEMBERS REPLACED

I the election of seven members to the Council of the Pharmaceutical ociety on May 17 members returned at the head of the poll a former ember defeated when he last stood and voted on two other challengers place of existing Council members.

THE NEW MEMBERS







Mr. H. Williams.



Mr. P. G. Flood.

Mr. Graves is back again top of the poll after an absence.

The figures were:		
ELECTED		
GRAVES, H. J		5920
MAPLETHORPE, C. W.		5775
Reid, T		5461
WILLIAMS, H		5456
TRISTRAM, W. J		5330
FLOOD, P. G		5169
JACKSON, M		5152
NOT ELECT	ED	
Robinson, C. H. P.		4955
Holland, K		4953
Martin, T. P		4708
Kent, E. T		4554
Hudson, D. W		4448
Park, W. A		3372
Voting papers issue	ed i	numbered
,231; 11,936 were retur	ned,	of which
rty-eight were disalle		, leaving
,888 to be duly registe	ered.	

Retail Sales

BOARD OF TRADE STATISTICS

CENTLY issued Board of Trade ures show that sales of chemists' ods by independent retailers were per cent. higher in March than in bruary and 11 per cent, higher than March 1960. Multiple retailers' sales re 5.5 per cent, higher in March mpared with February and 13.5 per th. higher than in March 1960. Sales Co-operative Societies were 2.6 per th. higher than in February and 12.5 cent, higher than in March 1960. e figures do not allow for receipts der the National Health Service.

Patented Drugs

INDUSTRY'S "GRAVE MISGIVINGS"
OVER HEALTH MINISTERS' STATEMENT

REPLYING to a question by Mr. John Arbuthnot in the House of Commons on May 17, the MINISTER OF HEALTH (Mr. Enoch Powell) said that he and the Secretary of State for Scotland proposed to use Section 46 of the Patents Act 1949 in obtaining certain drugs for the hospital service. The Section enables a Government Department to use patented goods for the services of the Crown. The Act requires payments to patentees to be negotiated or, in default of agreement, determined by the High Court. Individual hospital authorities are being instructed to make no further purchases of patented drugs from unlicensed sources.

The Association of British Pharmaceutical Industry was prompt to react. At 5.30 p.m. on May 17 it issued to the Press a statement expressing grave misgivings at the Ministers' decision to use Section 46 of the Patents Act as a basis for Government purchase of selected drugs for the hospital service. If that action were to have the effect of so reducing prices as to make prohibitive the maintenance of research and development expenditure, the Association believed that it would be impossible for the industry to maintain its international competitive position. The Association considered, therefore, that it was essential for satis-

factory administrative procedures to be agreed between the Health Departments and the industry to ensure that the originator of a new product received an adequate reward for the Crown use of his invention.

The Association would undertake a full study of all the implications of the Ministers' action, and would issue a further statement in due course.

Thyroxine in Tablets

" DOUBTFUL ACCURACY " OF B.P. TEST

LONDON Executive Council recently considered analysts' reports on a sample of thyroid tablets found by its own analyst to contain thyroxine to the extent of 0.049 per cent, of the stated amount of thyroid, when the Pharmacopæial limits were 0.085–0.115 per cont. The chemist's own analyst had found 0.09 per cent. and the Government chemist 0.058 per cent. present respectively in the other one-third parts of the sample. The chemist's analysts wrote that they were fully confident that the findings given on their certifi-cate were correct. The manufacturers sent in a summary of the findings of several analysts on assays of (a) tablets remaining in the chemist's bottle after the dispensing of the test prescription; (b) a sample of thyroxine sodium in tablet excipients, and (c) samples of a common hydrolysate. They said that the lack of agreement by the Council's and the chemist's analysts and the Government chemist gave a reasonable basis for doubting the efficiency of the B.P. method of assay; that the various analysts had failed to get agreement on sample (a); that the recovery of only 19 per cent. of thyroxine from sample (b) indicated that substances other than thyroxine must be co-precipitated with it; and that there had been failure to get consistent results on (c). In a later report the manufacturers summarised other tests, confirming their opinion that the B.P. assay method failed to give consistent results. They gave their opinion that lactose, a permitted diluent, was undesirable; and that, because of filtration difficulties associated with the handling of a drug, as well as tab-let excipients of a colloidal nature, and because of the small quantity of iodine to be determined, the assay directions of the B.P. should be more precise and detailed. The committee, in its findings, stated that the bottle had been stored in good conditions in the pharmacy; and that the findings, summaries and conclusions in the reports sent by the manufacturers showed that the method of assay in the B.P. monograph failed to give consistent results. There was at least some doubt as to whether the method was reliable. The Committee recommended dismissing the case.

Whitley Council "B"

AWARDS TO ASSISTANTS-IN-DISPENSING

A NEW scale of salaries has been agreed for assistants-in-dispensing working in hospitals in the National Health Service. The details are incorporated in PTB Circular 127, which states that the new rates are operative from February 1 and that the scales set out in PTB Circulars 108 and 97 are consolidated and superseded.

The new scale is as follows and applies to "officers whose duties consist substantially of the preparation and compounding of therapeutic agents and the execution of prescriptions":—

the execution of prescriptions":—
Age 16, £195; 17, £215; 18, £250; 19, £285; 20, £320; 21, £360; £22 and over £425 with five annual increments of £20, followed by two of £25 to £575. The London weighting is:—Age 16-20, £10 per annum; age 21-25, £20; age 26 and over, £30. A qualification allowance of £50 per annum is due to an assistant-in-dispensing aged 18 or over who holds the certificate of the Society of Apothecaries of London, or the dispensing certificate of the R.A.M.C., or R.A.F., or a qualification approved by the Minister of Health or Secretary of State for Scotland or a certificate of proficiency given by an employing authority in Scotland. When responsible for dispensary supplies and not supervised by a pharmacist the assistant receives £25 per annum (£50 if also responsible for supervising other assistants) with an added £50 per annum if exercising an authorisation to possess and supply Dangerous Drugs under Regulation 10 (2) of the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1953. Temporary duty of one month or more entitles to proportionate payment. Attendance at evening clinics in addition to normal 39-hour week is paid at the rate of 6s. per hour, which is the rate for part-time staff working 18 or less hours per week. Assistants up to twenty-one years of age are entitled to twelve working days' annual leave. Those over twenty-one receive eighteen working days.

Animal Feeding Stuffs

ADDITIVES REQUIRED TO BE DECLARED

THE Compound Animal Feeding Stuffs Manufacturers' National Association, National Association of Corn and Agricultural Merchants, National Association of Provender Millers and National Council of Concentrate Manufacturers have published the names of additional substances, of the presence of which in feeding stuffs members make a voluntary declaration. The new items have come into use since the scheme was first announced in April 1959. They are:—Coccidiostats: zoalene, amprolium, trithiadol, sulphadimidine, sulphaguanidine, sulphaquinoxaline. Antiblackhead drugs: nithiazide. Sulphonamides are included in the scheme because feeding stuffs containing not more than 0.5 per cent. of them are now exempted from the Poisons Acts and Rules and are not, therefore, covered by legislation. The original scheme, which was agreed with the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, came into operation in 1959 to meet the need for farmers and veterinary surgeons

to know what additives are administered to livestock in the course of normal feeding.

"Value for Money"

PRAISE FOR PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY

IN his recent report to the Walsall Executive Council, the chairman (Dr. F. L. Richard) said the time had come for people to realise that the British drug industry was giving superb value for money. It should be encouraged to continue doing so instead of being criticised, restrained and browbeaten, "The cised, restrained and browbeaten. pharmaceutical services during the year 1959-60 are estimated to have cost the Government £76 millions. This is less than one penny per head of population per day. . . . Those figures do not provide any evidence that the rise in the cost of the national drug bill has been disproportionate or excessive." Referring to the local pharmaceutical service, Dr. Richard said he was pleased to note that, in addition to their normal rota arrangements providing for a daily service between 6 and 7 p.m., a number of Walsall chemists had agreed to attend their pharmacies after hours, if necessary, to dispense prescriptions marked "urgent" and initialled by a doctor.

Glass Container Sales

RECORD LEVEL IN 1960

SALES, of glass bottles and jars by British manufacturers in 1960 once again improved on the previous year's figures, attaining a record level of 4,468 million units—an increase of 7.5 per cent, over sales in 1959 and of 43 per cent, over the ten years since 1950. The pharmaceutical industry absorbed 798 million units (25 per cent, more than in 1950) and the toilet and perfumery trade another 359 million units (40 per cent, up on 1950).

Southampton Blaze

HEAVY DAMAGE TO CHEMICAL WORKS

THE warehouse of Herbert Ferryman, Ltd., Priory Road, Southampton, wholesale chemists, was the scene of a disastrous fire on May 15 when damage estimated at £50,000 was sustained. A large quantity of Dangerous Drugs was, however, salvaged.

Dangerous Drugs Act

AUTHORITIES WITHDRAWN

THE Home Secretary has withdrawn from Dr. Roy Wilfrid Downie, 88 Comely Bank Avenue, Edinburgh, 4, the authorities to possess, supply or prescribe dangerous drugs.

SCOTTISH NEWS

Edinburgh Degree Course

HOPES OF LINK WITH SOCIETY'S DIPLOMA

GOVERNORS of Heriot-Watt College, Edinburgh, were told at their meeting on May 12 that discussions have taken place between the college authorities, Edinburgh University and the Pharmaceutical Society regarding the introduction of degree courses in pharmacy at Edinburgh. At present the city caters only for the Pharma-

ceutical Chemist diploma course, talks are in progress to determ whether an honours degree can be stituted by linking the diploma syl bus with the University's requireme for entry into courses leading to M.Sc. and Ph.D. qualifications. To step is being taken because, owing lack of accommodation, the univers is unable to foresee the start of its or ordinary degree course in pharma before 1968.

A Campaign Succeeds

MORE DUNDEE CHILDREN BRUSH TEER RESULTS of a "Happy Smile" den campaign in Dundee show that 75 process five- and six-year-old childred now clean their teeth at least twice day at the recommended times—aft breakfast and last thing at night against 36 per cent, before the campaign began. There has been a market change for the better in the condition of their mouths and gums, and few children are now without a tooth-brust Tooth-brush sales in Dundee are, fact, estimated by pharmacists to have risen by about 50 per cent, and tooth paste sales by slightly less. The campaign was experimental. It was arrange by Dundee Corporation at the reque of the Scottish Standing Committee of Dental Health Education and was backed by the Department of Healt for Scotland.

IRISH NEWS

THE REPUBLIC

Dublin Conference

Dubini Conference

SMALL FACTORY HEALTH SERVICES
THE provision of health services fo small industrial concerns and the different ways of organising such services as have been developed in variou parts of Europe, have been studied at a conference at Dun Laoghaire, co. Dublin, May 8-16. The conference wa called jointly by the regional office fo Europe of the World Health Organisation and the International Labour Organisations, and about forty experts including representatives of employers and workers' organisations fron twenty-two countries, participated.

IRISH BREVITIES

THE NORTH

THE Ulster Hospital for Childrer and Women is being replaced by a new £2½-million Ulster Hospital at Dundonald, Belfast.

THE REPUBLIC

THE Association of Hospital and Public Pharmacists has acquired new premises at 39 St. Patrick's Road, Drumcondra, Dublin, to which all correspondence should be addressed.

AT a meeting held in Dublin recently of the Committee of the Association of Hospital and Public Pharmacists, it was announced that the scale of salaries, as agreed at the general meeting, had been submitted to the County Managers Association and the Hospitals Commission, and that discussions had already been held with the Dublin Health Authority in connection with the claim.

IEWS IN BRIEF

PHARMACY is included in a new fortyage careers guide issued to schoolavers by the youth employment comittee of Hull, Yorks.

MR. A. S. Cussons has been elected hairman of the Toilet Preparations ederation and Messrs. V. A. Beetch G. S. Sladden have been elected ice-chairmen.

THE sixth International Plastics Exbition and Convention (Interplas 61), hich is to be held at Olympia, Lonon, June 21 to July 1, is being opened y Lord Hailsham at 12 noon on the 21

THE following officers of the Fine hemicals Group of the Society of hemical Industry have been re-elected: hairman, Dr. A. C. Newman; Vicenairmen, Dr. J. D. Kendall, Dr. J. H. Vilkinson; Treasurer, Dr. W. Mitchell; ecorder, Dr. E. P. Taylor; Secretary, T. D. S. Morris.

A TUNBRIDGE Wells team, of which liss M. Wallis, M.P.S., was a member ee C. & D., February 4, p. 111), beat roadstairs in the final round of "Beat our Neighbour," the Southern Indendent Television quiz. The £500 rize is being used to benefit the old blk of Tunbridge Wells.

CHARGES for National Health Service octacles and artificial teeth were interested on May 16. Bifocal lenses now ach cost £1 (10s. previously) and other cases 12s. 6d. (10s.). Lenses in N.H.S. tames are available free to children ged ten to fifteen years, or older if ill at school (but not if undergoing or other education).

PETERBOROUGH and District Trades ouncil has adopted a resolution repromending improved dispensing facilies in the city, with emphasis on ter closing and better service at holiay periods. One member complained at the rota list is not always kept up date and that a copy cannot always consulted in doctors' surgeries.

PORT

Golf?—ULSTER CHEMISTS' GOLFING ASSOCIA-ON, at Clandeboye Golf Club on May 10. esults: Groves Cup Competition, 1, C. J. all, 42; runner-up, W. J. Moffet, 39; Section : J. McErlean, 34; Section B; J. Kennedy, 37; ection C; B. Lowans, 39.

LOCAL OFFICERS

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL UNION

Epsom and Sutton.—Chairman, A. R. Miles; ice-chairman, R. B. Summers; Social commite chairman, C. Crookes; Social secretary, H. Heard; Secretary and Treasurer, W. S. C. oleman, 147 Cobham Road, Fetcham, Leatheread, Surrey.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY

Liverpool Branch.—Chairman, H. Humphreys ones; Vice-chairman, A. L. Saul; Treasurer, L. Rees; Committee, R. Clitherow, J. C. eigh, D. L. Rees, A. L. Saul; Secretary, W. G. owler.

Plymouth Branch. — Chairman, H. G. eynolds; Vice-chairman, P. L. Cohen; Treasurer, P. Fox; Social treasurer, E. W. Chanter; ocial secretary, W. F. Eustace-Pedlar; Secretry, A. G. M. Madge, c/o P.C.S. Pharmacy ffice, Vauxhall Street, Plymouth.

Swansea and West Glamorgan Branch. hairman, I. James; Vice-chairman, G. G. avies; Treasurer, W. J. Pierce; Secretary, G. aster, 58 Glanbrydan Avenue, Uplands, Swanta, Glam.

TOPICAL REFLECTIONS

By Xrayser

Malvern crossroads

Malvern, I understand, owes its celebrity to its springs, and to its clear, dry and equable climate. It is said, also, to be the centre of the first hydropathic establishment in the United Kingdom. Taken all in all, the venue was well chosen for the administration of the shock treatment that was meted out to those attending the area conference of the National Pharmaceutical Union on May 7 (p. 482). What Mr. Wright chose to describe as "the present state of negotiations with the Ministry," on the question of the contractors' terms of service, reveals further evidence of official inability to interpret two important words. One of these is "negotiation" and the other "consultation." (Perhaps the dictionary in use reads, under each heading, "see dictation.") The patience and forbearance of the contractor has been sorely tried. So long as there appeared to be some expectation of agreement—if that situation ever really existed—so long it must have seemed to pharmacy's representatives that no good could come of premature disclosure of the so-called negotiations. The whole basis of the discussion was, of course, completely upset by the imposition, without consultation, of the 2s. levy, as Mr. Wright pointed out to the meeting. A decrease of 13 per cent. in the number of prescriptions dispensed in March constituted a cut, and a new threat by the Ministry to look at the question of remuneration again in three months' time only if Drug Tariff prices are reduced first is a second unilateral cut that has proved to be quite unacceptable to the Central N.H.S. Committee. Now is the time to inform contractors of the sorry story in detail. The resolution passed by the meeting at Malvern gives full authority for drastic action. Armed with that authority, and smarting under what the Committee can only feel is a shocking breach of faith, the Ministerial lion may now discover that the pharmaceutical lamb has changed character. There are many duties undertaken by the pharmacist for which there is no return. Renunciation of such unremunerative employment would not upset the contractor.

Resentment

Only a feeling of deep resentment, one feels, could have goaded the meeting at Malvern into asking for "an early, honest settlement" of contractors' just claims. The word honest would surely not have appeared in the resolution if those present, both on the platform and in the audience, had not felt that there was something—if not dishonest—at least dishonourable in the high-handed attitude of the Ministry. You rightly draw attention, in your editorial comment on p. 491, to the need for full solidarity and support from the whole of the Union's membership. The Committee will also realise the importance of united action by all who take part in the pharmaceutical service, not only members of the Union; and it seems, from a reply given by Mr. Wright to a question, that so far there is complete agreement on all sides. That position must be maintained.

London and Edinburgh

Last week's issue gives accounts of activities both of the Pharmaceutical Society's Council in London and its Scottish Department in Edinburgh. In London, the apparent inactivity of some branch secretaries moved Mr. D. Hudson to use strong words of condemnation. It appears that eighty branch secretaries did not attend the annual meeting of branch secretaries in October 1960. On being written to, over fifty "had not sufficient interest or courtesy to reply." Mr. Hudson thought that to be an extraordinary state of affairs and very reprehensible. Branch secretaries, in my experience, do a good job. Many are dependent on locums if they leave their businesses for a day, and such relief is not easily come by these days. Sympathy, rather than castigation, might have been a better approach. From Edinburgh I note a reported decision to erect window boxes on the ground and first floor window sills. With a suitable selection of plants we may yet see examiner and candidate perched precariously on ladders, identifying such crnamental and innocuous plants as the opium poppy, Indian hemp and, perhaps, Datura stramonium. I would not recommend valerian.

IRISH REPRESENTATIVES' ASSOCIATION

Annual meeting in Dublin

THE Irish Pharmaceutical and Medical Representatives' Association, at its annual meeting in Dublin on April 7, had before it a letter from Mr. B. Smith Irish Drug Association). (secretary, The letter stated that, at a recent meeting of the West of Ireland Association, and at a delegates' meeting attended by representatives of each local Association in Athlone, the opinion was expressed that there was excessive sampling of the medical profession, particularly with long-established lines, and suggesting that the practice should be curtailed. In view of that the Association felt that retail pharmacists should be supplied with samples, particularly in the case of new lines, MR, J. J. Mc-KENNA (president), said the committee felt that was not a matter for them to decide, and left it to members to take what action they desired.

The Key Word

MR. M. F. WALSHE (secretary) said if excessive sampling was wrong in principle, it was equally wrong to give samples to chemists. THE PRESIDENT: "The key word is 'excessive.'" He thought the Association was right in stating that to a certain extent there was excessive sampling. He suggested that individual members might take it up with their respective companies. MR. A. G. STOCKWELL considered

MR. A. G. STOCKWELL considered that the members of the Representatives' Association were the best judges of what was excessive sampling. That was not a matter for the I.D.A.

MR. D. JACKSON was in favour of limiting samples to one sales pack. He had seen as many as seven or eight packs left with doctors.

THE PRESIDENT said it had been mentioned by certain chemists that doctors had sold sample packs below normal retail prices. To leave over half a dozen packs with a doctor at each visit of a representative called for some kind of protest.

MR. P. J. MARTIN asked why chemists were anxious to get packs of new lines, seeing that the doctors could give them samples to tide them over until the products arrived on the market.

MR. STOCKWELL thought it could be arranged that one sample of a new product be left in each town with a selected chemist.

While MR. JACKSON had sympathy with the chemists because of the multiplicity of new preparations, the time had come when companies should take back from the chemist new packs not prescribed. Manufacturers would also have to "give way on dated products."

THE PRESIDENT wanted to see the stipulation that the chemist must return the product not later than a month from the time of receipt.

It was agreed to ask local associations to take the matter up with the various companies, and the representatives undertook to convey to the companies the feeling of the I.D.A.

THE PRESIDENT, in his annual report, recalled that the Association was now registered under the Friendly Societies Act, which meant that, from July 27,

1960, they were legally cntitled to implement their constitution. It was hoped to draw up a code of ethics.

MR. MCKENNA said the registrar of the Pharmaccutical Society of Ireland had written thanking the Association for its contribution to the College of Pharmacy Trust Fund. He asked representatives of companies who had not yet made a contribution to the fund to encourage them to support it.

MR. WALSHE (sccretary), in his annual report said that membership at the end of 1960 was 125, against 137 the previous year. Associate members numbered seventy-four against ninety members the previous year. MR. P. CUMMINS (treasurer) disclosed a credit balance at the end of the year of £85.

Messrs. Flanagan, Gallagher, Meehal and McKenna (four retiring members were eligible for re-election, but Mi Meehan asked for his name to bomitted from the ballot list, Mcssrs. T Lyons, Cork, and J. Dobbs, with thother three candidates, were selected to contest the postal vote for the four vacant seats, Mr. B. McWey said there was dissatisfaction among Associate members because they were not invited to the annual meeting.

THE PRESIDENT said that to allow them to attend would mean altering

the constitution.

MR. C. McDermott suggested tha some special disc or badge should be displayed on members' cars so that the would be spared the embarrassment of calling on a doctor when another representative was there. The matter was referred to the Committee for investigation

REPUBLIC OF IRELAND POISONS BILL

Second reading

THE Poisons Bill was given the second reading in the Senate on April 19 and the Committee Stage was fixed for the next sitting day of the House.

In the debate the Minister for Health (Mr. S. MACENTEE) described the considerations which had shaped the provisions of the Bill as being the needs for flexibility; for more rapid action when called for; for larger powers to regu-late (for the greater safety of the public) the sale, use and distribution of deadly substances; and for a wider range of advisers. While the rather limited functions under the 1870 Act had been satisfactorily discharged by the College of Physicians, he felt that, with the development of numerous new synthetic poisons for use, not only in medicine, but also in industry and agriculture, a more broadly based advisory body was desirable. A grave defect in the present law was that while, under the 1870 Act, a procedure existed for the addition of poisons to the schedule, there was no provision for deleting any preparation from it or for bringing the nomenclature up to date. Nor could a poison, once it had been included in one part of the schedule, be transferred to the other.

MR. DONEGAN said that, while it was important that the use of new weed-killers, vaccines and other medicines should be regulated, it was also important that farmers should enjoy them at the existing low rate of profit. His impression was that, in relation to agricultural preparations, the Bill could be administered in a lax fashion.

MR. S. O'DONOVAN said it was wrong to suggest that farmers would be victimised by veterinary surgeons.

MR. MURPHY said he would like to see the people who came in contact with those drugs represented on the council.

DR. SHEEHY-SKEFFINGTON said he felt that, if the source of supply under the Bill were to be restricted too narrowly, particularly to a trade in which there was no regulation of the price mechanism, except by those engaged in it, the farmer might possibly suffer from the disappearance of price competition.

Mr. L'Estrange thought it was gen-

erally agreed that the rules governing the control and sale of poison were completely out of date, and that a more modern code was necessary. Welcoming the sections which dealt with the sale of tranquillisers or "pep" pills he said they all knew the bad effect those compounds could have—especially on young people. He believed that, if the sale of drugs were confined to a few people or if only veterinary surgeons were allowed to purchase them, then the cost to the farmer would be much greater. The majority of chemists were competent to discuss the various drugs for animal ailments, and the present practice of farmers treating their animals with medicines purchased from the chemists was proving successful, even though some Senators might say that chemists were not trained to diagnose animal diseases and that that was the sphere of the veterinary surgeon.

Medical Property and the proportion of the veterinary surgeon.

MR. O'REILLY said the majority of farmers knew there was no intention of prejudicing their interests under the Bill, and it was wrong to suggest that groups like chemists and veterinarians were in league to mulct the farmers.

MR. J. L. O'SULLIVAN asked the Minister to be as lenient as possible and ensure that the farmers would be able to get the drugs from those sources which they had previously obtained them.

Replying, the MINISTER said that the new synthetic substances which were coming on the market almost daily were "much more virulent." Were they to be freely bought and sold, without any control or restriction? It was essential for the protection of the citizens that the sale and distribution of those substances should be controlled under the ægis of the Minister for Health. The Council was not an elected body representative of any vested interest. Because there were so many representatives of medicine and of the Pharmaceutical Society upon it, that did not mean that they would be appointed in order to load the Council or give it a bias. "This is not a body which will be representative of any vested interest. The Minister must be free to select his own advisers, provided they fulfil certain qualifications."

First Fifty Years . . .

A HERTFORDSHIRE PHARMACIST'S PROGRESS

) survive in pharmacy for fifty years ight be regarded as something of an hievement. Eardley Edward Russell pharmacist, wholesaler, manufacturer, chairman

Mr. E. E. Russell.

of three companies—has not merely persisted but prospered. A few weeks ago Mr. Russell celebrated the Golden Jubilee of the opening of his first shop. Marking the event, amid other celebra-tions, by opening at Buntingford, Herts, a new branch —

make seventeen in all — of E. E. ussell (Chemists), Ltd. At the same me he presented £2,000 in bonses to long-service employees of the pmpany, announced another record usiness year, and sat for his portrait. Ithout having become a telephone-esieged business "tycoon," Mr. Rusll has come a long way from his previous beginnings in pharmacy. When, in 1903, his father refused to

ermit him to follow the career of his noice—engineering—and asked him to lect an alternative profession, Mr. ussell replied apathetically "It doesn't latter." and it was in that listless mood at he allowed himself to be apprenced to the Hitchin pharmacist, the late Ir. William Payne, on a month's trial. he apprenticeship lasted for four ears. For the first year he was paid a nilling a week, rising by annual shil-ng increments to 4s. Mr. Russell realls one occasion on which, left in narge of the shop, he was required y a labourer customer to pull a tooth. rotestations of ignorance of how to o it proved of no avail and the young pprentice was eventually obliged to pncur. Selecting a pair of forceps he rather liked the look of "he suceded after a suitable, and mutually ainful, period in drawing the offendig tooth. Fired by his first success he olunteered his dental services readily his next patient and promptly broke e crown of her tooth. "I decided," said, "that dentistry was not my

Having completed his apprenticeship Ir. Russell was "ill advised by a well-teaning chemist to take a part-time be in London," so that he might study or qualification. With that aim in view e secured a "living-in" post with lavies & Long, Dorset Street, W.1. It was paid a salary of £20 a year, and was fed and given an attic bed-pom. "There was," he recalls wryly, a chair." Study facilities included an anderground stockroom illuminated by avement lights. His weekday hours were 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 5.30 to 10.30 m. Between those times he "fitted 1" an afternoon pharmacy course at loomsbury Square. He had alternate

Sundays free, but when he was "on" he was expected to be on call between 8 a.m. and 10.30 p.m. Thus his "part-time job" consisted of a seventy-hour working week into which he had to fit several hours' study. Feeling his chances of qualification were slight under such conditions he left and enrolled for the "Minor" as a full-time student. In 1909 he passed first time.

After qualifying, Mr. Russell worked for a time at the [former] Plough Court branch of Allen & Hanburys, Ltd., Lombard Street, London, "primarily to gain dispensing experience."

to gain dispensing experience."

A milestone in his career was the opening—with the help of £30 borrowed from his brother—of his first shop; in Station Road, Letchworth. That was in 1911. It cost £183 (valuation of stock

French, Flemish and English, and employed a trilingual Antwerp girl as an assistant. The Belgian doctors quickly appreciated his co-operation, and re-ciprocated—much to Mr. Russell's embarrassment—by personally directing their patients to him and endorsing their prescriptions with his name and address. Mr. Russell found himself address. doing single handed more dispensing than anyone else in Hertfordshire, with the exception of one Watford firm. He recalls the virulent influenza epidemic of 1918, and one week in particular during which he dispensed 1,000 National Health Insurance prescriptions daily (including making about twenty batches of pills) and that in addition to his private dispensing. To add to his difficulties the prescriptions were writ-



Mr. Russell's first shop, at 49 Station Road, Letchworth, which he opened fitty years ago, in 1911.

plus £50, including goodwill and fittings). About the same time he became a founder member of the Hertfordshire Pharmaceutical Committee, of which he later became chairman.

His early years in business were financially precarious. At the advent of war, in 1914, the shop was, perhaps, just paying its way and "it was the war that helped me, if you must say war helps anybody." At that time there was an influx of about 3,000 Belgian refugees into Letchworth. They were employed at a local munitions factory, and the Belgian doctors attached to them commanded far from perfect English, and showed continental prescribing preferences. They were indifferently received by the "established" local pharmacists, who tended to refer the awkward prescriptions to the "new boy." "I was at that time," confessed Mr. Russell, "interested in any business I could get." Recognising his opportunity, and with the initiative to seize it, he had his dosage labels printed in

ten in four different languages (one of them Latin) or combinations of all four. At the end of that week, late on Saturday, he received a medical supply order for 80 gall. of concentrated disinfectant, 100 gall, of gargle, and 2,000 cachets. He supplied the order the same night, utilising, with considerable ingenuity, two empty barrels, a 20-gall. limejuice drum and four carboys which he filled by using a hose. "All rather un-Allen-&-Hanburys-like, I'm afraid," was his recent comment.

In 1924 Mr. Russell opened his seeond shop—in Royston, Branches at Baldock, Hertford, Ashwell, Biggleswade, Knebworth, Hitchin and Shefford followed in steady succession. He made it a point of policy to expand by "ploughing back" profits rather than relying on borrowing. By 1940 he owned ten shops but was prevented from further expansion by staff shortages caused by the war.

ages caused by the war.

In 1946 and '48 he added two more branches—Sandy, Beds, and Stevenage,

Herts, respectively. The year 1948 also saw the conversion of his business into a limited company — E. E. Russell (Chemists), Ltd., his long-service managers being co-opted on to the board. Mr. Russell, who has no children, decided to take that step in order to preserve the name of the business.

Desiring to extend his activities further, and possibly to gratify his interest in engineering, he began to turn his attention—at an age at which most men would be entertaining ideas of retirement—to the fields of manufacture and wholesaling. Looking around for suitable premises he came across a disused and largely dilapidated "malting" in Baldock, By extensive alterations it was converted into a commodious warehouse and manufacturing plant, and in 1951 he announced the formation of a private company—"Rusco, Ltd. To carry on the business of manufacturing and wholesale chemists." The same premises today incor-

SHAKE THE BOTTLE.

One table-spoonful to be taken every four hours, in water.

AGITER LA BOUTEILLE.

Une cuillère à soupe toutes les quatre heures dans de l'eau.

DE FLESCH SCHUDDEN.

Len soeplepel alle vier uren, in water.

E. E. RUSSELLURS.

DISPENSING CHEMIST

DISPENSING CHEMIST

STATION ROAD LETCHWORTH.

One of the multilingual dispensing labels used by Mr. Russell during the 1914-18 war. It is printed in English, French and Flemish. porate administrative offices, a staff canteen, and a garage housing the company's small fleet of yellow and black warehouse delivery vans.

Active and alerí at seventy-four, Mr. Russell is emphatic in his intention not to retire. Though he still devotes much time to the business, he surrenders an increasing responsibility to his fellow directors. Formerly an active member of Letchworth's urban council, Rotary Club. golf club, local amateur dramatic society, Hertfordshire Pharmaceutical Committee and Executive Council, his interests today centre mainly on travel. Recently he has been as far afield as Australía, New Zealand and South America.

What personal qualities in Mr. Russell might illuminate his success? A colleague suggested variously "staff-sense," "good-psychology" and finally, "sheer ability." Mr. Russell, himself said "The people I like best are the ones who say 'You've been very lucky'."

Three Homes in Ten Years

RAPID expansion since the company was founded ten years ago has caused Ridley (Wholesale Chemists), Ltd., Carlisle, Cumberland, to make two removals (three headquarters in all). Founded in 1951, the company acquired the wholesale side of the business of

T. Ridley & Son (Carlisle), Ltd. Its first home was at the rear of the pharmacy at 10 Botchergate. After acquiring all the spare space there and taking some from an adjacent hotel, the business soon found it necessary to look for more suitable premises, and a move was made in 1958 to premises in Lancaster Street. They were thought at the time to be adequate for many years. However, further rapid expansion proved that belief wrong, and in 1960 four acres of ground were acquired on a fifteen-acre plot scheduled for development on Burgh Road on the outskirts of the city. The site was chosen to give the greater operating freedom away from congested traffic routes, and to provide sufficient space for future development and expansion.

In drawing up plans for the warehouse a particular requirement was that it should have an unrestricted floor area. Ten steel portal frames, each of 100 ft. span, have been used.

The premises, which were occupied a few months ago, have a floor storage space of 20,000 sq. ft. with facilities for developing a further 60,000 sq. ft. if necessary. In arranging the shelving the management had the help of a time and motion study expert

and motion study expert.

The board of directors has remained virtually unchanged also, and for the past ten years the chairman has been Mr. George Lightfoot, a prominent Carlisle pharmacist.

Since the inception of the company, its managing director has been Mr. W. L. Nicholson, M.P.S.





CARLISLE WHOLESALER'S NEW PREMISES



Part of the warchouse showing the dispatch counter. Above : View of the new warchouse and offices.



PERFUMERS' "WORLD CONGRESS":
Mons. Robert de Bodman (home sales manager,
Parfumerie Lubin), with (left to right) the company's two British representatives (Messrs. LWithey and H. I. Perlow) at a world congress
held by Messrs. Lubin in Paris recently. The
congress was attended by the complete force of
Lubin representatives, whose territories include
every country in the world.

Ninth Franco-British Pharmaceutical Congress

SUNNY DAYS OF REUNION IN THE CONNÉTABLE COUNTRY

IN ten-tenths sunshine the 204 members of the ninth Franco-British Pharmaceutical Conference arrived in St. Helier, Jersey, on May 12, the ninety-seven British by chartered and other aircraft, the 107 French by 'plane and chartered motor vessel. First main event of the Congress was a reception by the Etats de Jersey at the Hotel de France on Friday evening, at which a bivic welcome was given by DEPUTY C. S. DUPRE (president of the States of

ferscy tourism committee).

At an informal dinner in the evening the chairman of the local branch of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain (MR, S. F. AMY) said that, at the 1959 dinner of the "first overseas branch" of the Society he had expressed the hope that the island could be the venue for one of the Franco-British congresses, not realising how soon that would come about. As a Jersey pharmacist he thanked the French pharmaceutical industry for the help it had given to the chemists of the island when they had been cut off from Great Britain during the 1939-45 war.

For the business session of the congress coaches collected the congressists from the hotel on Saturday morning and delivered them at the town hall of St. Helier by 9.30. Against a background of brass plaques cataloguing the Connétables of the Parish from 1529 to the present time, the chairman (MR. H. S. GRAINGER), was able to open the meeting, not with a gavel but by tolling the ship's bell of the former crosschannel steamer "St. Helier."

Theme of the session was "The Chemist's Shop—a Social and Personal Necessity." Two papers were presented—one by a British pharmacist (Mr. Allen Aldington, a member of the Pharmaceutical Society's Council) and one by a French (M. Jean Lesur, Lille).

The Chemist's Shop in Britain

MR. ALDINGTON said he would contrast the past with the present and thus possibly show a trend for the future. "In the 'chemist's shop' of the early nineteen-twenties, a period when turnover was small by present-day standards and the pattern of work different for many reasons, dispensing formed but a small part of the daily routine. The National Health Insurance Act had provided medicine dispensed by the pharmacist only for the working member of the household; in most cases the doctor supplied medicine for the rest of the family. In the pharmacy the compounding of family recipes and counter prescribing was important. The pharmacist was the natural outlet for local and national information, and the family adviser on health matters.

A natural development from the era of counter prescribing of medicines suitable for the treatment of minor ailments was the provision of prepacked medicines carrying descriptive labels with the name and address of the pharmacist. They we're usually more elegant than preparations produced in the dispensary, usually more costly, and carried a smaller profit margin. In the

working-class districts there was a ready sale for them, mainly because people could not afford to visit the doctor on every occasion. As manufacturers realised their potential sales, branded advertised products became available, again with a smaller profit but with a steadily increasing sale.

What the Public Expects

From that time national advertising of medicinal products increased. Today advertising is on a fantastic and varied scale that would have been considered impossible those few years ago. Following that trend, the turnover of the pharmacy has increased tremendously, as has the sale of advertised products, which have to a great extent replaced the former services provided. Coupled with the inception of the National Health Service over ten years ago, that has changed the pattern of work in the pharmacy completely. Today most of the country's dispensing is undertaken in the pharmacy, and the value of the pharmacist's work is greatly appreciated both officially and by the members of the public; his status as a professional person (in the eyes of the public and of his medical colleagues) is greater today than it has ever been. But the need for his business acumen, and the maintenance of his trading activities, are still an essential part of his service to the public. Not only is it essential from an economic point of view, but the public expects it.

That became evident to the small band of pharmacists who, after the inception of the National Health Service, decided to provide only a dispensing service, coupled with the sale of a limited range of pharmaceutical products. Most of those have now developed the full pharmaceutical service that was historically expected of them.

In Great Britain the only prerequisite to the opening of a pharmacy of one's own is the passing of the qualifying examination. There has never been any control or limitation of the opening of pharmacies, and through the years they have been established in strategic positions throughout the country, so that the public have come to expect a pharmaceutical service conveniently placed.

Another development in Britain is the company pharmacy, where the financial background was not in the hands of pharmacists. At the present time the companies own between one-fifth and one-quarter of all the pharmacies in the country, and hence play a large part in the provision of the Pharmaceutical service. The service they provide is good and in most cases is standardised to a pattern of excellent organisation, which many could emulate with advantage. But there has been a tendency for some of the larger establishments to sell goods not traditionally pharmaceutical. My personal opinion is that departmental store selling such a variety of articles should not be called a 'pharmacy' or 'dispensing chemist.' It is not just selfish propaganda to say that medicines should be sold only by the pharmacist.

Primarily the sales side of pharmacy is in the medicinal field, and at the moment there is no restriction on the sale of medicinal products, though it is the avowed policy of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain that it is in the public interest that sales should be controlled. At the present time medicinal products, except those controlled by statute, may be sold in any place of business. Surgical requirements, from a bandage or a simple surgical instrument required for home use to the supply of equipment necessary for the doctor, are all part of modern phar-macy. Amongst other items that are commonly associated with the British pharmacy are photographic equipment and toilet products. With the advertising era and the power salesmanship of the makers of those goods, sales have increased tremendously, and so have distribution points, though there is still ample scope for ever-increasing sales by the pharmacist. Just as he is a specialist in the provision of a dispensing service, so can he be a specialist in the supply of photographic equipment and toilet articles; and every pharmacist should provide that specialist service for his own area. Too often only the minimum is undertaken instead of the complete service that is so desirable.

The supply of instruments for surgeons is very specialised, but in most city centres and large towns there is usually a pharmacy that makes a special feature of the work. The supply of minor requirements for the home or the surgery can be the work of every pharmacist. It is unreasonable to expect the pharmacist to do all such work himself, but he can provide expert service through members of his staff in the supply of photographic material and

the sale of toilet products.

Through many years the number of pharmacies in the country increased. Recently, however, the trend has been reversed, mainly because of the closing of many smaller shops. It is essential that the whole position of the placing of pharmacies in Britain should be reviewed, so that an adequate service may be provided for the public. The opportunity for a planned economy would appear to be more favourable today than for many years.

Legal Responsibilities

One other governing factor in Britain is important: the legal condition that a pharmacist must be in attendance in the pharmacy at all times at which it is open to supervise the sales of controlled drugs. As well as providing that complete service, the pharmacist is required to co-operate in any local rota scheme that may be in operation for the dispensing of medicine 'out of hours.' There is also a published list of pharmacists who are available for the dispensing of urgent medicines at any time, day or night. A complete pharmaceutical service is available in the more populous areas and in the country districts many pharmacists are happy to provide a similar complete service.

The pharmacist is the only profes-

sional person who is available at all times to provide a service. That means he has little leisure—certainly less than

most people enjoy.

In many districts there are a number of pharmacies in competition one with another. The public have a similar service from each establishment, and it would appear obvious that, if two or three were to join together in suitable premises, an even more comprehensive service could be provided — probably giving greater return, and quite certainly providing more leisure time for each of them. I am convinced that there can be an improved pharmaceutical service with the man-power available, and that everyone would benefit if each unit pharmacy had at least two pharmacists on the staff.

The other main facets of recent developments are the increasing number and great variety of new drugs and pre-parations, which make it obvious that any planning for the future must take into account the need for post-graduate training courses. It is hoped the branches of our Society will co-operate in the provision of these courses as part of their sessional activities. It is my opinion that pharmacy must develop in the future as a friendly service to the public, with the traditional trading activities as well as the professional side of the calling; that the pharmacist must develop as a friend and adviser on all personal matters, not only of hygiene and health, but of the wider field which is his birthright, and that he must be the personal guide concerning the merits of the products which he supplies, and be the judge of standards! Therefore he should jealously guard his reputation for fair dealing. His personal cachet should not be given lightly, and his pharmacy should reflect the dignity of his calling, but he should compete with all who challenge him for the sale of goods which are his birthright. He should develop also his contact with the medical men in his district, so that he is accepted as a colleague in the National Health Service. He should National Health Service. He should maintain an adequate and up-to-date service of medical literature on the latest developments in medicine, and should know the presentation and com-mercial side of all products as they become available.

A Note of Confidence

In this regard I would like to quote from two well-known people in British pharmacy. In the *Pharmaceutical Journal* over 100 years ago, John Bell wrote:—

The most effectual method of advancing professional standing consists in a steady and persevering attention to intellectual improvement, and the establishment of such regulations as are calculated to ensure collective privileges by increasing the amount of individual merit.

In 1941 A. R. Melhuish wrote:

It will be upon the personality and the professional ability of the individual retail pharmacist that pharmacy will build most surely for the future.

I state categorically that the 'chemist shop' in Britain is not moribund. It will continue to give the public the service for which it is renowned."

(To be continued)

EXPANSION PLANS

BEXFORD, Ltd., who are associated with BX Plastics, Ltd., and Ilford, Ltd., are expanding the production plant at their Manningtree, Essex, site. The plant, which is scheduled for completion later this year, is for the production of polymer.

WHIFFEN & Sons, Ltd., have announced plans to manufacture both cyanuric and trichlorcyanuric acids. A plant capable of supplying the total United Kingdom requirements and providing surplus for export is being erected at the company's Loughborough factory, and supplies are expected to be available in December.

THE recently formed joint subsidiar of Albert E. Reed & Co., Ltd. and L Centrale Finanziaria Generale, S.p.A Milan, Italy—SICAR, S.p.A.—ha acquired the majority of the shares of the Rexim-Bugnone, S.p.A., packagin business in Turin, and is to build carton board mill in Italy.

WORK is now under way on the extension of the Disley, Ches, factory of the fibre drum division of Bowater Packaging, Ltd., to provide an additiona 27,000 sq. ft. of production space and giving by August a total floor area at the factory of approximately 100,000 sq. ft.

RECOGNITION FOR LONG SERVICE

"Veterans" chalk-up a total of 10,204 years

THE annual reunion dinner to long-service personnel of Allen & Hanburys, Ltd., which was held in London on May 12, brought together personnel with a service to the company totalling 10,204 years. Although to qualify for a "veteran" twenty-five years' service is a minimum, twenty-six of the 276 present had served for fifty years or more, 113 for forty to forty-nine years and the remaining 137 for twenty-five to thirty-nine years. Since the previous dinner fifteen veterans who had completed forty years or more service received presentations of their own choice, while ten new members, including Mr. J. Anderson, M.P.S. (packaging manager, Ware), completed their twenty-five years with the company.

MR. F. A. AxE (chief accountant), who responded to the toast of the company, mentioned that 168 of the veterans were still in active employ-

ment, about two-thirds of them were from Bethnal Green and one-third from Ware. During the year the company had endeavoured to trace all the personnel who had retired from the company without pension before 1951 and as a result fifty additional persons were now receiving a pension from the company. An appreciation of the directors' "spontaneous action in providing those pensions" was referred to earlier by MR, C, E, Bell (surgical buyer) when he proposed the toast.

For the first time the wives of veterans

For the first time the wives of veterans with forty years' service and over had been invited to the dinner—to demonstrate to them, as Mr. Axe said, "that such a function really took place." Present also, but not for the first time, was ninety-five-year-old Mr. Ben Grazier, who joined the company's famous pharmacy in Plough Court and gained a reputation for dispensing draughts.

Correspondence

Letters when received must bear the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication. The Editor does not hold himself responsible for the views expressed.

A Ballot?

SIR,—Re "prepared-to-strike" letters in the C. & D. Why does not the Central N.H.S. Committee send out a ballot form asking contractors if they are prepared to withdraw from the Service and, if the verdict is in favour, present same to the Ministry? At least it will let them know that the rank and file are fed up with being dictated to. I think it is now time we called the tune for a change.

J. S. Freer, Cleethorpes

Am I Wrong?

SIR,—I notice that our secretary-M.P. is reported to have said that he had spoken against the recent increased prescription charge in the House and had refused to vote in favour of it. This amazes me! Surely, if one's convictions are strong enough, the only course is to vote against the proposal, not make ineffectual speeches on the matter. This leaves me with the impression that, although he disagrees with the proposal, it is not of sufficient importance for outright opposition. I hope I am wrong!

W. R. STANGER, Sidcup, Kent

Action Approved

SIR,—After attending the area conference of the National Pharmaceutical Union at Malvern. I was heartened by the apparent new lease of life which had been injected into the executive's veins. If Mr. Wright's actions are anything like his address at this conference (C. & D., May 13, p. 482) then we should thank our stars in having such an able, and excellent negotiator helping us. The unanimously supported and well-worded motion passed by the conference should give the Executive just what it needs—the full support of all chemist contractors, and a free hand to decide the best method of attack. Let us therefore wholeheartedly support any plan which headquarters contemplates, and so achieve our aim for a just settlement of our rightful claims!

BRIAN G. SPENCER, M.P.S., Sutton Coldfield

Public Money Wasted

SIR,—When the Food Office closed some years ago, I undertook the supply of welfare foods. Among my reasons for doing so were (i) I considered the distribution should be done by clinics or by pharmacists—not by iron-

nongers or grocers; (2) no cash was inrolved, as all charges were paid by tamps. Now the regulations have combletely changed, A substantial charge s being made and it must be paid in ash. The money would have to be ept separately and a weekly cheque ssued for the amount. Presumably any errors would have to be put right by he supplier, but the Ministry makes no llowance for the work and costs involved. That puts the service into an entirely different light, particularly as the vitamin products are now in direct competition with our normal stock lines. Furthermore, although the Minister of Health expects the products to be sold for children under five and in reasonable quantities, there is no effective control, as no coupons or vouchers are being issued to beneficiaries. How utterly futile! We all know the Minis-

ter of Health is keen on economies, but here he has missed an opportunity to save money. By turning the distribution of all the items over to the normal retail channels, with a normal percentage of profit all round, he would save all the present administrative costs of their distribution and so achieve the economies he desires.

P. RUSSELL READ, Hornchurch, Essex

Focus on Merchandising and Display

"PHARMACY FOR MODERNS" EXHIBITION IN LONDON

VITHOUT the lure of samples, or even a programme to guide the way, in exhibition staged mainly by chemsts for chemists has now ended its entative three-day run in London. Irial rather than début it was, for the prospect of a repeat performance at ome future date lies not entirely with the organisers, able as they may be, but rests rather upon the post-mortem verdicts of the participants.

Jointly Sponsored

The idea of a Modern Pharmacy exnibition for their members was conceived ndependently by the National Pharnaceutical Union and Unichem, Ltd., who eventually got to hear of one another's intentions and in March 1960 lecided to put on a joint production. The exhibition, on the carpeted floor of the Hotel Russell, in London, May 16-18, was the outcome.

The fourteen exhibitors displaying heir wares and services offered the ndependent chemist a useful range of uids and information, from shelf and sland display units to gadgets designed o add touches of sparkle to the appearance of often drab merchandise.

Greeting the visitor entering the exhibition hall was a "life-size" model pharmacy complete with stock, and so realistic that one was left to wonder whether the Pharmaceutical Society night, as a concession, have admitted t, even for three days, to its register of premises. The exhibit was a Nordia hop, designed by W. Mason & Son, td., 128 Baker Street, London, W.1, and characterised by the now familiar scandinavian design of the Nordia adustable units. By subtle staggering of shelf levels, the most "chalk-and-heese" combinations of items were

pleasantly shown almost side by side. To enforce the shopfitters' claim at "fixed" fixtures are definitely out," other stands occupied by Remploy, Ltd., 415 Edgware Road, London, N.W.2, and C. Ribbands & Sons, Ltd., 3 Ravey Street, London, E.C.2 also showed ranges of cupboards and shelving designed on adjustable systems and prefabricated to facilitate changeover from old to new within an afternoon. Huntley's (Old Street). Ltd., 18 Leonard Street, London, E.C.2, showed, against a pegboard wall fiting, new screw-in metal display holders for cameras — an arrangement giving maximum view of the article for sale and minimum chance of its being pilfered. The Unipole, claimed the lowest-priced floor-to-ceiling display stand (price 50s., with jack-type fittings 5s. to 19s. extra) was exhibited by Southgate Tubular Products, Ltd., 148 Chase Side, London, N.14, alongside a pram-like barrow with candy-stripe cotton cover. This unique contraption was originally designed to take a floral display but has recently found favour among chemists in Barnet. The wheels turn.

Public Relations in Neon

Signs galore were featured in a dazzling display by Rentasign, Ltd., Grecian Mills, Lever Street, Bolton, Lancs. For £15 15s., a retailer can tell his customers he is "your chemist for all medicines," the message appearing on a white panel beneath a bright N.P.U. sign with carboy in green or red; each purchase carries a twelve-month guarantee.

Shelves and cupboards apart, some "fixed" stock has always been moveable. High on the list of such objects comes the final breadwinner itself—

the till. A selection of tills, and of a mechanical substitutor for the overtaxed mind, were offered by two makers occupying the financial sector—Adwell Adding Machines, Ltd., 20 Pall Mall, London, S.W.1, and Gross Business Machines, Ltd., North Circular Road, London, N.W.10.

Known in unofficial circles as the Pinkertons of the British departmental trade, Lodge Services, Ltd., 245 Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1, claim to be the only company in Europe operating on behalf of retailers in the interests of security. The thirty-year-old company were advertising their seven branches, dotted strategically throughout the country ("we keep an eye on Wales from Bristol"), with a declaration that retailers should use the Lodge service "to detect existing stock losses, prevent further losses, protect management and staff, assist in increasing turnover."

Kodak, Ltd., Kingsway, London, W.C.2, occupied a comfortable corner. Other stands were filled by The Phar-

Other stands were filled by The Pharmaceutical Press, 17 Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1, which displayed a selection of official publications and books of reference, and the two sponsors of the exhibition itself: Unichem, Ltd., 3 Broadwater Road, London, S.W.17, occupied a double-size stand that was a popular central feature of the exhibition. The stand of the National Pharmaceutical Union, 5 Queen Square, London, W.C.1, was supplemented by a kiosk for Chemists' Mutual Insurance Co., Ltd.

To complete the picture, THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, with its Quarterly Price List and Tablet Identification Guide prominently featured, displayed also the C. & D. range of tech-

nical publications for the practising pharmacist.





ASPECTS OF SERVICE: At left, Mr. G. L. Hutt, from Penryn, Cornwall has a look at the publications on the C. & D. stand. At right: The "Nordia look" in adjustable fittings is given to a model pharmacy by W. Mason & Son, Ltd., London and Leeds.

Organisers of the exhibition were John E. Colley, Ltd.

NEW PRODUCTS AND PACKS

Auti-inflammatory Ear Paint.—Under the name Ototrane, Ward, Blenkinsop & Co., Ltd., Fulton House, Empire Way, Wembley, Middlesex, offer an antiseptic, anti-inflammatory, adhesive ear paint in 5-gm. tube.

Trade-marked Capsules. — By inadvertence, the word "tablets" was allowed to creep into a paragraph dealing with Portyn Kapseals (C. & D., May 6, p. 461) in which otherwise they were correctly described as the capsuled preparations they are.

As Tablets Too. — Roche Products, Ltd., 15 Manchester Square, London, W.1 (Welbeck 5566), announce that Librium is now available as tablets in the same strengths and packings as, and at similar prices to, the capsules (5 mgm.: twenty-five, 100, 500; and 10 mgm.: twenty-five, 100 and 500).

Psychosedative Syrup.—Sandoz Products, Ltd., Sandoz House, 23 Great Castle Street, London, W.1, announce the introduction of Melleril syrup, containing 25 mgm. of thioridazine base in each 4 mils (teaspoonful). Introduced in response to the demand for a liquid form of Melleril, the syrup is available in bottles of 100 mils and 1 litre.

Dexamethasone Injection. — Merck Sharp & Dohme, Ltd., Hoddesdon, Herts, announce the availability of a new speciality Decadron injection, an injectable form of Decadron containing 4 mgm./mil of dexamethasone 21-phosphate as the sodium salt in a stable solution ready for immediate use. The injection is understood to be equally suitable for intravenous, intramuscular or intrasynovial injection and for soft-tissue infiltration. The presentation is a 2-mil vial.

Half-volume Vaccines.—Beecham Research Laboratories, Ltd., have extended the range of Wright-Fleming Institute half-volume vaccines. By incorporation of the same immunising dose in half the usual injection volume, young infants are caused less pain from distension of the tissues at the site of inoculation. The formulas of the new half-volume vaccines concerned are to include diphtheria-pertussis vaccine (DP/Vac), each 0.5 mil of which contains 30 Lf of purified diphtheria toxoid, 20,000 million B. pertussis, and 0.1 per cent. of Thiomersal as preservative; diphtheriatetanus vaccine (DT/Vac), each 0.5 mil containing 30 Lf of purified diphtheria toxoid, 5 Lf of purified tetanus toxoid and 0.01 per cent. of thiomersal; pertussis vaccine (Per/Vac), 20,000 million B. pertussis and 0.01 per cent. thiomersal; tetanus vaccine (Tet/Vac/FT), 5 Lf of purified tetanus toxoid and 0.5 per cent. phenol. The DP/Vac is issued in pack of three ampoules and 5-mil rubber-capped vial; the DT/Vac as single ampoule and in packs of three ampoules and 5-mil rubber-capped vial; Per/Vac as single ampoule and in packs of three and 5-mil rubber-capped vial; and the Tet/Vac/FT in packs of two 0.5-mil ampoules and 5-mil rubbercapped vial.

Modernised Packs. — During sixty years the pack of ethyl chloride, Duncan, has been unchanged, but now the manufacturers, Duncan, Flockhart &

Co., Ltd., 16 Wheatfield Road, Edinburgh, 11, have made use of new packaging materials to produce a modernised and improved version in which a



specially made screwneck glass bottle takes an injection cap of compressed nylon. The cap has been designed for the company and registration has been applied for. There are two variants: a coarse jet (in white) for general anæsthesia and a fine jet (in black) for local anæsthesia. Increased cost in the components are offset by a saving in assembly, enabling prices to remain unchanged. Messrs. Duncan, Flockhart arc also now marketing Duncaine brand injection of lignocaine in a tin of fifty 2-mil cartridges of a 2 per cent. solution, either alone or with adrenaline 1 in 80,000.

Perfume and Cologne.—For the first time the Camellia range of toilet preparations issued by Fields of Bond Street (Nicholas Products, Ltd., Slough, Bucks) includes French Moss and French Flowers fragrances in liquid perfume and Cologne forms. The per-



fumes are contained in slender glass phials each with screw-on cap concealing a neat inner stopper that prevents wastage through evaporation or leakage. The perfume phials are each about 2 in. high, and the Cologne phials about 4 in. high. They are sold in moss green and white pack with a small red camellia for French Moss; pale blue and white container with blue camellia for French Flowers.

A Soap Repackaged.—H. Bronnley & Co., Ltd., Bronnley Works, Brackley, Northants, have repackaged their pre-

make-up soap in a hexagonal box it blue-grey, gold and apricot colours Each box contains twelve tablets. The cakes themselves retain the well-known lipped-oval curved shape that has become familiar to users.

Novelty Container. — During the months of May and June, M. & R Norton, Ltd., 9 Park Hill, London S.W.4, are offering their Hanri ego shampoo and sea foam shampoo ir plastic "bowling-alley skittle" bottles After use the bottle, filled with either water or sand, may be used by childrer for playing the new American game of "ten pins."

Redesigned Bottle.—Goya, Ltd., 161 New Bond Street, London, W.l., have introduced a bottle of special design for their small-size perfume Colognes. The bottle has a shaped transparent plastic screw-on cap from which the bottle widens to a high waist, tapers throughout most of its length, and widens again into a firm base. A carton of distinctive design identifies each variety (Gardenia, Remember, Passport, Black Rose and No. 5).

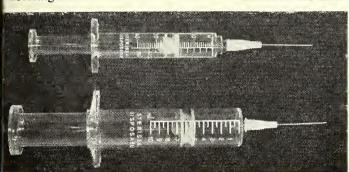
Miniature Packs for Men.—J. & E. Atkinson, Ltd., 24 Old Bond Street, London, W.1, have introduced "Travelettes for men," containing miniature packs of items in the Atkinson's men's range. The Travelettes wallets are in designs of red or black with gold lettering. They are available in four combinations: After-shave lotion with lather shave; "crystal" after-shave with brushless shave; Cologne with preelectric shave; and pre-electric shave with "crystal" after shave.

Vitamins for Dogs. — Kalium Products (Redditch), Ltd., Adelaide Street, Redditch, Worcs, announce the introduction of a new conditioning tablet designed to ensure an adequate supply of vitamins essential to canine health. Kaloids contain eight ingredients, including liver extract, in tablets for easy administration. They are presented in box containing approximately thirty tablets and sent out in twelve and twenty-four-box counter cartons.

Drug-impregnated Bird Seed. — Laboratories for Applied Biology, Ltd., 91 Amhurst Park, London, N.16, describe as "a major advance in veterinary technique" their Ornimed bird seed impregnated with chloramphenicol, or penicillin, or a sulphonamide, or vitamin B₁₂. Ornimed bird seed is described as "a mixture of the finest natural seed treated by an exclusive process that impregnates through the husk into the kernel accurate quantities of the prescribed medicinal compound." Kernels freed from their husks and treated medically are known to be avoided by seed-eating birds, which accept only the whole seed. With Ornimed the husk has still to be removed by the bird which, by accepting it, ingests the treated kernel. The method makes it possible to administer a specified amount of medication, the appropriate quantity of medicated seed being measured from a container provided and fed to the bird daily, no alternative seed being made available until the medicated seed has been consumed.

Odourless Version of a Depilatory.—
te Health Research Laboratories,
1, 17 Berner Street, London, W.1,
ve launched a new speciality Veet
)," an odourless version of the longablished Veet cream depilatory. The
w product is understood to be pleait and easy to use as a beauty cream,
lowing the contours of the skin "far
ore closely than a razor" and peneting to the hair shaft below skin

Roussel Laboratories, Ltd., 847 Harw Road, London, N.W.10, have introced a zig-zag strip dressing (size 440 in.) of Sofra-tulle, in addition to established ten-piece pack of 4 x 4 dressings.



Baby Set.—William Freeman & Co., d., Suba-Seal Works, Staincross, trnsley, Yorks, announce the release a Suba-Seal complete baby set, comising Staywarm baby feeding unit; oz. and 4-oz. boilable feeding bottles ch with latex teat and turnover close; Mini-feed, latex teats, polystyne teething trainer; and Streamline thot-water bottle. The set is packed a rigid carton and wrapped in a ncy paper with ribbon bow and multi-loured label.

Shaver With "Scissors" Cut. — In eir new Arvin DS15 electric shaver, ver-Ready Razor Products, Ltd., 26 edford Row, London, W.C.1, incorrate a unique shaving head with corgated cutters that slide over foil holes an angle. The makers claim that the chopping" process has thus been reaced by a clean shearing action mparable with the cutting action of a ir of scissors. The cutters are self-arpening and give long service. Corgation has also made it possible use a 50 per cent. thinner steel, that there is less area in conct with the outer foil, thereby recing friction and allowing the cutters operate at their peak of efficiency.

The method of "dimpling" the foils is claimed both to guide the beard into the holes and to reduce the friction area of the cutters on the foil by a further 50 per cent. The shaver is sold with a twelve-month guarantee. It does not cause interference with television.

Disposable Syringe. — A plastic disposable hypodermic syringe for general medical use has been produced and is being marketed under the name Steriseal by the Plastic Box Co., Ltd., Market Rasen, Lincs, on behalf of Shrimpton Steriseal, Ltd., Redditch, Worcs. Both companies co-operated in the design of the syringe, and the moulding tools were designed by the Plastic Box Co., Ltd. Several millions of the disposable

syringe are understood to have been already manufactured and manufacturing precautions ensure that the mouldings are free from strain or contamination. Before issue the syringes are rendered sterile and are supplied for use sealed in bacteria-proof pack.

teria-proof pack.

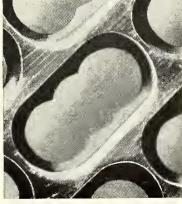
Redesigned Package.—Schick Incorporated (U.K.), Ltd., 86a Brook Street, London, W.1, announce that the packaging of their Schick three-speed elec-



tric shaver has been remodelled. The cardboard carton containing the presentation box has a Cello-glass finish in the Schick yellow-and-black colours, and the presentation box is hard for maximum efficiency and protection especially during travel, covered with a matt black leathercloth, and with inner lining of crimson and velvet on the base and padded satin inside the lid. Upper and lower lids are brass bound and spring-hinged.







new Arvin electric shaver with, at right, magnified plctures of its new corrugated cutter and en more enlarged) "dimpled" foil.

A New Range of First-aid Outfits.— Cuxson, Gerrard & Co., Ltd., Fountain Lane, Oldbury, Birmingham, announce the introduction of a new range of firstaid outfits (five cases in all). Contents of the cases are stated to be in line with modern ideas on first-aid treat-



ment, and to have been carefully selected to cover the widest possible range of common minor injuries. The outfits are in strong metal cases finished in cream, red and white and each is supplied in an individual outer. A colourful illustrated folder is enclosed with each case. To chemists the manufacturers make the special introductory offer of one each of the outfits, a showcard, and folders for counter distribution, at an all-in price of 44s. in return for a fortnight's display.

Disinfectant "Stick."—J. Goddard & Sons, Ltd., Nelson Street, Leicester, are introducing what they claim is a new idea in household disinfectants. The product, Gard-stik, is a "self-operating disinfectant device that kills germs and bad smells in sink and bath drains." Gard-stik is a "stick" of solid disinfectant about the same size as a pencil. It is slipped through the grid of a sink or bath waste pipe, being held in place by a flange. The waste water washing over the Gard-stik is understood slowly to dissolve the disinfectant. The stick lasts about six or eight weeks under average conditions.

Now a Range of Three. — Elsan Manufacturing Co. (proprietors Sanitas Co., Ltd.), Sanitas House, Clapham Road, London, S.W.9, are marketing two new companion products to their



Elsanol sanitary fluid. The first is perfumed "super Elsan" sanitary fluid "embodying the most recent laboratory discoveries in the safe treatment of sewage." The second is Elsan blue, described as "a pleasant-smelling and efficient formaldehyde type of fluid for germ-free and odour-free sanitation." Each is available in 1-gall., quart and single-charge tins.

TRADE NOTES

Smaller Size Discontinued. — Parke, Davis & Co., Staines Road, Hounslow, Middlescx, have discontinued issuing the smaller size of Parke Davis shaving cream.

Appointed Distributors. — George Spencer & Son, Ltd., Kynance Place, Gloucester Road, London, S.W.7, have been appointed sole distributors in the United Kingdom for Schiaparelli perfumes.

Distribution Change.—From May 31, Tampax, Ltd., are relinquishing the distribution rights in Dolcin and Berex, and inquiries should be addressed to the new distributors: Allcock Products, Ltd., Ormskirk, Lancs.

As Powder and Tablets.—Genatosan, Ltd., Loughborough, Leics, have added to their range of Framygen products Framygen sterile powder in 500-mgm. container and 500-mgm. Framygen tablets in containers of twenty and 100.

Operative from June 1. — Keldon, Ltd., Wadsworth Road, Perivale, Middlesex, point out that the reduced prices of Ephazone tablets (see *C. & D.* Cumulative Price List, May 13) do not take effect until June 1.

Floral Bath Cubes.—Sidney Margolis, Ltd., Margo House, Hemp Row, London, S.E.17, have added to their range of toilet preparations Floral bath cubes packs six to a transparent wrapper and available in rose, lily-of-the-valley, honeysuckle, lavender and bouquet-of-flowers fragrances.

Credits.—Riddell Products, Ltd., 10 Dunbridge Street, London, E.2, are asking chemists, in view of the Pharmaceutical Society's decision to ask the Home Secretary to put 8-methoxypsoralen in Part I of the Poisons List and Schedule 4B of the Poisons Rules, to return stocks of Tan-if-ic to the company for credit.



A WALL "DISPENSER": Holding 1 dozsmall P.B.I. dust guns, the brightly coloured self-service "dispenser" shown has a special foil label to suit the contents (either DDT dust, derris dust or flea-beetle dust).

Horses Protected from Flies. — Kalium Products (Redditch), Ltd., Adelaide Street, Redditch, Worcs, offer, in Extra-Tail, what they claim is complete protection for horse or pony from flies and other insects. The product is sprayed from a pressurised container on to the heads and backs of the animals. It may also be used in house, stable or byre. There are two sizes: a 12-oz. size for stable use and a 6-oz. "pony" size.

An Additional Strength.—Bayer Products, division of Winthrop Group, Ltd., Winthrop House, Surbiton-upon-Thames, Surrey, England, are now issuing Hexopal tablets in a 500-mgm. strength. Clinical experience has shown, state the makers, that claims that Hexopal was virtually free from side effects were fully justified. The new-strength tablets are available in container of 100.

Pharmaeists' Self-help.—Proprietors of privately owned pharmacies in England, Scotland and Wales are being sent a 12-p. two-colour brochure, "Success Story" inviting them to link up with the Unichem Association. The Association and its associated trading company Unichem, Ltd., claim that they are, in the words of the booklet, "not just another wholesaler." Their wholesaling activities are combined with other services to private chemists, including access to display aids, a series of exclusive proprietaries, etc. Profits are in one way or another devoted to the service of supporters, one of the ways being rebates in proportion to purchases. Shares may only be held by pharmacists, but shareholding is not a condition of membership of the Association. With each brochure is included an inquiry form.

Stolen Goods.—The following items of photographic equipment were recently stolen from F. Murley, Ltd., The Pharmacy, Fawley, Hants.—Cine cameras: Bell & Howell Sundial 624B (D59359); Brownie Model II f/1-9 (3028827); Brownie 8 (10579). Cine projector: Eumig P8M (856785); 35-mm. Cameras: Zeiss Ikonette (S83813); Kodak Retinette 1A (72543); Kodak Colorsnap II (147251); Zeiss Contaflex Alpha (M5922) with ever-ready case and Pantar f/2-8 3470959 lens (Agfa CN14 film inside, partially exposed); Gnome 35 de luxe (6109720); Kodak Colorsnap II (Second-hand) (25013). Cameras: Zeiss Signal Nettar code no. "518/16/its" (T012634); Agifold (second-hand) (05577); Kodak 66, Model II (24136); Brownie Flash 20; Brownie Reflex 20; Brownie 44B; Ferrania Ibis 44. Tape recorder: Elizabethan Princess (P015784). Exposure meters: Sixon; Kopil Automat A (plastic price marker enclosed). Binoculars: Gordon Ivey 8 x 30 C.M. (without case) (2495); Gordon Ivey 10 x 35 (with case) (3940); Delacroix 8 x 32 C.L. Electric shavers: Swift battery model; Philishave floating-head model. Lighters: Ronson Milady M.47 and Ascot A212. (Figures shown in parentheses are makers' numbers.)

INFORMATION WANTED

The Editor would appreciate information about the following:

Nikki Novelties, Ltd. (present address)
Formacin ointment, ophthalmie, in gelatin eapsules
Energyite food

MANUFACTURERS' ACTIVITIES

A Gold Watch. — For twenty-fiv years' service with Jean Sorelle, Ltd 21 Turle Road, London, N.4, Mr. F. Mills (works manager) was presente with a gold watch at a silver jubile luncheon of the company held in London on May 16

Exhibitions with a Difference.—S that members of the medical, veterin ary, pharmaceutical and nursing profes sions and public health authorities may become further acquainted with their products and services, Smith & Nephew Associated Companies, Ltd., are this year staging, as an experiment, three private exhibitions, the first of which was held in Sutton Coldfield, May 10–12. It featured six companies within the group: Lilia-White (Sales), Ltd. Smith & Nephew, Ltd., Smith & Nephew Pharmaceuticals, Ltd., Smith & Nephew Research, Ltd., Southalls (Birmingham), Ltd., and S. & R. J. Everet & Co., Ltd. Interested persons within a thirty-mile radius of nearby Birmingham were invited, and the response exceeded all expectations. The other venues during 1961 are Glasgow and Cardiff.

LEGAL REPORTS

Forged Prescription

WINIFRED Morgan pleaded guilty at Oldham magistrates' court on May 11 to two charges, each of false pretences and using forged prescriptions, and was remanded for a probation officer's report. The prosecution said that Morgan forged two prescriptions and used them to obtain certain tablets, Police said in evidence that, when questioned, she said she took the prescription forms from a pad in the doctor's room during his temporary absence.

Fraudulent Conversion

AT Berkshire Assizes at Reading, recently, Robert Fowler, an accountant, formerly of Bracknell, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment on six counts of fraudulent conversion and forgery, involving nearly £700. It was stated that Fowler misappropriated money belonging to the South Ascot Pharmay, Ltd., first while auditing the accounts and later as liquidator, by filling in blank cheques signed by Mrs. Miles, who ran the pharmacy, and paying them into his own account instead of that of the company.

Tablets by False Pretences

Following what was described by the prosecution as "a systematic attempt to obtain from local doctors National Health prescriptions for the supply of tablets," Sidney Edward Locking, of no fixed address, was at a special court at Grantham, Lincs, recently committed to prison after he had pleaded guilty to four charges of obtaining 180 tranquilliser tablets by false pretences with intent to defraud, and had asked that nine other offences involving a total of 444 similar tablets should be taken into consideration. He was sentenced to three months' imprisonment on each of the four charges, the sentences to run consecutively.

IN PARLIAMENT

By a Member of the Press Gallery, House of Commons

HEN MR. K. ROBINSON asked the inister of Health (Mr. E. Powell), on ay 15, how many communications had had from Executive Councils Great Britain protesting against the w prescription charges, THE MINIS-R replied that he could not say withit notice. He was to see a deputation om the Executive Councils' Associaon later in the week and he would rect his mind to anything it had to y to him. MR. E. J. MILNE then asked he was aware that an increasing imber of people were unable to ford prescribed items from chemists imediately and what information he id received from chemists as to the tent of this delay between presentaon of prescriptions and collection of edicines. The MINISTER: "I have no idence or information of this kind." R. MILNE said the delay was causing great deal of trouble to chemists and omised to send the necessary in-rmation on to the Minister. The linister promised to look into "any ncrete cases."

ontinental Drugs

MR. J. HALL asked what the saving ould be if, based on the total usage f the last year, supplies of chlorothiade, tetracycline and chloramphenicol £5, £37 5s, and £27 per 1,000 tablets spectively were bought from contiental instead of British manufacturers. MR. POWELL: "About £350,000 on the estimated usage in the hospital serce."

MR. HALL: "Do you not think it ould act as an incentive to British anufacturers to reduce their prices we purchased more from the Contient?"

Mr. Powell replied that purchase those drugs from abroad involved veral issues, including that of royalty

ayments.
MR. K. ROBINSON: "When may suplies officers expect clear instructions
om your Department about the purlase of drugs from the Continent?"
MR. POWELL: "I am considering
hat guidance I can give to authoriles on this."

irst Quarter's Prescriptions

THE MINISTER gave the following atistics on May 15 on prescriptions spensed during the first quarter of the year, in reply to a question from tr. K. Robinson:

gland and Wales	Items	Average cost
	Million	s. d.
uary 1961	23.6	7 4.39
bruary 1961	22.2	Not yet
	(provisional)	available
arch 1961	17.5	Not yet
	(provisional)	available

d Liver Oil Research

SIR B. JANNER asked the Minister of ealth on May 15 for information out the tests with cod liver oil being officially made for the relief of ronary heart disease." THE MINISTER plied that there were no tests being ade under the National Health Serce.

SIR B. JANNER: "Why not?...cod ver oil is our richest indigenous source

of unsaturated oils. . . . The American Heart Council has stated quite categorically that it is effective in this type of disease. In the circumstances, should not tests be undertaken?"

MR. POWELL: "It is not for me or

MR. POWELL: "It is not for me or for my Department to indicate what medical investigations should take place."

New Hospitals

The MINISTER OF HEALTH (Mr. E. Powell) in reply to a question by Dr. D. Johnson, on May 10, said that ten new hospitals with a total of 4,000 beds would be completed in the next five years. Another five with about 1,600 beds were expected to be in use but not fully completed.

Oral Polio Vaccine

MR. M. EDELMAN (Labour, Coventry, N.) asked the Minister of Health on May 15 what information he had received from the United States and the U.S.S.R. concerning the value of oral vaccine against policy.

vaccine against polio.

MR. POWELL: "I understand that oral vaccine has been used only experimentally in the United States but has been widely used in the U.S.S.R. All information available about experience in these countries was taken into consideration by the Joint Committee on Poliomyelitis vaccine in its recent advice to me."

recent advice to me."

Mr. Edelman: "Is it not a fact that the Sabin vaccine used in the U.S. has been administered in hundreds of thousands of cases and has given complete immunity? Will you now make a special study of this vaccine for which it is claimed at any rate that a single oral dose will give complete immunity from the disease."

from the disease."

MR. POWELL: "The Joint Committee has this in mind, of course, and is studying it. It will no doubt advise me

further but its present advice to me, by which I must be guided, is that the vaccination programme should continue to be based on the killed vaccine and that oral vaccine is not a substitute for the existing methods."

Publishing Offenders' Names

THE MINISTER told Mr. M. Lipton on May 15 that he would not publish the names of doctors and dentists fined by local executive councils.

Mr. W. Hamilton asked whether

MR. W. HAMILTON asked whether the Minister would consider publishing the names of those who offended for a second time.

MR. POWELL replied that where continued employment was undesirable under the N.H.S. the name was published and the practitioner taken off the list. "Where it appears, prima facie, that there are matters which ought to be brought to the medical or dental councils, they are brought to the notice of these bodies."

Television Advertising Tax

There was considerable criticism of the tax on television advertising when the committee stage of the Finance Bill was started on May 15. THE CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER (Mr. Selwyn Lloyd) promised he would reconsider the tax when the report of the Pilkington Committee on the future of broadcasting was received by the Government. An amendment to the Bill limiting the duration of the new tax to one year was negatived.

Isotopes

MR. D. FREETH (Parliamentary Secretary for Science) said in a written reply to MR. R. RIDLEY on May 16, that the Atomic Energy Authority had a five-year plan for extending the processing facilities for radioactive isotopes at the radiochemical centre at Amersham. They intended to continue and extend their vigorous sales and consumer service activities.

COMPANY NEWS

Last year's figures in parentheses

KAY BROTHERS, LTD. — Dr. D. F. Rushman has been elected to the board.

REXALL DRUG CO.—Mr. Maurice Richardson (formerly export director) has been appointed managing director.

HICKSON & WELCH (HOLD-INGS), LTD.—An interim dividend of 8 per cent. has been declared for the year ending September 30.

HORLICKS, LTD.—The company are making a £6-million take-over bid for Burt, Boulton & Haywood, Ltd., tar distillers, etc. The offer, partly in cash but mainly in shares, is opposed by the Burt, Boulton Haywood directors.

PLANT PROTECTION, LTD.—Mr. W. Johnstone has been appointed commercial director with effect from June 1. He is succeeded as agricultural sales manager for the whole of the parent company's northern region by Mr. J. A. Collier.

THE Merck Sharp & Dohme international division of Merck & Co., Inc., New Jersey, U.S.A., have acquired the assets of Cipelli Industria Farmaceu-

tica, a pharmaceutical manufacturing company in Pavia, Italy.

HILGER & WATTS, LTD. and WRAY (OPTICAL WORKS), LTD.—Hilger & Watts, Ltd., have acquired Wray (Optical Works), Ltd. Mr. A. W. Smith (a former president of Scientific Instrument Manufacturers' Association) is continuing as managing director of Wray (Optical Works), Ltd.

TIMOTHY WHITES & TAYLORS, LTD. — The annual statement by the chairman (Mr. G. I. Rushton, M.P.S.) accompanying the accounts for 1960 mentions that during the year under review the branches at Liverpool, Middlesbrough and Notting Hill Gate, London, were opened and are trading satisfactorily. In continuance of the policy of closing branches which have become uneconomic a further forty-seven branches have been closed. A large store is in course of construction in the centre of Blackpool, and it is anticipated that it will be completed and opened in 1962. The capital expenditure involved in those alterations and extensions that have been completed

appears to have been "well justified." So far as the current year is concerned the turnover has again been increasing steadily except in dispensing, which has shown a fall in the number of prescriptions as a result of the increase in the prescription levy. Mr. Rushton points out that it is impossible as yet to estimate at all accurately what the ultimate effect of the increased prescription levy will be on the company's profits, but it is clear that the anticipated drop in the number of prescriptions will have some adverse effect. The directors and executives are making every effort to replace any drop in National Health Service turnover by increasing the sales of general merchandise. [For accounts see C. & D., April 22, p. 397.]

CIBA, LTD., Basle, Switzerland.— Consolidated sales in 1960 by all CIBA companies were 10 per cent, up on 1959 at Sw. Frs. 1,130 millions. The Swiss parent company's own turnover rose by 17 per cent. to Sw. Frs. 446 millions. Trading results for the period under review show that sales increased in all the company's main fields of activity, particularly in pharmaceuticals. states the chairman (Dr. R. Käppeli) in his annual report. The European markets once again showed a slight gain, The United Kingdom group of companies in particular showed excellent sales records with products of their own manufacture and with those supplied by the parent company in Baslc. Business in the Commonwealth markets also showed an appreciable increase, notably in India, where sales of pharmaceutical preparations in particular showed a distinct upward trend. Net profits for the year rose by Sw. Frs. 1,566,479 (£130,540) to a new level of Sw. Frs. 28,827,689.82 (£2,402,308). It was decided to allocate £691,666 to welfare and research and to distribute £1.5 million as dividends, leaving a balance of £201,260 to be carried forward. Over the next five years the capital investment programme in the United Kingdom will cost an estimated £8.5 millions. The greater part of that sum will be devoted to the modernisation of the factories of the Clayton Aniline Co.

BUSINESS CHANGES

MR. J. SPENSLEY, M.P.S., has opened a branch at 9 High Street, Rainham, Gillingham, Kent.

BROBAT, LTD., is the new trading title adopted by Brobat Manufacturing Co., Ltd., 52 Wandle Bank, London, SW 19

SELBY'S BOLTRO PHARMACY, has reopened at 6 Boltro Road, Haywards Heath, Sussex, after extensive alterations and refitting.

Appointments

COUNTY LABORATORIES, LTD., Beecham House, Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, have appointed Mr. N. J. Van Abbé, F.P.S., their basic research manager.

CIBA Laboratories, Ltd., Horsham, Sussex, have appointed Mr. R. A. Ramsay, F.P.S., assistant works manager. Mr. Ramsay has been chief pharmacist in the company's pharmaceutical development department during the

past four years and he continues to undertake responsibility for that department.

PERSONALITIES

MR. EDWARD W. LANE, M.P.S.I., who recently retired from Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson, Ltd., chemists, Dublin, had been with the company for forty-three years. Mr. and Mrs. Lane intend to settle down in their native Killarney.

MR. H. W. VALLENDER, who joined the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers in 1943 and since 1950 has been in charge of its commercial department, has been appointed deputy director of the Association. Mr. Vallender graduated with honours in chemistry at Reading University in 1939

MR. TERENCE F. CAMMACK, who has been appointed a director of

J. H. Haywood, Ltd., Warser Gate, Nottingham, has been general manager of the company since 1959. In that capacity he concentrated on promoting the electro medical side of the business. Before joining the company seven years ago Mr. Cammack



served with the Merchant Marine and in the civil aviation field.

MR. JOHN PARRY, M.P.S., who is acting general manager of Bookers Stores, Ltd.'s drug department in Georgetown, British Guiana, has been appointed sales director of Bookers Manufacturing Drug Co., Ltd. The company markets galenicals and packed pharmaceuticals in the West Indies, and has recently commenced manufacture of "ethical" preparations.

MR. FREDERICK S. HICKMAN, M.P.S., and Mrs. Hickman, the Spinney, Andover Road, Newbury, Berks, recently celebrated their diamond wedding anniversary. Mr. Hickman is proprietor of Hickman & Son Chemists, Ltd., 21 Market Place, Newbury. Since his retirement from business eighteen years ago, the shop has been run by his son (Mr. A. M. Hickman).

MR. WILLIAM ISAAC JOLLY, M.P.S., Moorcroft, Thorpe Lane, Guiseley, Yorks, has retired after fifty-five years as a chemist in Toller Lane, Bradford. He began his career in pharmacy as apprentice to a chemist in Lumb Lane, Bradford, where he "lived in" and worked 12 hours a day for nothing. He was paid 2s. 6d. a week during his second year and finished his four-year apprenticeship earning 10s. a week. Before qualifying as a chemist after studies at Leeds College of Pharmacy in 1905, Mr. Jolly worked in Harrogate, Bradford and Nottingham, and for a time after qualification he was at Egremont. Mr. Jolly was treasurer of the Bradford Chemists' Association for ten years. He is also a member of the Wharfedale Beekeepers' Association and has served on its committee.

BIRTHS

McILROY. — At Belfast, Northe Ireland, on May 2, to Ruby, wife Gordon McIlroy, M.P.S.N.I., 109 Du lambert Drive, Belfast, a son (Pagartin Gordon).

DEATHS

ABRAHAM.—Recently, Mr. Edwa Varah Abraham, M.P.S., 84 Frodir ham, Scunthorpe. Lincs, aged sixty-tw Mr. Abraham, who opened sever pharmacies in other parts of Lincol shire, was for twenty-four years member of the Scunthorpe borou, council and in the post-war years t leader of the Tory minority group, r tiring from municipal affairs in 19 for health reasons. He continued, however, as chairman of the local bram of the Pharmaceutical Society and a member of the County Executin Council up to his death.

CORNTHWAITE.—On May 2, M Herbert Shuttleworth Cornthwait M.P.S., 7 Allandale Road, Leven hulme, Manchester. Mr. Cornthwai qualified in 1920.

DONALDSON.—On May 8, M Alfred Roland Donaldson, M.P.S Hambledon Road, Denmead, Port mouth. Mr. Donaldson, who qualifie in 1914, was formerly in business at 12 Queen Street, which he took over fron his father in 1933.

GOSMAN.—On May 3, Mr. Alber Henry Gosman, M.P.S., 14 Canonbur Square, London, N.I, aged sixty-one Mr. Gosman was proprietor of Lloyd Chemists (London), Ltd., 260 Uppe Street, London, N.1, from 1938 to 1960

LEITH. — On May 3, Mr. Alfre Benjamin Leith, M.P.S., Tyn y Gong Cyttis Road, Holyhead, Anglesey, age seventy-eight. Mr. Leith was for manyears in business in Ilford and Fores Gate.

MORGAN.—On May 8, Mr. Cad waladr Palmer Morgan, M.P.S., Marke Square, Narberth, Pembrokes, ages sixty-three.

PANCHAUD. — On April 25, MI Frederick Panchaud, M.P.S., 51 Al thorpe Street, Bedford, aged eighty seven. For many years Mr. Panchaud was pharmacist at Bedford Genera Hospital (South Wing).

QUINN. — Recently, Mr. Hugh Quinn, 70 Waterpark Road, Prenton Birkenhead, aged forty. Mr. Quinn was a medical representative for Crooked Laboratories, Ltd., joining the company after leaving St. Edwards College Liverpool, From 1951 until eighteer months ago he held overseas posts in Singapore and New Zealand.

ROSSER.—On April 25, Miss Mizpat Elizabeth Rosser, M.P.S., 22 Chathan Street, Machen, Mon. Miss Rosser qualified in 1956.

RUSSELL.—Recently, Mr. James Russell, M.P.S., The Hayes, Cheddar Somerset, aged eighty-two. Mr. Russel was in business at Highbridge, Somerset, for many years. He retired to Cheddar in 1946.

THURSTON.—On April 28, Mr Harold Charles Thurston, M.P.S., 13 Farndale Avenue, Osbaldwick, Yorks Mr. Thurston qualified in 1938.



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"Crisis" in Two Countries' Pharmacy

ONCE again the Franco-British Pharmaceutical Congress (p. 511) has demonstrated how similar are the basic problems of pharmacists on both sides of the Channel, whatever the differences in organisation and practice. As M. Hourticg (not himself a pharmacist but, as law counsellor to the Ordre National des Pharmaciens, able to assess the situation at once with detachment and from full information) declared: "Pharmacy in all the world is in a state of crisis, and everybody in a responsible position in the profession must turn his mind to solving its problems." The crisis, of course, results from the revolution by which the preparation of medicaments for doctors' patients has to so great an extent passed out of the hands of the pharmacist and into those of the manufacturer. That does not eliminate the public need for a person trained in the properties and presentation of drugs to be available to take charge at the point at which the medicine, extemporaneous or otherwise, passes into the possession of the patient. The law requires what, even without the law, is so rational a requirement that, as M. Hourticq put it, the pharmacist is "part of the constitution of the country." What the manufacturing revolution does is to compel a reassessment of (a) the pharmacist's status in the community and (b) his remuneration. If those factors do not match up to the responsibilities imposed upon the pharmacist by law and by public expectation, then nobody will be found to shoulder those burdens. In both countries the situation already exists that pharmacists are advising their offspring not to take up pharmacy as a career, and though to some extent the same thing may be happening in other professions, it is a wrong and unhealthy state of affairs. How to reverse the trend so as to bring back to pharmacists the confidence, purpose and satisfaction they ought to have for their own and the community's sakes, is a question to which the answer has yet to be found. It does not lie entirely in pharmacists' own hands, since the climate of opinion, the pressures of financial interests, and the imposition of governmental controls are influencing factors. But the situation is still one in which pharmacists can, by concerted action, do something for themselves. One of the functions of the Franco-British congresses is to enable problems to be clearly seen, and to give to those taking part a feeling that they are not alone in their difficulties. To other organisations, within the national orbit of each country, belongs the function of hammering out policies designed to resolve the problems. In Britain the appropriate organisations are the Pharmaceutical Society and the National Pharmaceutical Union, the first—in professional matters—through its annual and Branch Representatives' meetings (they have, of course, been taking place this week), which focus attention on courses advocated during local discussions at branch level and eventuate, one hopes, in action by the Council of the Society; and the second, in the more immediate and concrete bargaining about remuneration and terms of service by the Central N.H.S. (Chemist Contractors) Committee, acting on authorities derived from branch and area meetings. At the moment the negotiations on terms are more prominently at the centre of the picture. They are bound to be difficult, because trade and professional matters are so closely intertwined that it is no easy matter for pharmacists to keep the issues separate in their own minds, and infinitely more difficult to get others to understand them. However great the difficulties, "everybody in a responsible position," to repeat and re-emphasise M. Hourticq's words, "must turn his mind to solving the problems.

Onward from Galen

A CURRENT CAUSERIE

NEVER again will I sit quietly by if I hear the French described—or describe themselves—as bad sailors. Praise has been lavished on Columbus for his immense faith in setting out on a voyage of unknown length to a destination he was not sure was there; on the Ancient Britons for their intrepidity in braving Atlantic breakers upon mere coracles; and on the Vikings for their prowess in crossing the North Sea in open boats, landing against opposition, and emerging triumphant. The same magnificent trust, fortitude (sang froid, if I may use a now naturalised English equivalent) and eventual triumph may surely be claimed for the seventy-three French who arrived at St. Helier for the Franco-British Pharmaceutical Congress by vedette. My phrase-book translates vedette as motor boat, but the particular craft of the crossing was an open-fronted boat ominously provided with an emergency hood which, when closed, converted it into a virtual submarine (though it does not, I am told, actually submerge). The mere sight of that mechanism would have scared me, but actually to have embarked on it on a crossing that was to take several hours betokens courage of a magnificent Ordre, commanding my unbounded admiration. It is true that the excursionists may have been misled as to the duration of the crossing. I have my own theory as to how the organisers of the expedition, members of a race usually so realist in their approach, came to be charmed into a romantic optimism. Somebody among them had procured beforehand a copy of the Jersey Evening Post and had fallen for some of the patélinage (French for blarney) of its patois contributor Ph'lip. You may ask my justification for saying so. For answer, may I ask you take a look at some of the samples I picked up from my own copy of the Post. The writer, yun d'nos miyeu juges [one of our best judges], was writing of his wife Merrienne, who had said to herself j'ithai dans yunne de chais machines tchi font l'trajet, à chein qu'nou dit, dans djais minutes [I shall go in one of those machines which make the crossing, we are told, in a few minutes]. That accounts for the optimism. The fortitude is demonstrated by the fact that, unlike Merrienne, who finally decided against outing — J'avais prèsque yeu l'idée d'y aller par le bâté, mais quand j'vis l'temps, et que j'tais seux que je s'sais malade comme un tchan d'vant v'nîn à la Corbièthe, j'décidis d'rester siez-mé. [I had almost had the idea of going there by boat, but when I saw the weather, and was sure I would be as sick as a tchan (whatever that is) before getting as far as la Corbièthe, I decided to stay at home.] the valiant French went ahead.

As for the triumph, their presence at the Congress is proof of that.

"OPEN SHOP"

AN UNSCRIPTED COMMENTARY ON THE SPECIAL PROBLEMS OF THE PHARMACIST IN RETAIL PRACTICE

E. C. TENNER

HEN the dockers or the doctors are as dissatisfied with the remuneration for their employment as now are the chemist-contractors to the National Health Service, the matter becomes news and a national topic of discussion. Newspaper and magazine articles and letters and stories appear, as do television and "steam" radio interviews, some pro and some contra. The nation is soon well informed about the issues at stake, and the background is well prepared for negotiations and if necessary for a fight for the improvement of the remuneration. That state of affairs does not just happen by itself. It is the direct result of inspired and expert public relations. I say "inspired" and "expert" because the work of getting the required publicity is itself a specialist's work, while the compilation of the facts and material to which the publicity must be given is work for a different sort of specialist altogether. Both sorts of specialist must work closely together to get the desired result, namely a national sympathy for the case for improvement.

Ice-cold Comment on Hot Topic

The four ice-cold paragraphs in the April issue of the National Pharmaceutical Union Pink Supplement under the heading "N.H.S. Remuneration" are all that is offered to the membership or the public on the hottest issue that has confronted pharmacy since 1948. Those hopeless paragraphs carry in them the seeds of failure. I quote the bones of this skeleton:—

A. "... at no time since the inception of the N.H.S. scheme in 1948 have the negotiations proved so difficult or the problems of getting agreement between the Ministry and the contractors' representatives proved so intractable....

B. "... the contractors' representatives firmly believe that until factual evidence is available of the precise effects of the increased levy, it will not be possible to convince the Ministry that improved N.H.S. remuneration is essential....

C. "... Whilst recognising the undoubted anxiety that exists among many contractors to know what the future holds so far as improved N.H.S. remuneration is concerned and to be kept fully informed on what is being done to secure equitable treatment, the Central N.H.S. Committee asks for the forbearance of all contractors until such time as a fuller statement can be made without prejudicing the course of the negotiations."

Whatever the Central N.H.S. Committee claims to recognise, it overlooks the truth that this is not the first time in history that employers have not been convinced without a struggle of the need to improve workers' remuneration. They have also overlooked the truth that, as employers, a Ministry is in a much weaker position than a private enterprise employer, in that the Ministry must bow to the climate of public opinion. If they had not overlooked those truths they would not now be asking for the forbearance of contractors and the concealment of information about the negotiations.

There is no doubt that our negotiators are earnest and dedicated men who know the arguments for our case better than any others, but they seem to lack the leadership that sees the so-called "intractable" position as one that can be resolved by what will be, for pharmacy, unorthodox methods. The true image of the "family chemist" and his problems has got to be painted and shown to the public. Once the public is persuaded that the chemist is being unfairly treated, the Ministry will have to concede to us terms of remuneration that are fair and that will satisfy us.



Britain is a democratic country and even the Treasury mu eventually reflect public opinion.

Work for a Specialist

We cannot afford to try to exist any longer, publicl misunderstood as collectors of "hidden profits." The Cor tractors' Committee, the N.P.U. Executive and the Pharmaceutical Society's Council should embark at once on planned campaign to introduce the pharmacist to th public. Top copywriters, advertising experts and public-rela tions contacts should be employed. Much money must b spent and we cannot afford not to spend it. Neither can w afford to leave the carrying out of this vital policy to ir telligent amateurs-however intelligent or however dedicate ted to the cause. If our leaders do not realise that we ar fighting for the professional existence of every sort of phar maceutical practice, we ordinary members do. Those wh are opposing our demands have an Achilles' heel-publi opinion—and it is only through that heel that we can achieve a successful breakthrough in the present impasse The rank and file of the profession is already convince of this, and of the misconceptions of the "Old Guard o the Squarcs," who retreat from one crisis to another in their out-dated stripey-trousered Victorian secret diplomacy Much might be done in present circumstances by the ranl and file of us, each in his own locality, to bring the tru image of the pharmacist into the public mind, but it car only be done when each of us is given true facts and figure to use. In the long run it can only be to our own advantage to illuminate the truth. Give pharmacists the true facts to argue upon and they will be unchallengeable, for pharmacists are well educated members of the public and respon sible citizens. I regret that, at pharmaceutical delegates meetings, the trend is too often that the platform does no give vital information to the floor until much time has been wasted arguing by the floor upon false or insufficient premises. Then comes the platform—oozing superiority and reluctantly giving the vital information only at the last moment. The platform hierarchy thus, in great error, comes to underestimate the value of the rank and file in such a campaign as is now upon us. Now that they have admitted that they cannot make any progress, the lesson must be driven home to the platform hierarchy that the only progress possible is by means they have not yet seen fit to use: modern public relations and the informed efforts of every rank and file member of the Society.

Depressing Reading

Considering the dangerous economic state in which pharmacy finds itself in 1961 it is most depressing to read the policy statements of most of the candidates for the Pharmaceutical Council election. Too many of those addresses hark safely back to bygone days and good deeds done in days of yore. Some are simply self-laudatory. One sees little, if any, new vision or leadership among them. New platitudes may be coined and promises hinted at but, because of censorship, the means do not exist to check up on Council members' personal voting records and struggles and opinions expressed in Committees. No doubt a "safe" Council will be elected, the Executive will continue to steer the ship. The reply-paid envelopes may attract a higher poll. What is needed is an electorate better acquainted with what its elected representatives are doing.

STUDYING WEEDKILLER "FORM"

Recent advances in the herbicidal field

HE concept of selective toxicity was, at the beginning of the present century, no more than an abstract and L controversial idea. The fact that most of the pestilences which abounded—cholera, typhus, malaria, tuberculosis, syphilis, etc.—were caused by micro-organisms had but recently been accepted by the scientific world, thanks largely to the work of Pasteur. But few other than Erlich put their faith in the possibility of discovering chemicals that could kill the parasite without harm to the host. Where it had been even remotely rational, treatment of diseases had hitherto been symptomatic, and an entirely new approach to the problem was not easy to accept. Selective toxicity is now the basis of much of medicine, chemotherapy being the branch concerned with the removal of parasites from man and his domestic animals, and pharmacology the branch concerned with the modes of action of drugs on cells or organs within the body.

Antecedents

In agriculture, selective toxicity is the means whereby two species may be separated from each other, the uneconomic species being killed or suppressed while the one regarded as the economic species remains unharmed. It might be expected that the greater the difference between the two species, the easier it would be to penetrate the armour of the one without harming the other, and such is generally the case. Fungi, being lowly plants, are less readily controlled in plant crops than are insects; and the more effective insecticides are frequently toxic to man and other animals. The outstanding exception to the rule is the group of chemicals, based on the relatively simple compound phenoxyacetic acid, which are able in minute quantities to destroy many broad-leaved plants without adversely affecting graminaceous plants.

The accidental discovery by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., of the herbicidal effect of compounds that were being investigated for their root stimulating properties has become a classic episode analogous to that of the discovery of penicillin, but the parallel does not end there. Both MCPA and penicillin were first produced during the 1939-45 war, and both revolutionised the sphere in which they were applied; each became the stimulus for vast research programmes and formed the basis of important new industries. And, despite the consequent multiplicity of new but related compounds, both MCPA and penicillin have maintained important places during the fifteen years and more in which they have been used with such dramatic effects and with such devastating results on uneconomic species, whether bacteria or weeds.

The original rooting compound that was found in 1941 to possess selective herbicidal properties was anaphthyl acetic acid (ANAA), though that substance would have proved too costly for its purpose. That fact demonstrates an important difference between the two discoveries, for no economic price can be ascribed to the value of a life-saving drug for human use, whereas pesticides for agriculture must cost less than the value of the crop or stock saved. A further two years' work went into the development of MCPA and two or three years more were spent in evaluating its properties and formulating products suitable for commercial use.

One-way Bet

During the following decade the problem of weed control in corn was resolved by the simple formula: if the weeds are susceptible to MCPA, spray; otherwise don't. For only occasionally would resistant weeds present such a menace to the crop that the high-volume application of DNOC would be contemplated by the grower. Many chemicals related to MCPA must have been prepared in the

search for new weed-killers, but only 2.4-D emerged as a rival, and in this country its usage has been limited. Some of the homologues now in use must have been examined and rejected, largely because the yardstick by which they were assessed was faulty. The original discovery of the herbicidal activity of ANAA followed the spraying of soil containing the seeds of oats and charlock; the oats came up and the charlock did not. MCPA too proved, as is now well known, effective against charlock at dosages even below 1 lb. per acre. So charlock became the test organism for evaluating the thousands of chemical compounds that were being screened for herbicidal activity; those which gave poor results, or those which were more expensive to manufacture, were rejected.

Increasing Selectivity

The first significant advance was the result of another accidental discovery. To investigate the mode of action of phenoxyacetic acid compounds, Professor R. L. Wain in 1954 prepared its butyric homologue and, as he expected, found that it was broken down within the plant to MCPA by a β -oxidation process. But the enzyme system which caused the reaction proved weak in certain plants, notably clover and peas, and they were not affected by treatment with MCPB, itself inactive as a herbicide. Certain cruciferous weeds such as charlock and wild radish were also somewhat resistant to MCPB, but since those weeds are the very ones that are exceptionally susceptible to MCPA, a mixture of MCPB with a small proportion of MCPA has come to be accepted as the weed-killer of choice for cereals undersown with clover and for young levs. For peas, MCPB is used alone, though it is not recommended for certain varieties, particularly those—such as Gregory's Surprise and Kelvedon Wonder-which have short seasons of growth.

Broadening the Spectrum

As the combine harvester steadily replaced the binder, cleavers, which are resistant to MCPA, became an increasing problem and, with the lesson of MCPB before them, the research teams added that weed to the ones they used in the continual screening of new chemicals. Mecoprop (CMPP) is the propionic homologue of MCPA and lies, chemically, between MCPA and MCPB; it should have been an obvious choice for close examination at an early date, but was first introduced in 1956, As it is a mixture of d and l optically active isomers, of which only one possesses herbicidal activity, its cost is considerably more than that of MCPA. But it is effective against cleavers and chickweed, as well as those weeds which are susceptible to MCPA. To control more-or-less the same range of weeds, there was introduced, simultaneously with CMPP, a mixture of MCPA with 2.3.6-trichlorobenzoic acid (TBA). The mixture is less effective than CMPP against chickweed but gives useful control of mayweeds and redshank, which are relatively resistant to both CMPP and MCPA. The MCPA/ TBA mixture bears the distinction of showing activity when used at relatively low temperatures (down to 35° F.), and that gives it an advantage for the treatment of winter-sown

MCPA, CMPP and MCPP are a homologous series having in common a 2-methyl 4-chloro phenoxy group and differing only in the length of the aliphatic chain; 2.4-D is MCPA with the methyl group replaced by a second chlorine atom, which increases herbicidal activity, even though at the cost of diminished selectivity. What happens if CMPP and MCPB are altered in the same way? The dichloro derivative of MCPB was introduced in 1960 as 2.4-DB (Embutox), recommended principally against a wide range of weeds (including redshank) in lucerne and red

THE CASE FOR THE "EXOTIC" WEEDKILLERS IN CORN CROPS

Weeds relatively resistant to MCPA (and MCPB)	2.4-D ESTER	2.4–DB (+MCPA)	CMPP	MCPA/TCB	DINOSEB	DNOC
	9/-	Aver 26/3	age co 24/6	st per 27/6	acre 48/6	39/6
Anthemis cotula (stinking may-						
weed)			-	+	+	+
Bellis perennis (daisy)	++	_	++	++	_	_
Chrysanthemum scgetum (corn	1 1					
marigold)*	-	-	_		+	++
Echium vulgare (vipers bugloss)	_	_	_	+	-	_
Galeopsis tetrahit (hemp nettle)	_	_	_	++	_	_
Gallium aparine (cleavers)	_	_	++	++	+	++
Lithosperum arvense (corn						
gromwell)	_	-	_	-	++	++
Matricaria maritima (scentless						
mayweed)	-	-	-	+		++
Polygonum aviculare (knotgrass)	+		_	+	+	+
" convolvulus (black						
bindweed)	+	+	-	_	_	+
" persicaria (red-						
shank)	+	+	_	+	-	+
Spergula arvensis (spurry)		_		+	+	+
Stellaria media (chickweed)	-	-	++	+	+	+-
Veronica spp. (speedwells)		_	+	_	+	++

A mixture of MCPA 5 oz. with Dinoseb 12 oz. gives good control response poor or not known. moderate control. of seedlings.

Key to chemical formulae:

3.5-dinitro-o-cresol DNOC

2,4-dinitro-6-sec-butyl-phenol dinoseb П 2,3,6-trichlorobenzoic acid

TBA MCPA CMPP 4-chloro-2-methyl-phenoxyacctic acid íV V

mecoprop, α-(4-chloro-2-methyl-phenoxy) propionic acid

++ =

good control.

MCPB γ-(4-chloro-2-methyl-phenoxy) butyric acid propham, isopropyl-N-phenyl-carbamate sodium, disodium 3,6-endoxo-hexahydrophthalate VII IPC

endothal VIII 1,1'-ethylene-2,2'-dipyridylium dibromide.

diquat,

clover. Owing to the high cost of the compound, a mixture of 2.4-DB with 2.4-D has now been introduced (Embutox Plus) for use both in corn and undersown crops for the control of redshank and other polygonous weeds. It is thought likely that the dichloro analogue of CMPP is, too, going to be introduced this season and recommended for the control of redshank and knotgrass-but for straight corn crops only (for the propionates are toxic to clovers). Another début this year is of Silvex, the 2.4.5 trichloro analogue of CMPP, mixed with CMPP, as Mecopon; the information so far available does not indicate what advantage is given by the addition of Silvex, but since the latter was developed in the United States for the control of woody plants, the mixture might be expected to deliver an added punch.

Advances on Other Fronts

The phenoxy aliphatic herbicides, the so-called hormone weed-killers, for corn and grass are not the only rich developments in the herbicidal branch of selective toxicity. Maize, which is being grown in this country on an increasing scale for silage, is found to be one of the few plants resistant to simazin, hitherto used as a total weed-killer. As simazin is almost insoluble (only 3½ p.p.m. in water) and very stable, it is a long-acting herbicide effective against annual weeds and is thus used as a residual selective weedkiller for maize crops. Some root crops show comparative resistance to endothal which, in combination with propham, is being used this scason in large-scale trials as a pre-emergent residual weed-killer (Murbetex), for sugar beet. As the mixture is expensive, overall spraying is not an economic procedure, hence a special machine has been developed to apply a 7-in. band of spray over each row at the time of drilling.

An unusual chemical, diquat (Reglone) was publicised with a bang during 1960 but disappeared with a whimper as supplies failed to materialise, and it is encouraging for many lesser mortals to find that even the best laid plans of I.C.I. may go astray. Diquat, a quaternary dipyridyl con pound, is known to interfere with the respiration ar photosynthesis of plants, though that action seems insuff cient to explain its rapid kill. Although its action is, to certain extent, selective - for example oats can tolera amounts that cause destruction of potato haulm-its seletivity is not of a magnitude to justify its use as a herbicic in growing crops, Being rapidly and completely absorbe by soil it has considerable possibilities as a pre-emergen weed-killer, though initially its recommended uses are a a potato-haulm destroyer and as a defoliant prior to ha: vesting clover for seed.

Three more-or-less opposing trends may be discerned as new season's weed-killing activities are about to commence There is the move towards broader-spectrum weed-killer to control an ever wider range of weeds, as exemplifie by MCPA/TBA mixtures and CMPP. There is the develor ment of herbicides for the control of specific weeds, suc as delapon for perennial grasses, and 2.4-DB for redshank The notable gap in the farmer's herbicide weapons, so fa as root crops are concerned, is narrowing with recent ad vances that have been made. Each month literally thou sands of random chemicals are investigated by a handfu of manufacturing firms, and each is put through the weed killer sieves in the hope of a revolutionary discovery. I may seem a haphazard way of going about research, bu nothing like enough is known about the biochemistry o plants to enable a logically planned programme to b instituted. Until it is known exactly why some plants are more resistant than others to the various herbicidal chemi cals, chance alone will determine where we go from here.

100 YEARS AGO A CONVERSAZIONE AT NO. 17

From the C. & D., May 15, 1861

LAST evening (Tuesday) a very numerously-attended meeting was held at the house of the *Pharmaceutical Society* Bloomsbury-square. We must congratulate the Committe of Management upon their excellent arrangements, and the extensive and varied character of the scientific instru ments collected for inspection; every department of chemistry was adequately represented. Amongst various other articles of interest, we particularly noticed the Binocular Microscope, invented by Mr. Wenham, and exhibited by Messrs. Smith and Beck. There was a splendid collection of Photographs burst into along according to the plan are of Photographs burnt into glass according to the plan proposed by Monsieur Joubert, and exhibited by Messrs Powell, of Whitefriars' Glass-works. Not the least interesting of the philosophical instruments was Professor Way's new Electrical Light, in which the light is emitted from a small stream of mercury conveying the current from the battery. Professor Wheatstone's private telegraph was exhibited in action, and excited much attention. Messrs. Johnson & Sons contributed a very fine assortment of show crystals; also collections of chemical products, showing their various stages of manufacture. An aluminium helmet, of the most exquisite design showed strikingly the cambilities of that exquisite design, showed strikingly the capabilities of that metal. The remarkable lightness of the metal renders it peculiarly suitable for military accoutrements. Messrs. Morgan Brothers exhibited several novelties, some of which are noticed in another portion of our journal; and the Plumbago Crucible Company showed several superior furnaces, and samples of the various crucibles manufactured by them. Coffey's patents, for the rapid evaporation of fluids at a low temperature, were exhibited in action. Bunsen and Kirchhoff's experiments on Spectrum Analysis, which have been so fully described in these pages, were displayed. A series of Photographs contributed by Professor Warren De la Rue showed the remarkable phenomena connected with the recent total eclipse of the sun as witnessed in Spain.

SLIM CHANCE: "People will not become permanently slimmer by hormone therapy, by restricting their water or salt intake or by being pulled, pushed and patted with extraordinary, exotic and expensive devices"-Professor J. Yudkin (professor of nutrition and dietetics, University of London), speaking at the recent congress of the Royal Society of Health.

WHAT HAPPENED WHEN I GAVE UP N.H.S.

Better relations with customers, with my wife, with staff. More freedom and more leisure. More time for profitable sales.

By "STILL VERY RESIGNED"

N response to one who has recognised himself as a subsidiser of the National Health Service, and of others who are subsidisers but not yet aware of it I would like to give a few facts about my business since I withdrew from the list of chemist contractors.

I have a chemist's shop of reasonable size in a narrow back street in a country town of about 20,000 inhabitants. I am at the "wrong end" of the town, that is the furthest from the doctors, so that patients have to pass every other chemists' shop in the town before they come to mine. As N.H.S. patients, naturally they did not do it, and my N.H.S. dispensing was 500 items or less per month. I had been on "full pricing" for nearly four or five years before I decided to "pack it in." Every fifth week, when I was on rota duty, there were demands for new preparations that I had not previously been asked for, and patients who had walked a long way to my pharmacy from the doctor's surgery were naturally disgruntled. Consequently my relationship with my customers was rapidly deteriorating. At the same time my stock was growing. It had reached about £1,500 in value and I was not doing much more than that in N.H.S. dispensing a year. On that basis it was uneconomic.

Photographic Business

On the other hand my photographic business was expanding (it has grown to about £10,000 a year). I have usually £800 to £1,000 worth of goods out on hire purchase that I stand myself, and I find it helps to bring the customers into the shop. That more or less guarantees £20-£30 every Saturday afternoon, which is quite a help. I usually achieve a turnover somewhere in the region of £10,000 a year in proprietaries and £3,000 in optics. I have only one high-class toilet agency; most of the others are concentrated in a large company shop in the high street. I had another agency, but the manufacturer decided to put it with the others because I was not, apparently, doing what they thought I should do. However, as each maker manages to bring out new lipsticks and things every other week, it helps not to have to stock too many.

The most amazing element in the whole situation is that, once I gave up National Health Service dispensing, I immediately gained the enormous respect of the customers. Even now I get ten or twenty prescriptions brought in each week, and some people are prepared to wait and pay rather than go elsewhere. Previously they would not wait five minutes. I have the respect of my staff, and the relationship is much better for everybody. But the most astonishing thing was that, whilst I was dispensing N.H.S. prescriptions, I found my relationship with doctors deteriorating. When I ceased being a contractor the position improved remarkably. Patients now almost apologise when they bring in a script. The attitude of the staff has also changed for the better. The duty week was a bad week for everybody, and it resulted in a certain amount of ill feeling. So soon as my name came off rota everybody became happy. Much the same thing happened in my home life. My wife had never been able to understand why, if I shut the shop at seven, I didn't get home till eight. The trouble was that patients took a long time to find the shop and as I let one latecomer out I let another in.

Since I finished with the National Health Service I have enlarged my shop to nearly twice the size. I have

taken the dispensary—what there is left of it—to the back and have built two new large photographic rooms for demonstrations. At present I am having my whole shop redesigned and altered to make room for more customers. To demonstrate a projector or sell a projector and camera I am prepared to give up one or two evenings a week and about two or three times a year I hold "classes" at which people come in and process their own colour films.

The paradox of the situation is that for years no doctor ever telephoned me to ask, say, what particular hydrocortisone ointment to use, but every day now somebody is 'phoning me to ask for my technical knowledge on photography. "I have a certain film in my camera. I want to take such a subject. What exposure do I give?", or "I have underexposed this film. What developer shall I buy to make up for it?" I have three or four customers who are colour photographic experts. In their knowledge of photographic chemistry I have to keep pace with them, and I help them with their solutions. I thus do not feel that my pharmaceutical knowledge has been wasted.

Dispensing was a Disappointment

For two years before I gave up National Health Service dispensing I found that I could take more money in photography on a Saturday afternoon than I could in a whole month of dispensing. And when that state of affairs exists it's time to do something about it, so I did. Of course, I had always been interested in photography and I have studied the subject. Yet I do not want to give the impression that I neglected my dispensing for the photographic business. I tried hard to develop it, I built a large dispensary and engaged extra staff when the scheme started. But it did not seem to make any difference. Most of the dispensing seemed to be concentrated in the two large shops in the centre of the town; a pharmacy at the other end of the town did not join the service; another chemist gave it up after two years, and a third two or three years ago and finally I gave it up. This town is thus one in which National Health dispensing does not pay anybody.

This is not one long grumble about the National Health Service, but why should one give up all that time every fifth Sunday, every fifth half-day and every fifth week of one's life for something that actually does not pay—not only doesn't pay but actually loses one money. I merely shifted my talents to a place where they are appreciated and paid for, I was lucky in that I got two other chemists to take over most of my saleable dispensing products. The rest I have disposed of in the best way I could, am now using the space to better advantage showing products I can sell. If a camera goes out of date I can still get something for it. It does not rot on the shelf, Even out-of-date films may be used, but in dispensing, Schedule IV preparations not used up are absolutely left on one's hands, Good money is being lost and thrown away all the time.

I hope these few facts may be of help to some of my colleagues in pharmacy. One chemist who has read my remarks said, "What does a poor man do if he hasn't any interest in photography or hasn't any call for toilets?" I am afraid he must make his own decisions. Fortunately I have my photographic business, I kept by own "prescribing" business, and I have my toilet sales. The decision what other chemists must do is up to them. I have merely told how I tackled my problem—and given the results.

Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland

MONTHLY MEETING OF COUNCIL

THE Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland pointing out that the public demand for tranquillisers and "pep" pills is being created by is to write to the Newspaper Managers' Association pep" pills is being created by advertisements appearing in the newspapers in respect of those products, and emphasising that chemists do not recommend the indiscriminate sale of those tablets. That was decided at the monthly meeting of the Council in Dublin on May 9, when MR. D. J. KENNELLY said that since the matter had been discussed by the Council two months earlier an article had appeared in an Irish Sunday newspaper pointing out the dangers in the sale of such tablets and insinuating that the place from which the tablets were too freely available was the chemist's shop. Notwithstanding that attack, a 6-in. double-column advertisement appeared in the same edition recommending the sale of a well known proprietary tranquilliser. "This appears to be an inconsistent policy on the part of the said Mr. Kennelly, who added that that should be pointed out to the Newspaper Managers' Association. While chemists never advertised or recommended those tablets to the public, the papers decried the sale of them in one breath and made money out of the sale of them at the same time. Mr. Kennelly added that since the last occasion on which the matter had been discussed by the Council four or five chemists in Dun Laoghaire had refused to sell such products without a doctor's prescription, yet the customers were able to go to another pharmacy and secure them. It was hard on pharmacists who were trying to run their business in an ethical way to be told, perhaps by a long-established customer, whom they had refused, that the tablets could be got in other pharmacies without any trouble. The registrar was instructed to write to the Association as suggested.

MR. G. C. O'NEILL (vice-president), occupied the chair in the absence of the president (Mr. F. Loughman, T.D.). MR. T. R. MILLER inquired if the financial position of the Society had been brought sufficiently strongly to the attention of the Commission on Higher Education when they visited the College on April 8. He was informed that the secretary of the Commission had invited the registrar to submit "break-down" figures showing the cost of pharmacy education to the Society. The memorandum had been forwarded.

A letter was received from the Department of Agriculture regarding the labelling of animal remedies sold in broken bulk and pointing out that, even if the Minister thought it desirable to do so, he had no power under the Act to make a regulation along the lines suggested by the Council. Any change would require an amendment of the Act and the Minister did not feel justified in introducing such an amendment. Consideration of the matter was referred to the next meeting of the Council.

The Dublin Health Authority has approved in principle of the Council's request that overseas students should be permitted to undergo practical training in the Authority's pharmacy in St. Kevin's hospital.

Television Advertisements Code

A letter was also received from the Irish Television Authority enclosing a draft code of the standards for television advertising and drawing particular attention to section 3, which incorporates legislation concerning advertisements of medicines and treatments. Strict control, the letter said, would be exercised over the visual presentations of doctors, dentists, pharmaceutical chemists, nurses, midwives, etc., in advertisements of medicines, treatments and products claimed to promote health or to be beneficial to illness. Visual presentations which give the impression of professional advice or recommendation would not be allowed. The letter added that they would be glad to consider any views put forward by the Council on the matter, Mr. R. J. SEMPLE

suggested that they should advise the Authority not accept advertisements which stated that pharmaceutical p ducts could be obtained at grocery shops. It was decided write to the Authority pointing out that the Council worsubmit their views to the Authority as the occasion arose

MR. KENNELLY reported that the dean of the College (IR. F. Timoney) was worried about the present staff situation the College. He had pointed out that apparently person with suitable qualifications were not available in Eire at that he would have to make inquiries in Great Britain. That been told, however, that the position was equally discult in England. Dr. Timoney had said he hoped to do cuss the problem of securing suitable staff with Professor Bullock during a visit to Manchester University, and we the dean of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the Contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the Contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the Contraction of the University of London School of Pharmacon the Contraction of the Con

THE REGISTRAR reported that a meeting of the Committ of the College of Pharmacy Fund had been held on Ap 28. To date the Fund totalled £3,478. The Committee h formed a subcommittee which had drawn up a list of firm which it was agreed should be recircularised. The Comm tee also agreed to take steps to secure the services of sor person to undertake secretarial duty. The registrar add that he had attended a meeting of the Wholesale Drug Fe eration of Ireland and had presented members with a list subscribers to the Fund. Mr. Kennelly said he was qui pleased with the progress made.

A cheque for £26 5s, was received from W. Gaw Ltd 62 Brighton Square, Rathgar, on behalf of the company principals, Chesebrough-Ponds, Ltd., with instructions apply it to any charity sponsored by the Council. It was agreed to donate the money to the Benevolent Fund, ar to express the Council's gratitude.

THE REGISTRAR reported that a deputation from the Council had met officials of the Department of Health are had had a long discussion with them concerning the Phamacy Bill. The officials undertook to convey the views of the Council's representatives to the Minister and inform the Council later of the Minister's decision on the points dicussed. Mr. M. Power wrote forwarding to the Society for statues which he had acquired from a pharmacy in Limeric and the registrar was asked to convey thanks to the dono

It was agreed to add the name of Dr. Anthony Patric Healy, 136 Lower Baggot Street, Dublin, to the register of pharmaceutical chemist, who held an L.A.H. certificate.

The following changes of address were noted: M. Gueril L.P.S.I., to Mitchel Street, Nenagh, co. Tipperary; T. McCabe, M.P.S.I., to Hyltop, 71 Trees Road, Mount Merion, co. Dublin, and M. P. McVeigh, M.P.S.I., to 11 Main Street, Buncrana, co. Donegal.

The following names were added to the Pharmaceutica Chemists' preliminary register: D. M. Adusei, 13A Kofordua, Ghana; A. R. Y. H. Sulleman, P.O. Box 197, Port Louis, Mauritius, and H. E. Young, 10 Scott Bushe Stree Port-of-Spain, Trinidad. The following were elected to membership: Mrs. E. Leavy, M.P.S.I., and Mr. W. M. Dolar M.P.S.I., and the following were nominated for membership: Miss Moira Daly, Market Square, Dundalk, co. Louth Michael Guerin, Mitchel Street, Nenagh, co. Tipperary Jeremiah Michael O'Regan, North Main Street, Bandon, co. Cork; Mrs. Margaret M. Duffy (née McGuinness), 11 Devo. Park, Lower Salthill, Galway, and Michael W. Maher, 1 James Street, Drogheda, co. Louth. The Registrar reporte on the death of John Joseph Collins, M.P.S.I.

At a meeting of the Bcnevolent Fund Committee grant totalling £94 were passed for payment. A cheque for £350 the proceeds of the annual appeal and dance held by the Benevolent Fund Dance Committee, was forwarded by Mi Costello, M.P.S.I. (treasurer), on behalf of the Fund. MR M. COSTELLO said the amount of the cheque was a pleasan surprise, as dress dances had been badly attended in 1960

Medical and Social Aspects of Addiction

AN ADDRESS TO THE SOCIETY'S SCOTTISH DEPARTMENT

"THERE are throughout the world, millions of individuals addicted to the natural drugs of opium, cannabis and coca; tens of thousands addicted to manufactured drugs, especially the opiates (morphine and diacetylmorphine) and cocaine. A smaller but increasing number are addicted to the newer synthetic narcotics such as pethidine and methadone." So said Dr. F. Fish (Department of Pharmacy, Royal College of Science and Technology, Glasgow), at the fourth meeting of the 109th session of Edinburgh meetings organised by the Scottish Department of the Pharmaceutical Society.

Dr. Fish was dealing with "Some Aspects of Drug Addiction." He said that confusion existed between the terms "drug addiction" and "drug habituation," though the W.H.O. Expert Committee on Addiction-producing Drugs had clearly defined both terms. Habituation differed from addiction in that physical dependence was absent, there was desire for the drug but not compulsive craving. Tendency to increase the dose might or might not be present, and any detrimental effect was primarily on the individual and not on society.

Physical Dependence

A most serious effect, produced particularly by the opiates, was physical dependence, the body becoming so accustomed to the drug as a normal metabolite that sudden withdrawal precipitated a series of violent and painful physical reactions known as the abstinence syndrome, which was greatly feared by the morphine or diacetylmorphine (heroin) addict. About 12-18 hours after the last dose the morphine addict became restless, began to yawn, sneeze, and perspire profusely, and tears streamed down his face. The signs increased in intensity during the second twenty-four hours of abstinence, the pupils of the eyes becoming widely dilated and the addict undergoing alternate periods of sweating and intense coldness; recurrent waves of "gooseflesh" could be seen on the skin. Thirty-six hours after a dose, uncontrollable twitching of the muscles began and severe cramp developed in the legs, abdomen, and back. Appetite was lacking and there were rapid weight loss, insomnia, dyspnoea, increased respiratory rate, elevated blood pressure, and frequently diarrhea and vomiting. After seventy-two hours the symptoms gradually subsided during a further two to seven days, leaving the addict in a weak condition.

With cocaine and cannabis, dependence was almost entirely psychological and, particularly with the latter, there were no withdrawal symptoms. For that reason cannabis was often regarded as habit-forming rather than a drug of true addiction and, in the United States, marihuana smokers were not included in the statistics relating to drug addicts. The danger with marihuana was that its users became emotionally unstable, and might easily

transfer their addiction to the more potent opiates, especially heroin. Cannabis was most unpredictable in its effects. Unlike the opium addict, who became calm and serene under the drug, the cannabis addict became boisterous and uninhibited. Cocaine, which differed in being an excitant because of its central stimulant effect, was similar to cannabis in producing extroverts who felt the thrill and buoyancy of increased power when under the influence of the drug.

In the United Kingdom drug addiction was not a serious problem, and there was no official information on the number of addicts receiving sup-

plies from illicit sources.

The onus for treatment was on the doctor concerned, though some public hospitals, and some nursing homes which catered for alcoholics, would accept addict patients. The W.H.O. Expert Committee considered that treatment should be compulsory in the sense that it should always be undertaken, but not necessarily be in a closed institution. In some countries (for example Germany and U.S.A.), ambulatory treatment was not considered satisfactory and preference was given for admission to institutions or psychiatric departments specialising in that work. The addict was separated from his source of supply and treatment consisted of withdrawal of the drug. For opiates, methadone was often substituted for a short period to minimise the effects of the abstinence syndrome, the dose being gradually reduced. Even more important than physical cure was the long period of rehabilitation. The basic factor was psychological imbalance and that, unfortunately, was difficult to cure and accounted for the large number of recidivists. Most addicts were mentally sick persons and were deserving of pity rather than scorn. Dr. Fish concluded his paper by reviewing the development of international control of narcotics. He referred to the United Nations plenipotentiary conference in New York, arranged to consider a single convention on narcotic drugs to replace the existing multilateral drug-control treaties. The conference represented the culmination of over fifty years of fruitful international collaboration in that humanitarian field.

Discussion

DR. J. M. JOHNSTON, Edinburgh, (Department of Health for Scotland), in proposing a vote of thanks, spoke as one who had for thirty years been engaged in the clinical and therapeutic problems of drug addiction. The rise in addiction figures was largely the result of an improved system of reporting unusual amounts of drugs prescribed and dispensed; the great proportion were cases of "medical necessity" and included "therapeutic addicts," i.e., people depending upon continued medication begun for clinical reasons. He did not wholly agree with the W.H.O. definition of addiction. His

experience showed that tolerance, habituation and addiction differed only in intensity and the time-factor. was little, if any, fundamental distinction between the narcotic addict and the addict to alcohol; the devotees of amphetamines and similar mood-stimulants were not so different from the coca eaters of Peru. The drug addict, as a rule, took his drug not for "pleasure" but as an escape from stress or pain. Doctor addicts—and at any one time they were few—could become a danger to themselves, to their patients and, when driving a car, to the public. Narcotic addiction had been kept low in this country because (1) the public conscience was against drug addiction; (2) the medical and pharmaceutical professions had high ethical standards; and (3) there were efficient police and customs enforcement officials. If any of those restraints slackened, more addiction would certainly result. Dr. Johnston said he was concerned lest there might develop a widespread addiction to barbiturates, tranquillisers, etc.—drugs beneficient when properly given, but not for indiscriminate long-term use. From hard experience he did not believe that drug addiction could be successfully treated at home or in nursing homes but required rigorous hospital in-patient care with adequate supervision and social rehabilitation. One thing to be done in civilised countries was to give severe penalties to drug pedlers. He did not think a life sentence was too much for such people.

NAPPIES COMPARED

A consumer's test report

THIRTY brands of nappies, eight of gauze and the rest terry squares, including one unbranded and four brands obtainable by mail order only, were tested recently by the Consumer's Association, Ltd. Results of the tests are published in the April issue of Which?, the Association's journal. The nappies were tested for toughness, absorbency, softness and construction. Shape and general condition of the nappies were inspected at the end of forty washing cycles (by the Association to be considered the equivalent of about a year's use). Only one brand, Tracoda, was found to have deteriorated by the end of that period. Which? found that there was little variation in quality amongst the gauze nappies, except that Hushabye was found rather weaker than the others, and did not select a "best buy." Amongst the terry squares Amongst the terry squares tested, Harringtons were considered the "best buy," and three other brands, Osman, Swanella and Zorbit Superior were considered "good value for money." Christy and Jonell nappies were found of equal quality and recommended as "very good value." The Association states that, on grounds of economy alone, much could be saved by making one's own nappies—provided that terry towelling could be obtained at a reasonable price.

BRANCH EVENTS

BRIGHTON AND HOVE

University's "Great Mistake"

THE University of Sussex was making "a great mistake," said PROFESSOR W. H. LINNELL (dean of the school of pharmacy, University of London), in not including pharmacy courses. Dr. Linnell was speaking at the recent annual dinner of the Brighton and Hove Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society at Hove. Dr. Linnell said he understood that the university did not intend to consider providing such a course. Apart from the technological aspects, the tuition given to pharmacy students was the best general education received by any science students at present. "It fits young people for modern living."

YORK

Proposed Pharmacy Department

THE suggestion that a pharmacy department should be incorporated in York's proposed university was made by Mr. T. HESELTINE (a member of the Society's Council) at the annual dinner of the York Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society recently. He urged pharmacists in the city to press for such a department, and said that, if the effort were successful, financial help from the Society to the extent of £5,000 or even £10,000 was almost certain. He stated that more than £10,000 was granted annually by the Society for education. MR. G. W. TREVOR (chairman) felt that more than ever pharmacists must express their views as professional men and not be "merely commercial operatives." Dispensing was changing daily but the pharmacist would continue to act as a liaison officer between doctor and patient in producing medicine in the most effective form. Mr. R. N. AITKEN (vice-chairman) said he regretted so many pharmacists were leaving retail pharmacy for industry and thought that retail pharmacy should be made more interesting.

STOCKPORT

Road Services

MR, J. C. RICHARDS (Manchester office of the Automobile Association) outlined to members of the Stockport Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society on April 10 the history of the Association and the manner in which hotels and garages were "appointed." The functions of the Association's emergency and other road services were also described, and a colour film, "Coronation Safari Rally," shown. MR. G. W. YATES (social secretary), announced that the proceeds (£26 5s.) of the supper-dance held in aid of the Benevolent Fund, on March 22 were being sent to the Pharmaceutical Society.

Professional Relations

MR. A. R. G. CHAMINGS (a member of the Society's Council), addressed a well attended meeting of the Stockport Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society recently, his theme "The Pharmacist and the Doctor." Mr. Chamings stressed the importance of fostering and maintaining good relations between the two professions. Pharmacy, he said, must be in a position to advise

the doctor on the essential business of With the new extensive range of synthetic chemotherapeutic agents, it was necessary for the pharmacist to make himself completely knowledge-Mr. Chamings also referred to the dispensing of ethical pharmaceuticals. Which was the best way of presenting them to the patient? There was something to be said for the Continental procedure of handing the medicine over in its original container with labels. It might become desirable for dispensed medicines to be labelled with their constituents, so that the doctor could identify them at subsequent consultations. In the discussion which followed, Mr. J. A. Devoy said that, in an academic training occupying three years, considerably more time should be allocated to pharmacology.

GRIMSBY

"Back-room Boys"

IT seemed unfair that pharmacists, who were highly skilled men, should receive less recognition than other professional bodies. That was the opinion of Councillor A. E. Hull (deputy mayor of Cleethorpes) speaking at the annual dinner of Grimsby and District Pharmacists' Association recently. He was proposing the toast to the Association and went on "When we are ill or in pain we always show our gratitude to doctors, nurses and dentists because we have a personal relationship with them. All too often, however, we tend to forget pharmacists, because most of them are anonymous, white coated gentlemen, busily engaged at the back of the shop." They could, he said, be described as "backroom boys." Councillor Hull suggested that the confidence which the public placed in the chemist was in itself a recognition and a tribute that might be envied by other professions. Mr. S. J. WALTERS (president), replying, stressed the value of his profession and added "We are a public service and we have a duty to the community."

PORTSMOUTH

Dance in ex-Lecturer's Honour

During a dance held recently in Portsmouth in honour of the [then] forthcoming retirement of Mr. N. Francis, F.P.S. (senior lecturer in pharmaceutics, Portsmouth College of Technology), MESSRS. THORPE (head of the pharmacy department) and Johnson (an ex-pupil) paid their respects to Mr. Francis. In his reply Mr. Francis recalled conditions in pharmacy as he had known them. He served his apprenticeknown them. He served his apprenuce-ship 1912-16, attending evening classes at the College. He qualified under the chemist and druggist regulations in 1921, and in 1923 passed his Ph.C. Between 1923 and 1927 he was in busi-ness on the Isle of Wight, and in 1927 was appointed to the staff. Joining the local branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, he was elected on to its committee, and in 1950 became chairman. Mr. Francis said that he had no definite plans for his retirement, but would be prepared to help the local branch in its activities. He wanted to start an "Old Boys' Society" for Portsmouth

College pharmacy students. On beh of everyone in the department, h Christopher W. Shaw wished him mayears of health and happiness, a success in his past-students' socie venture.

ISLE OF WIGHT

Doctor and Pharmacist

Some weeks ago the Isle of Wig Branch of the Pharmaceutical Socie held a joint meeting with the loc division of the British Medical Ass ciation. Mr. A. R. G. CHAMINGS member of the Society's Counc member of the Society's country of the Pharmacist and the space on "The Pharmacist and the same of the pharmacist and the pharm spoke on "The Pharmacist and t Doctor." The present aim of pharm ceutical cducation, he said, was make the pharmacist the ultimate pr fessional authority on drugs. O problem was how to keep older pharmacists up-to-date, and there there are considered with slides tape recordings and file. with slides, tape-recordings and film Despite massive research, few druwere produced that stood the test time, and on those the pharmaceutic industry had to depend for its profi In discussion, Mr. Chamings said the lower prices of some foreign dru were often due to the absence of pate laws and of rigorous analyses. Prom tion costs of new drugs, including representation, were only of the ord of that prevailing in other major is dustries. DR. BRUCE (chairman of the last division P.M.A.) in proposing local division, B.M.A.), in proposing vote of thanks to Mr. Chamings, crit cised the policy of some manufacture in providing the doctor with inform tion on new products before the pha macist, who was consequently unab to advise the doctor.

PLYMOUTH

Business Methods and Records

WHEN purchasing a business, sai MR. H. W. TOMSKI when he addresse members of the Plymouth Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society on "Busness Methods and Records" recently the pharmacist should always examin the profit and loss accounts and ba ance sheets for the previous three year He should also inquire whether th pharmacist, salary had been charged and whether the present profit positio could be maintained. He should ascer the fixtures were higher than the book value and, in th case of a branch pharmacy, whether there had been any bulk buying. Obvi ously benefits would accrue if that wa the case that would not occur if that branch was independent. He should also investigate the basis on which valuation was made and whether al the stock was saleable. Mr. Tomsk gave details of income tax accounting
He pointed out that any person or firm could keep the records in any way he liked for expenses, etc., but for incom-tax returns all records had to be pre pared in a certain way, and because of that certain allowances were now given, such as depreciation and life items, living accommodation and life assurance. On the question of wife employment, Mr. Tomski suggester that by paying a wife up to £12 per week (which was allowable as a direc-



tor's fee), the net amount of income tax could be reduced by approximately £100. He also considered management accounting and control by comparison.

HASTINGS

" A Good Example "

AFTER a lapse of several years Hastings and District Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society held a branch dinner and dance on April 5, and the chairman (MR. J. T. DEPLEDGE) said the committee hoped that the event would again become an annual one. A precedent was being created that evening, because they had as guests two members of Council—the president (Mr. Tom Reid) and a past-president (Mr. D. W. Hudson). Also present was an ex-chairman of the British Pharmaceutical Conference (Mr. R. R. Bennett). MR. REID, responding to the toast of the Society, proposed by Mr. Depledge, paid tribute to the South-eastern Federation of Pharmacists as the reason for the friendly spirit among pharmacists on the South Coast, Proposing a toast to the guests, DR. E. W. SKYRME said that everyone present was directly connected with pharmacy—"no lord mayors, doctors or representatives of other professions. MR. M. T. H. CLARK, Eastbourne, who replied, said it was sometimes forgotten that "social occasions are good for us. If only branches had more social activities, more members, especially younger ones, would attend. Hastings Branch was setting a good example that evening.

MERSEYSIDE

Assessment of New Drugs

"THE final determination of the value of a new drug must be done by clinical trials; animals cannot speak and therefore it is difficult to record subjective symptoms." That comment was made by Dr. G. F. Somers (Distillers Co. (Biochemicals), Ltd.), when he talked on the pharmacological assessment of new drugs to the Merseyside branch of the National Association of Women Pharmacists recently. To the use of animals for the assessment of new drugs there were certain limitations. There was obviously a great species difference between a man and a mouse and such experiments could only be a guide. Many human diseases were difficult and impossible to reproduce in animals. Gastric and duodenal ulcers did not spontaneously occur in rats and dogs but it was possible to induce them by causing worry. One procedure was to wrap the abdomen and thorax of a rat in a plaster-of-Paris bandage. Similarly it had been possible to induce ulcers in "executive" monkeys by providing them with a key to prevent electric shocks. It was possible to infect animals with many human pathogenic bacteria. Like man they were troubled by staphylococci and streptococci, but some infections were not communicable. example was the common cold. use of animals had the advantage over clinical trials in that they could be used in large numbers and could be "standardised" by inbreeding. The results were precise and were readily assessed by standard statistical procedures.

Temperatures of the experimental rooms had to be kept constant and diets

standardised. Outlining the programme of pharmacologeneral gical studies, Dr. Somers said that in most cases it was desirable for the com-pound to be water soluble. "We usually administer the compound first to a few mice and carefully observe and record the effects." Many compounds were tested without marked success and clinical trials that followed promising results in animals might be disappointing in man. Dr. Somers concluded by saying "We need to know about the absorption and fate of the drug and its effect on physiological processes where biochemical studies play an important part. They include special enzyme chromatographic techniques and the use of radioactive tracer techniques.

LIVERPOOL

Pharmacy Old Students

The proposal to introduce a new category of membership—life membership—of the Liverpool School of Pharmacy Old Students' Association at an annual £10 10s, subscription was carried unanimously at the Association's annual meeting held on April 27, Mr.

G. W. O'NEIL (Association secretary) 1 ported that the main work during t year had been to establish liaison wi the school of pharmacy at the Ci Technical College, Mr. W. E. Coata lecturer at the School, had agreed be a member of the committee of t Association, of which Mr. T. Bowyer (head of the school of pha macy) was now president. It was state that the resolution passed at the prev ous annual meeting, to admit final ye students as associate members at a su scription of 2s, 6d.. had not been ir plemented. MR COATES emphasis the importance of continuity of mer bership and suggested that final ye students should be admitted to ass ciate membership without making ar payment. That would encourage inte est in the activities of the Associatio His proposal was carried unanimousl Mr. E. Smalley was elected *Chair* man in succession to Mr. W. Fowler.

Other appointments were as follows: Vice-chairman, Mr. W. Coates; Treasurer, Mr. J. Cubbin Secretary, Mr. G. W. O'Neil: Committee, Messrs. K. Graham, W. G. Fowle L. Lewis and T. Edwards.

GAS LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY

Its applications in perfumery discussed by cosmetic chemists

THE Society of Cosmetic Chemists at E Society of Cosmerce MR. D. recent meeting heard MR. D. on "Gas/liquid HOLNESS Chromatography in Perfumery." Holness emphasised the partition nature of gas/liquid chromatography partition (G.L.C.) and its value in dealing with the heat-sensitive compounds often encountered in perfumery. Its value to the perfumer, he said, lay in its ability to simplify studies of mixtures. Not all the component parts of blended mix-tures could be identified by the nose, but they gave characteristic peaks on the chromatogram. In combination with infra-red methods or mass spectrometry, the method made possible the qualitative identification of components. It was of special value in quality control, where a chromatogram compared with that of a standard would clearly indicate changes in composition. Separation could be carried out on a preparative scale and the isolated fractions subjected to further analysis. That helped where previously unidentified substances were encountered.

After mentioning the use of G.L.C. in following the course of chemical reactions, Mr. Holness considered more fully the analytical applications of the technique as applied to essential oils and synthetics. Choice of correct column temperature was important, and he showed a slide of part of a chromatogram of citronella oil carried out at a temperature of 100° C. It represented components leaving the column within three hours, but the speaker pointed out that, in those conditions, some components would have retention times of up to fourteen hours. So many compounds, containing such a variety of chemical groups, were to be found in most essential oils that it was practically impossible to trace all the components in a single chromatogram. For detailed studies a preliminary prepara-

tive scale separation needed to be caried out and the fractions the subjected to individual analytic; separations under suitable condition of temperature and stationary phas. The homogeneity of individual peak could be checked by forming derivatives, though interference might be er countered from other components. A alternative method was to use second column containing a differer stationary phase, or several runs on the same stationary phase at different temperatures. Mr. Holness gave two examples of the influence of column temperature on separation.

Quantitative analyses could be car ried out by including an internal star dard chosen to appear at a point o the chromatogram where the base lin was free from other components. Som variation in detector response to different components was experience which necessitated previous calibration chromatograms facilitate measurement, and gave greater accur acy than determinations of peak areas When G.L.C. was possible, it was usu ally superior to present chemica methods of analysis. Slides were show of lavender and spike oils and lavandii collected from various geographica situations and from various species o plants. They demonstrated that the re lative magnitude of four peaks at the commencement of the chromatogran could be used to identify the specie of plant producing the essential oil and that it was possible to observe dif ferences in composition within a single species. A chromatogram from a single lavender flower closely resembled tha of the oil itself.

At present, however, it was difficul to relate minor differences in the chro motogram to those observed by the perfumer, particularly in complex mixYour farming customers know from experience that it pays to use

'FRANTIN'

Last season's record demand for 'Frantin' is certain to be exceeded this year. Healthy lambs mean heavier lambs and early-to-market lambs fetch the best prices. Impressive weight gains proving that 'Frantin' more than pays for itself were reported last season. Only 'Frantin' has shown conclusively in the field that it successfully treats infection with Nematodirus and the other serious parasites of the unweaned lamb. Preventive dosing of unweaned lambs, provided they are four weeks old, should start not later than the beginning of May. Dosing should be repeated at three-weekly intervals until the danger period for nematodiriasis is over. Thereafter monthly dosing will ensure healthy development through



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Discovered at the Wellcome Research Laboratories

freedom from other worm parasites.



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Be ready for a big lift to your 'SAXIN' sales! For now the immense force of television advertising reinforces the already powerful 'SAXIN' advertising appearing continuously in mass circulation newspapers and women's magazines.

START NEXT WEEK

Never before has slimming been so much in the news—and to match this interest, 'SAXIN' advertising is stepped up to a new record level. *Every* I.T.V. station will transmit attractive, attention-catching, hard-selling 'SAXIN' commercials during the peak slimming months of May, June and July. These take the 'SAXIN' message right into every I.T.V. home in the country. This means *you* can sell *more* 'SAXIN' this Summer — and right through the year.

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COMMERCIALS

will see 'SAXIN' advertising in:

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SOUTH WESTERN TV AREAS



TRADE REPORT

The prices given are those obtained by importers or manufacturers for bulk quantities or original packages. Various charges have to be added whereby values are in many instances augmented before wholesale dealers receive the goods into stock. Crude drugs and essential oils vary greatly in quality and higher prices are charged for selected qualities.

LONDON, MAY 17: A further decline in MENTHOL was about the only price movement in the CRUDE DRUGS market during the week.

Chinese material dropped 2s. per lb. on the spot following a 2s. 6d.-per-lb. cut in the forward price; Brazilian was also down 2s. in both positions. Among SPICES White Sarawak PEPPER displayed a firmer tone although idle trading conditions prevailed. Certain grades of Senna continue short on the spot; shipments of Tinnevelly leaves and pods from Tuticorin during April were as follows:-

	U.K.	U.S.	EUROPE
SENNA	tons	tons	tons
LEAVES	3	40	16
PODS	_	—	9

Most Essential Oils held steady at recent levels. Where there were changes they were mostly downward in direction. ANISE, which has been steadily climbing each week, reversed the trend to finish lower by threepence per lb. Bois DE ROSE was down ninepence and LEMONGRASS threepence. Chinese PEPPERMINT for shipment was quoted 2s. 6d. per lb lower, and Brazilian one shilling lower. Lemongrass on the spot was offering at 17s. 3d. per lb. (threepence down).

With business in PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMICALS at routine levels no price

changes were notified by manufacturers.

A large tonnage plant for the manufacture of ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE is expected to come on stream in July or August.

Pharmaceutical Chemicals

ACETIC ACID. — B.P. glacial, minimum terms. £97 per ton naked; technical 80 per cent., £77; pure, 80 per cent., £83. Carboys and demijohns are £21 per ton extra.

ADRENALINE. — (Per gm.). Synthetic B.P. 1-kilo lots, 11d.; 500 gm., 1s. 1d. acid tartrate, B.P., 1 kilo, 7½d.; 500 gm. 9d.

ALUMINIUM ACETATE.—B.P.C. in 1-cwt.

sacks, 1s. 9d. per 1b.

AMIDOPYRIN. — Minimum rate, 20s. 1d. per lb. with usual differentials for smalls. p-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID. — SODIUM, 17s. 6d. per kilo for 1,000-kilo lots. p-Aminosalicylic

AMPHETAMINE. — One to 10-kilo lots: Base, from 140s. to 160s.; SULPHATE, 110s. to 130s. and d-AMPHETAMINE SULPHATE to 130s. and 405s. to 420s.

AMYLOBARBITONE. — B.P.C. is 82s. 6d. per kilo for less than 25-kilo lots and SODIUM, B.P.C., 92s. 6d. per kilo.

Arecoline.—Alkaloid, 51s. per oz.

ASPIRIN. — 5-cwt. lots (in kegs). 4s. 9d. per lb.; 1-cwt., 4s. 11d. CALCIUM SALT, 12s. 6d. per lb.

ATROPINE.—Rates for 16-oz. (500 gm.):

	per oz.	per kilo
	s. d.	s. d.
ALKALOID	39 0	1375 0
METHONITRATE	39 0	1375 0
METHYLBROMIDE	38 6	1357 0
SULPHATE	34 0	1198 6

BARBITONE. — Lo 53s. 6d. per kilo. 56s. 9d. per kilo. — Less than 25-kilo lots, kilo. Sodium derivative,

BENTONITE.—B.P. about £770 per ton. BENZOIC ACID.—One cwt., 2s. $11\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; and SODIUM SALT, 2s. $9\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.

Brucine. — Alkaloid and Sulphate 100-oz. lots, 10s. 6d. per oz.

- B.P.C., 87s. 6d. per BUTOBARBITONE. — B.P.C kilo in less than 25-kilo lots.

Cantharadin.—Per oz. 51s. for 4-oz lots. CARMINE.—70s. per lb. for 1-cwt. lots.

CHALK.—Prepared powder B.P., £22 per ton for minimum 1-ton ex works.

CHARCOAL.—Medicinal activated, B.P.C., in 1-cwt. lots, £22 10s. per cwt.

Chiniophon.—B.P. 1948, 67s. per kilo; 50-kilo lots, 62s. 6d per kilo. The sodium derivative (B.P. 1953), 99s. 4d. and 92s. 9d. for the same quantities.

CHLORAL HYDRATE. — One-cwt. lots, 4s. 6d. per lb.

Chloroform.—1-cwt. lots in winchesters, 3s, $4\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; 56-lb., 3s. 6d. In drums, 3s. 2d. and 3s. $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. respectively.

CITRATES.—Per lb.:

1	1 cwt.	5 cwt.
SODIUM† POTASSIUM† IRON AND AMMONIUM*	s. d. 2 7½ 2 10½ 3 6½	s. d. 2 6½ 2 9 3 5

†Powder 3d. per lb. more. *Scales 10d. per lb.

Cocaine. — 16-oz. lots, hyrochloride, 91s. 6d. per oz.; ALKALOID, 101s. per oz. Subject to D.D.A. Regulations.

CREAM OF TARTAR.—Home trade:—1-ton lots. 241s. per cwt.; 10-cwt., 242s.; 5-9-cwt., 243s.; 2-4 cwt., 244s.; 1-cwt., 245s. (If supplied in bags deduct 5s.).

Creosote.—B.P. quality, ex beechwood, from 6s, 9d. to 7s. 6d. per lb.

Cresol.—B.P. quality, 7s. 9d. per gall. in 5-gall. lots.

Cyclobarbitone. — Less than 25 kilos: B.P.C., 73s. per kilo. Calcium, 85s. per

DIHYDROXY-ACETONE.—Per kilo £9 for minimum 1-kilo lots.

DIPHENAN.—(Per lb.), 55s. 3d. (56-lb.), to 63s. (1-lb.).

EPHEDRINE. — ALKALOID nominally 6s. 6d. per oz., SULPHATE, 4s. and HYDRO-CHLORIDE, 3s. 3d. per oz.

ETHER.—Per lb. in winchesters: TECHNICAL B.S.S., and SOLVENT, 5-cwt., 2s. 7d.; (4s. 1d. per litre). In drums the price is 2s. 2d. per lb. ANÆSTHETIC, B.P., 5-cwt., 3s. 10d.; 10-cwt., 3s. 9d.

Gallic acid.—B.P., 10s. 7d. per lb. for 1-cwt. lots. Technical grade, 9s. 9d.

GLYCERIN. — Pharmaceutically pure (s.g. 1.2627):-

Annual purchases or spot lots of	Uno 1 cv		1 cwt. and under 5-cwt.		5-cv an unc 1 to	d ler	1 t an unc 5 to	d ler	5 tons and under 25 tons			
Per cwt.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.		
Drums			l									
14-lb.	281	0	276	0	272	6	2 68	0	265	6		
28-lb.	279	0	274	6	270	6	26 6	0	263	6		
56-lb.	275	0	270	6	266	6	262	0	259	6		
TINS							ì		l			
l-cwt.	-	-	254	6	250	6	246	0	244	6		
24-cwt.	-	-	251	6	248	0	243	6	242	0		
5-cwt.	_	_	_			6	243	0	241	6		
10-cwt.	-	-	- 1		- 1		246	6	242	6	241	0

For 25 tons and upwards the price is from 265s. 6d. to 240s. as to containers. Bulk deliveries in tank wagons from 362s. to 237s. 6d. Technical grade glycerin s.g. 1.2627 is 5s. per cwt. less than above.

GLYCYRRHETINIC ACID.—Per gm., 2s. 3d.

HEXAMINE.—B.P., 1s. $11\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. for 1-ton lots, delivered in 1-cwt. kegs. Technical is threepence per 1b. less.

HEXOBARBITONE. — 25-kilo lots or over, 115s. per kilo.

Hydrochloric acid.—B.P., 50s. per cwt. in carboys.

HYDROCYANIC ACID.—Dilute B.P.C., from 3s. 2d. to 4s. per litre, as to quantity; Scheeles from 3s. 10d, to 4s. 9d.

HYDROOUINONE. — One-cwt. lots, 11s.; 1-ton, 9s. per lb.

IODIDES. — (Per kilo). Potassium, 50-kilo lots 19s. 3d.; SODIUM, 24s. 3d. for 25-kilo lots. Ammonium, 45s.

IODINE.—Resublimed in less than 50-kilo lots, 25s. 4d. per kilo. Minimum delivered rate for CRUDE is 17s. 4d. per kilo.

IODOFORM.—Powder (per kilo), 51s. 6d. in 50-kilo lots; less than 50-kilos, 53s. Crystals are 3s. per lb. more.

Isoprenaline Sulphate. — (Per gm.), 100-gm. lots, 1s. 6d.; 500-gm., 1s.; 1-kilo,

LACTOSE. — B.P., in 1-ton lots packed in 1-cwt. paper-lined sacks, £129 10s. per ton, delivered in the United Kingdom.

LEAD ACETATE.—B.P. crystals, 225s. per

METHADONE.—Subject to D.D.A. 16s. 3d. per 5-gm. pack.

METHYL PHENOBARBITONE.—B.P.C., 95s. per kilo for less than 25-kilo lots.

NARCOTINE.—ALKALOID and HYDROCHLORIDE, 3s. 9d. per oz. (132s. kilo) for under 35-oz. lots.

OPIATES.—Home trade prices (per oz.) subject to D.D.A. Regulations:—

		35 oz.		Un 35	
	- 1	s.	d.	s.	d.
CODEINE	- 1				
PHOSPHATE		41	0	42	0
HYDROCHLORIDE	1	47	3	48	3
SULPHATE		47	3	48	
ALKALOID		54	0	55	0
MORPHINE					
ACETATE		50	0	51	0
HYDROCHLORIDE		50	0	51	0
SULPHATE		50	0	51	0
TARTRATE		60	0	61	0
ALKALOID		61	3	62	3
ETHYLMORPHINE	- 1				
HYDROCHLORIDE		54	0	55	0
ALKALOID		63	3	64	3
DIAMORPHINE					
ALKALOID		54	9	55	9
HYDROCHLORIDE		59	9	60	0

PENTOBARBITONE. — Under 25-kilo lots, 115s. per kilo; SODIUM, 120s.

PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE. — Subject to D.D.A. Regulations, 229s. 2d. per 250 gm. PHENACETIN.—B.P. one-ton lots, 6s. 3d. per lb.; 1-cwt., 6s. 6d.

PHENAZONE.—Imported, 9s. 6d. per lb.

PHENOBARBITONE. — Spot rate 50-kilo lots, 47s. 6d. per kilo; 5-kilos, 50s. 6d. 500-gm., 54s. 6d. Sodium Salt unchanged at 55s. 6d. per kilo for 5-kilo lots.

PHENYTOIN SODIUM.—One-cwt. lots, 23s. per lb.; less than 56-lb., 25s.

PHOLCODINE.—In 8-oz. lots, 85s. 9d. per oz. (3,377s. kilo).

PICROTOXIN.—Per oz. 45s. 6d. (4-oz.). QUINALBARBITONE.—Under 25-kilos, 130s.

per kilo.

SILVER SALTS.—PROTEIN, 1-cwt, lots, 8 per cent., 36s. 3d. per lb.; VITELLIN, 68s. 6d.

Sulphacetamide.—One-cwt. lots, 24s. 6d. per lb. Sodium derivative, 30s.

SULPHAGUANIDINE. — One-cwt. lots, 11s. per 1b.

Sulphanilamide. — One-cwt. lots, 6s. per 1b.

SULPHAPYRIDINE.—Five-kilo lots, 120s. per kilo.

Crude Drugs

- Spot: Spanish napellus, ACONITE 2s. 6d. per lb.

AGAR.—Kobé No. 1, 14s. 9d. per lb. in bond; shipment, 14s. 3d., c.i.f.

ALOES.—Cape primes, spot, 175s. per cwt.; shipment, 155s., c.i.f. Curação, spot, 480s.; shipment, 440s., c.i.f.

BALSAMS.—Per lb.: CANADA: Spot, 22s. for paper-filtered. COPAIBA: Spot, 8s. 6d. duty paid. PERU: Spot, 8s. 9d. in bond. Tolu (genuine as imported) nominal; B.P., from 12s. 3d. to 17s. 9d. as to analysis.

BELLADONNA. — LEAVES, 1s. 9d. per lb., spot. Dutch for shipment (t.a. not quoted) 2s., c.i.f. Root cleared on the spot.

BENZOIN. — Sumatra block, spot £20 to

£28 as to quality.

CALABAR BEANS.—Spot, 2s. 3d. per lb.

CALAMUS.—Root, 100s. per cwt., spot. 87s. 6d., c.i.f.

Camphor.—B.P. powder, 3s. 10½d. per Ib. in bond.

CINNAMON QUILLS.—Shipment (c.i.f., per lb.) 4 O's, 5s. $3\frac{3}{4}$; 3 O's, 5s. $1\frac{1}{4}d$.; O, 4s. $9\frac{3}{4}d$.; quillings, 3s. $3\frac{3}{4}d$.; featherings,

CLOVES.—Zanzibar spot, 2s. 10d. per lb.; shipment, 2s. 7\frac{1}{4}d., c.i.f.

COCHINEAL.—Black-brilliant, 11s. 6d. per lb., silver-grey 10s., spot; Peruvian silver-

DIGITALIS. — *Purpurea* for shipment, old crop, 11d.; new crop, 2s. 4d. per lb.,

ELEMI.—Spot, 2s. 1d. per lb. Shipment, 1s. 11d., c.i.f.

Ergot. — Portuguese 7s. 9d. per lb., c.i.f., for prompt shipment; spot, 8s.

Frangula.—Spot, 110s. per cwt.

GENTIAN.—Spot: French, 150s. per cwt. GINGER.—African, spot, 175s.; new crop for shipment, 165s. per cwt., c.i.f. Jamaican No. 3, spot, 200s.; shipment, 185s., c.i.f. (new crop). Cochin, shipment, new crop, 125s., c.i.f.; spot, 137s. 6d. (per cwt.) cwt.).

GUM ACACIA. — Kordofan cleaned sorts, 146s. per cwt., spot; new crop, June shipment, 127s. 6d., c.i.f.

HENNA. — Indian, spot, 87s. 6d. per cwt., new crop for shipment, 62s. 6d.,

Honey. — Australian light amber, 102s. 6d. to 107s. 6d. per cwt. and medium amber, 96s. to 98s. Argentine, 110s.; Jamaican, 115s. to 120s.; Canadian clover, 145s. to 150s., all ex warehouse.

IPECACUANHA. — For shipment, c.i.f., per lb.—Costa Rican, 68s.; Nicaraguan, 66s.; Matto Grosso, 51s. nominal; Colombian, 49s. 6d. Spot: Matto Grosso, 53s. 6d.; Colombian, 54s.

JUNIPER BERRIES. — Italian, 100s. per cwt.; German, 120s.

Karaya. — No. 1 gum, spot 325s. per cwt. nominal; No. 2, 220s.

KOLA NUTS. — Jamaican for shipment, 7d. per lb., c.i.f. African, $5\frac{1}{2}$ d. spot and 4d., c.i.f.

Lanolin. — Anhydrous B.P., is from 170s. to 175s. per cwt. in 1-ton lots and Hydrous, B.P., 150s., free drums, delivered. LEMON PEEL.—Spot, 3s. 3d. per 1b.

LINSEED.—Whole, 70s. to 75s. per cwt.; crushed, 105s.

LIQUORICE. — Natural root: Persian on the spot, 40s. per cwt.; other varieties cleared. Anatolian decorticated, cleared. Block juice: Anatolian from 190s. per cwt.; Italian stick from 392s. to 470s. per cwt.

LOBELIA HERB.—American spot, 8s. 9d.; shipment, 8s. 3d., c.i.f., per lb. Dutch not

LYCOPODIUM.—Indian 11s. 6d. per 1b., spot. Russian not quoted.

MACE. — Whole pale blade, 22s. per lb.,

MENTHOL. — Chinese: spot, 82s. per lb., duty paid; shipment, 72s. 6d., c.i.f. Brazilian, 49s. 6d., in bond; shipment, 47s., c.i.f. Formosan, 52s. 6d., in bond; shipment, 49s., c.i.f., June–July.

Mercury. — About £67 per flask of

NUTMEGS. — West Indian 80's 12s. per lb., spot; sound unassorted, 8s. 9d.; defectives, 6s. 6d.

Shipment (per cwt.). NUX VOMICA. -Cochin 70s., c.i.f.; Madras, 65s., c.i.f.

ORANGE PEEL. — Spot: Sweet ribbon 1s, 10d. per lb.; bitter quarters: West Indian 11d.; Spanish, 1s. 3d.; bitter ribbon, 1s. 3d.

Orris root.-Florentine, 335s. per cwt. Papain. — Tanganyikan, 14s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f., for grade one; spot 15s. Ceylon

lb., c.i.f., for grade one; spot 13s. Ceylon brown, 14s. 6d.

PEPPER.—White Sarawak, spot, 4s. per lb.; shipment, 3s. $10\frac{1}{2}$ d., c.i.f. Black Sarawak, spot, 3s. 3d.; shipment, 3s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d., c.i.f. Black Malabar, 400s. per cwt. spot, and 360s., c.i.f.

PEPPERMINT. — Dutch whole leaves, 3s. per lb., c.i.f.

PIMENTO.—Spot, 560s. cwt.; shipment, 540s., f.o.b.

PODOPHYLLUM.—Emodi, 190s. per cwt., spot; shipment not quoted. Peltatum, 375s.

Pyrethrum.—Extract, minimum 25 per cent. w/w pyrethrins, 75s. per lb. for small lots.

QUILLAIA. Ex wharf Hamburg, 175s per cwt.; shipment, 165s., c.i.f., nominal.

RHUBARB.—Chinese small rounds from 5s. 6d. to 6s. 9d. per lb. on the spot.

SAFFRON.—Mancha selecta, 147s. 6d. per

Sarsaparilla. — Jamaican native red spot 2s. 7d. per lb.; shipment, 2s. 2½d., c.i.f.

c.i.f.

SEEDS.—(Per cwt.). ANISE. — Spanish, 210s., duty paid. CARAWAY. — Dutch, 162s. 6d., duty paid. CELERY.—Indian, 152s. 6d., spot; new crop June–July shipment, 130s., c.i.f. CORIANDER. — Moroccan, 135s., duty paid; new crop for June–July shipment, 93s., c.i.f. CUMIN. — Indian lower at 175s.; Iranian, 165s., duty paid. DILL.—Indian, 97s. 6d., spot paid; shipment, 82s. 6d., c.i.f. FENNEL.—Chinese 105s., duty paid; Indian, 105s. FENUGREEK.—Moroccan, 75s., duty paid; prompt shipment, 59s.; new crop for June–July shipment, 55s., c.i.f. Mustard.—English, 60s. to 95s., according to quality. 60s. to 95s., according to quality.

SENNA. — Tinnevelly LEAVES, No. 1 cleared; f.a.q. No. 3, 9d. Pods: manufacturing (f.a.q.), 9d. and handpicked, 1s 5d. to 1s. 10d. Alexandria pods: Manufacturing, 1s. 6d.; handpicked 4s 6d to 5s 6d picked, 4s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.

SHELLAC.—F.O.T.N., 202s. 6d. per cwt.; No. 1, 225s.; F.O., 235s. to 285s. spot.

SLIPPERY ELM.—Bark, 3s. 6d. lb. landed

SQUILL.—White 75s. per cwt., spot.

UM. — Indian LEAVES 60s. per Dutch 0.5 per cent, alkaloid STRAMONIUM. cwt., spot. 93s., c.i.f.

STYRAX. — Spot, 27s. 6d. per lb., shipment, 26s., c.i.f.

TURMERIC.—Madras finger on spot 115s. per cwt.; shipment, 95s., c.i.f.

WAXES. — (Per cwt.), BEES'.—Dar-es-Salaam, spot, 460s.; shipment, 445s., c.i.f. Abyssinian, spot 390s. in bond; shipment 375s., c.i.f. Sudanese, spot, 410s. nominal; shipment, 360s., c.i.f. Candelilla, spot, 465s. Carnauba, fatty grey, spot, 450s.; shipment, 432s. 6d., c.i.f.; prime yellow, spot, 675s., shipment, 615s., c.i.f.

WITCH HAZEL LEAVES. - Spot cleared; origin not offering.

Essential and Expressed Oils

Almond.—Moroccan, 6s. per lb., du paid.

AMBER.—Rectified on the spot, 1s. 6 per lb.

ANISE.—Chinese, 8s. 1d. per lb., sposhipment, 7s. $10\frac{1}{2}$ d., c.i.f. BAY.—West Indian short on the spc

prices nominal. Bois de Rose.—Brazilian, 13s. 6d. p

lb. on the spot and 12s. 6d., c.i.f.

CAJUPUT.—Spot from 10s. per lb. CALAMUS.—Spot, 56s. 6d. per lb.

Cassia.—Short with prices nominal.

CEDARWOOD.—American rectified 8s. p lb. on the spot.

CINNAMON. — From quillings, best En lish-distilled is 50s. per oz.; other B.P. oi from 165s. per lb. Ceylon leaf, spo 9s. 6d. per lb.; Seychelles, 8s., spot. CINNAMON.

CITRONELLA. — Ceylon, spot, 6s. 6d. shipment, 6s. 3d. per lb., c.i.f. Formosar spot, 6s. 10½d., in bond; shipment, 6s. 4d

CLOVE.—Madagascar leaf, spot.

CLOVE.—Madagascar leaf, spot. /s. 6c per lb., duty paid; shipment, 6s. 6d., c.i. Rectified 87–88 per cent., 12s. Distille bud-oil, English, B.P., 28s. for l-cwt. lot COD-LIVER. — B.P. is 11s. 6d. per gal including charged returnable drums. Vete inary is from 9s. 6d. per gall. Delivere terms, 25-stone lots.

CUMIN. — Imported oil, 90s. per lb. English-distilled, 120s.

GERANIUM.—Bourbon, 120s. to 130s. pe lb. on the spot: Algerian, 120s. to 125s.

GINGER.—Imported: Jamaican, 130s. p. lb.; Chinese, 72s. 6d., duty paid.

GRAPEFRUIT.—Florida, 18s. per lb.

JUNIPER. — B.P.C. 1949 oil is from 15s. per lb. on the spot. English-distilled 150s. JUNIPER WOOD, from 5s.

LAVANDIN.—Spot from 7s. per lb. fo original drums.

LAVENDER.—From 17s. to 50s. per lb as to quality.

LAVENDER SPIKE.—Spanish, 12s. per lb for original drums.

LEMONGRASS. — Spot, 17s. 3d. per lb. shipment, 16s. 3d., c.i.f.

NUTMEG.—Imported B.P. oil is from 50s to 90s. per lb. as to source. English distilled, 140s. English

OLIVE, — Spot, 19s. 3d. to 20s. 3d. pe gall. in drums ex wharf; shipment, £190-£205 per 1,000 kilos, f.o.b. Spanish port Ofto of Rose.—Bulgarian, 400s. per oz

Turkish. £350 per kilo.

PALMAROSA. — Spot, 37s. 6d. per lb. shipment, 36s., c.i.f.

PEPPERMINT. — Arvensis: Chinese spot 38s. 6d.; shipment, 35s., c.i.f. Braziliar spot, 15s. 6d.; May-June shipment 14s. 9d., c.i.f. Piperita: Italian, 48s. pel lb., spot. American from 30s. to 38s. per lb. as to make. lb, as to make.

Petitgrain.—Paraguay, 18s. 9d. per lb. spot; shipment, 18s., c.i.f.

PIMENTO. — English-distilled berry 167s. 6d. per lb.; imported, 77s. 6d. Rec tified leaf, 27s. 6d. per lb. for small lots. SPEARMINT.—American oil on the spot 40s. per lb.

Tangerine.—From 19s. to 28s. per lb. as to quality.

- Bourbon spot, 110s. VETIVERT. -112s. 6d. per lb.; shipment, 108s., c.i.f. YLANG YLANG.—Spot, 37s. 6d. per lb.

UNITED STATES REPORT

NEW YORK, MAY 16: WITCHHAZEL LEAVES firmed up five cents to 60 cents a lb. Rosemary oil was stronger in price at \$1.12 a lb., up 12 cents. Spear-MINT OIL at \$5 was down 50 cents per

WORLD TRADE

Portugal Seeking German Aid.—An extensive list of requests from Portuguese industry for aid from West Germany, either in the form of capital or "know-how," was published recently by the Commission for Portuguese-German Co-operation. In the pharmaceutical field, Sanitas (Cortez, Pinto and Pimentel), a leading drug manufacturer in Portugal is seeking collaboration with German companies.

Denmark Tariff Move Report.—Denmark will shortly increase its tariffs towards the Common Market to the same level as the market's outward tariff wall. According to the independent newspaper Kristeligt Dagblad, Denmark has not been given "satisfac-tory compensation" under G.A.T.T. (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) for increased West German and Italian tariffs, which were set up to equalise Common Market tariff levels.

TELEVISION

Figures in the columns represent number of appearances of the product during the week.

appearances of th		pro	,,,,,,,	_	·	Traf			***	
May 28-June 3	nopuo	Midland	North	Scotland	ales	uth	Z.E.	glia	ster	stward
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										_
Acme "Voyager"										
flask	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Alka-Seltzer	1	3	2	2	1	2	1	1 4		2
Andrews liver	3		2		1			7		7
salts	1	2	2		3	4	3	3	3	3
Andrex	-	—	—	-	_	—	_		_	3
Anne French	_	—		_		_	1			_
Askit powders	3			12		_	_	_	_	
Aspro Beecham's pills	3	1	1	1	_	1				
powders		_	_	_	_		_			3
Bisodol	-	3	-	-	-	3	_	_	_	_
Body Mist	1	—	_	—	_	1			_	
Bonio	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5
Brístow's shampoos	2	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	
Brylcreem	4	3	2	3	4	2	1	2	3	3
Cooper's aerosols	4	3	3	3		3				
Cuticura	-	2	—	2	_	_	—		2	
Delrosa	-	-	2	<u>-</u>		_	_	_	1	_
Díspel	_	_	_	2	_	_	_	1	1	1
Elliman's	_	_			_			1	1	1
foot cream	1	1	1	—	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fashion Style	1	1	1	—	_	_	_	_	_	
Germolene	3	—	3	3	3	3				
Immac Kleenex	_	_	_ 1	_	_	_	1	_	1	_
Loxene shampoo	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Macleans	~	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-
tooth-paste	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3
Milk of Mag-										
nesía				1 2		1	_	1		_
tablets Mum Rollette	2		1		2		1		_	_
Phillips tooth-	•	•	1							
paste	-	_	_	_		_		_	2	_
	1	1	1	_	1	1	1			1
Proppet	_	4	_	_		4		4		
Pretty Quick	3	_	_	5	_	_	_		_	_
Quota Renníes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 4
Rinstead pastilles	1	_	2	—	1	1	1	1	. 1	_
Schick razors	2		—	—	_	—	-	_		_
Sek	_	1	1		_	_	_	_	_	_
Setlers	_	_	\equiv	_	1	=	_	_		- 5
Smokies	_		_					2	_	
Span shampoo	4	_	_	_	_			_		. —
Star spray		_	_	_		1	-		-	
Thermos	-	_	1	_	_	-	_	-		_
Vosene shampoo	_ 1	4	_		=	_	- 1	1	1	- 5
Winspray		1			=	_		'		
-4		_								







DISPLAY ITEMS: Left, Displaypiece produced by Duncan, Flockhart & Co., Ltd., 16 Wheatfield Road, Edinburgh, 11, is described as a "professional showcard" because, as will be seen, it carries on its reverse side technical details for the pharmacist. Centre: A "dispenser" stand for Tru-gel hair dressing (makers: Nicholas Products, Ltd., Slough, Bucks). Right: Latest showcard produced by Parke, Davis & Co., Staines Road, Hounslow, Middlesex, for Euthymol tooth-paste.

PRINT AND PUBLICITY

PRESS ADVERTISING

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO. (The Wellcome Foundation, Ltd.), Wellcome Building, Euston Road, London, N.W.1: Marzine, In Daily Express, Daily Mirror, Woman, Woman's Own, Woman's Mirror, Woman's Realm: Saxin. In Daily Express, Daily Mail, Daily Mirror, Daily Telegraph, Woman, Woman's Own, Woman's Mirror, Belfast Telegraph, Edinburgh Evening

News, Glasgow Daily Record.
COSETTE, LTD., 21 Beauchamp Place, London, S.W.3: Cosette briefs. In Woman, Woman's Own, Modern Woman, She, Woman &

Beauty.
COUNTY LABORATORIES, LTD., Beecham West, Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex: Macleans tooth-paste. In The Times, Daily Express, Daily Mirror.

Domestos, Ltd., College Works, Albion Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne: Stergene. In provincial Press and women's magazines, concentrating on non-ITV areas.

ALFRED FRANKS & BARTLETT Co., Ltd., 226 Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1: Bartex sunglasses. In Daily Express.

GERHARDT-PENICK & Co., LTD., Thornton Laboratories, Purley Way Croydon: Tums. In Daily Express, Daily Mirror, Daily Herald, News of the World, Sunday Pictorial, Sunday Express, Belfast Telegraph,

GLAXO LABORATORIES, LTD., Greenford, Middlesex: Ostermilk, Farex. In national dailies and women's magazines.

W. HAMPSHIRE & Co., LTD., Sunnydale, Derby: Loxene medicated shampoo, In Daily Express, Daily Mirror.

PINAUD, LTD., Elstree Way, Boreham Wood. Herts: Pinaud Eau de Portugal, In London Evening News, Evening Standard.

Evening News, Evening Standard.

PLASTIC RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT, LTD., 8

Park Road, London, N.W.1: Kristina home masseuse. In Vogue, Woman's Journal, Woman & Beauty, Housewife, Everywoman.

THE PULLIN OPTICAL Co., LTD., Ellis House, Aintree Road, Perivale, Greenford, Middlesex: Paximat projectors, Olympus cameras, Titania slide holders, Radiant screens. In Amateur Photographer, Photography, Practical Photography, Modern Camera Magazine. Good Photography, Modern Camera Magazine, Good Photography, I.B.P. Record, Amateur Movie Maker, Tlie Plioto Trade World, Photographic Retailer. QUAKER OATS, LTD., Bridge Road, Southall, Mid-

dlesex: Quota. In London Evening News, Evening Standard.

ROLLS RAZOR. LTD., Cricklewood Broadway, London, N.W.2: Man-Tan, Posítan. In Sunday Express, Woman's Mirror, Reveille, Today, Daily Mirror, True Romance, Photoplay, Daily

Mail, ABC Film Review, Weekend.
RONSON PRODUCTS, LTD., 352 Strand, London, W.C.2: Ronson CFL shaver. In News of the World, People, Sunday Express, Sunday Pictorial, Glasgow Sunday Mail.

SMITH & NEPHEW, LTD., Bessemer Road, Welwyn Garden City, Herts: Elastoplast. In Daily Ex-

press, Daily Mirror, Daily Mail, Daily Herald; Nivea. In Daily Express, Daily Mirror; Pretty Feet. In Woman's Realm, Woman's Mirror;

Sunea. In Daily Express, Daily Mirror.

SPRATT'S PATENT, LTD., 41 Bow Road, London, E.3: Mixed Ovals, Bonio. In Daily Mirror, May; Topcat. In TV Times; Topdog. In TV Times, The Viewer, Television Weekly, Look Westward.

WHITAKER & Co. (KENDAL), LTD., Kendal, Westmorland: Luton straw hat dyes, Auroral cold water dyes. In domestic magazines.

DISPLAY MATERIAL

CUPAL, LTD., King Street, Phænix, Blackburn, Lancs: Secto display unit.

COMING EVENTS

Items for inclusion under this heading should be sent in time to reach the Editor not later than first post on Wednesday of the week of insertion.

Tuesday, May 23

SOCIETY OF INSTRUMENT TECHNOLOGY, 26 Portland Place, London, W.1, at 6 p.m. Annual meeting.

Wednesday, May 24

FOOD GROUP, SOCIETY OF CHEMICAL INDUSTRY 14 Belgrave Square, London, S.W.1, at 6.15 p.m. Annual meeting. Mr. T. McLachlan on Some Historical Notes on Food Technol-

MANCHESTER PHARMACEUTICAL GOLFING SOCIETY. Reddish Vale, Play for Ucal trophy and prize.

Thursday, May 25

NORTHERN SCOTTISH BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, National hotel, Dingwall, at 8 p.m. Annual meeting. Mr. R. Mackay on "The Pharmacy and Poisons Acts in Retail Practice.3

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Royal Beach hotel, Southsea, at 7.45. Branch representatives' report.

Friday, May 26

ROYDON BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY AND ASSOCIATION, Greyhound hotel, High Street, Croydon, at 7.30 p.m. Annual meeting. At 8.15 p.m. "The Art of Beauty—Visible and Invisible." Cosmetic demonstration by CROYDON

Mrs. Eileen Taylor (Coty (England), Ltd.).
EAST METROPOLITAN BRANCH, PHARMACEUTICAL
SOCIETY, Danescourt, Church Hill, Walthamstow, at 8 p.m. Annual meeting.

Advance Information

EXHIBITION OF FRENCH GIFTS AND FANCY Goods, Quaglino's, Bury Street, London, S.W.1.

INSTITUTION OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERS. Commonwealth Society, Craven Street, London, W.C.2, at 2.30 p.m. Symposium on Biochemical Engineering. May 30.

PATENTS

COMPLETE SPECIFICATIONS ACCEPTED From the "Official Journal (Patents)," May 10

ton-exchange reagent. National Research Development Corp. 871,541.

Phthalazines and process for their manufacture. CIBA, Ltd. 871,753,
Basically substituted diphenyl-carbinol-esters and

a process for their manufacture. Farbwerke Hoechst, A.G. 871.757.

Process for the production of borohydrides. Far-

benfabriken Bayer, A.G. 871,569. Benzimidazoles. CIBA, Ltd. 871,808.

Steroids and the manufacture thereof. Upjohn Co. 871,764.

Phenthiazine derivatives. Society des Usines Chimiques Rhone-Poulenc. 871,412,

Dermasan, Ltd. 8-hydroxyquinoline derivative. 871,630.

Method of producing hydrides of tin. Kali-Chemie, A.G. 871,642.

N-(4-sulphonamidophenyl)-butane sultam, Farben-

fabriken Bayer, A.G. 871,449.

Catalytic reduction of 6-hydroxy hydronaphthacenes. American Cyanamid Co. 871,699.

6-Deoxytetracyclines. American Cyanamid Co. 871,423.

Recovery of the antibiotic mitomycin from a fermentation broth. Bristol Laboratories International, S.A. 871,481.

Steroid compounds. G. D. Searle & Co. 871,487. Steroids and compositions thereof. Upjohn Co.

Dithiophosphoric acid ester and pesticidal preparations containing the ester. Hoechst, A.G. 871,339. Farbwerke

Organic compounds containing phosphorus and

sulphur, Monsanto Chemical Co. 871,695.
Substituted pyridazones and mixtures containing same. Badische Anilin and Soda-Fabrik, A.G. 871.674.

Organophosphorus herbicides. T. A. Clayton.

Water-soluble steroid compounds and a process for their manufacture. A. G. Schering, 871,490. Absorbent bandages. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. 871 435

Catamenial tampon. Tampax Inc. 871,689.

Oxygenator, T. H. Gewecke and C. R. Broman. 871,744.

British patent specifications are obtainable (price 3s. 6d. each) from the Patent Office, 23 Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2.

TRADE MARKS

APPLICATIONS ADVERTISED BEFORE REGISTRATION

From the "Trade Marks Journal," May 3

For optical and ophthalmic apparatus and instruments, and parts (9)
IGARDPAN, 813,487, by Combined Optical

Industries, Ltd., Slough, Bucks.

For optical apparatus and instruments and parts and fittings (9)

SPECTIFIER, 815,423, by George Cohen Sons & Co., Ltd., London, W.12.

For thermometers (9)

Device with letters TS, 816,436, by Technicke

Sklo, Národní Podnik, Sazava, Czechoslovakia.

For instruments and apparatus for massaging (10) CALIMASCO, 814,773, by Callinan Giles & Co., Ltd., London, W.1.

For electronic analgesic apparatus operating on

the auditory system (10)
AUDIAC, 816,663, by Ritter Co., Inc., Rochester, New York, U.S.A.

From the "Trade Marks Journal," May 10 For seed dressings (1)

PANOGEN, 794,690, by Shell Chemical Co., Ltd., London, E.C.3.

aromatic preparations for industrial use (1) MAYROSOL, 807,440, by May & Baker, Ltd.,

Dagenham, Essex.
For lavender water, non-medicated toilet prepara-

tions and soaps (3)

FIELDS OF BOND STREET, 805,594, by
J. C. & J. Field, Ltd., Salford, Manchester, and London, W.1.

For all goods (3) and for disinfectants, and preparations for killing weeds and destroying vermin

Device with words BURNUS, 805,982-83, by Röhm & Haas, G.m.b.H., Darmstadt, Germany. For all goods (3)

OLALIN, 807,722, by C. H. Boehringer Sohn, Iggelheim on Rhine, 22b, Germany. SABS, 814,752, by John Knight, Ltd., London, E.16. KRESPIT, 817,333, by Thompson & Capper, Ltd., Liverpool, 24.

For cosmetic preparations for the lips (3) LIPSLIK, B807,741, by Mincr's Make Up, Ltd., Surbiton, Surrey.

For perfumes, cosmetics and non-medicated toilet

INSPIRATION, 812,749, by Merton Jan Behrman, London, N.W.9.

non-medicated toilet preparations containing lanolin, in cream form and for inhibiting the splitting of finger nails and encouraging the

LANONAIL, 813,120, by French Perfumery Co., Ltd., London, S.W.1.

For detergents for domestic purposes and being for sale in the Counties of Salop, Derby, Leicester, Stafford, Chester, Nottingham, Worcester, Warwick, Merioneth, Montgomery, Caernarvon, Flint and Denbigh, and in the West Riding of Yorkshire (3)

BLEM, 813,254, by Leicesters (Burslem), Ltd., Stoke-on-Trent, Staffs.

For streptokinase for use in medicine and phar-

KINALYSIN, 799,727, by Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, New Jersey, U.S.A.
For perfumes, toilet preparations, cosmetic pre-

parations, dentifrices, depilatory preparations, toilet articles (not included in other classes), sachets for use in waving the hair, soaps and essential oils (3) and for pharmacentical prepara-tions and substances; deodorants and medicated toilet preparations for the treatment of the skin and scalp (5) CLUBMAN, 814,882-83, CLUB TIE, 816,006-07,

by Osmond & Sons, Ltd., Grimsby.

For all goods (5)
BUTIBEL, 795,612, by McNeil Laboratories, Inc., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, U.S.A. MY-B-DEN, 805,065, by Ames Company, Inc., Elkhart, Indiana, U.S.A. CANILEP, 808,849, by Glaxo Laboratories, Ltd., Greenford, Midby Glaxo Laboratories, Ltd., Greenford, Mid-dlescx, ELUBRAL, 809,312, by C. H. Boehrin-ger Sohn, Ingelheim on Rhine, 22b, Germany. CONOVID, 809,336, by G. D. Searle & Co., Skokie, Illinois, U.S.A. KESPORIN, 812,138, by Distillers Co. (Biochemicals), Ltd., Speke, Liverpool, 24, LAEVADOSIN, 813,855, by Coffarom, A.G., Glarus, Switzerland, HORLI-KAL, 815,630, by Horlicks, Ltd., Slough, Bucks. TAPERIN, 815,991, by Allied Laboratories, Ltd., London, W.1.

For pharmaceutical preparations and substances for external use in the treatment of skin diseases

CAMYNA, 796,565, by C. H. Bochringer Sohn, Ingelheim on Rhine, 22b, Germany. For dietary milk food preparations (5) SIMILAC, 800,201, by M. & R. Dietetic Laboratories, Inc., Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A. For pharmaceutical preparations and substances (5)

HYASORB, B803,197, by Key Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Miami, 37, Florida, U.S.A. COPHAZIN, 805,182, by Pharmacy Products (Overscas), Ltd., London, W.1. DIURAUPUR, 812,523, by Gebruder Giulini, G.m.b.H., Ludwigshafen-on-Rhine, Germany. FLUGEN, 815,236, by Beecham Research Laboratories, Ltd., Brent-

For veterinary medicines (5)

ford, Middlesex.

FELIVAC, 812,913, by International Serum Co., Ltd., London, N.W.7.

For pharmaceutical preparations for use in the prevention and treatment of thrombosis, arterlosclerosis and allied complaints (5)
MAYDISOL, 807,379, by Joseph Albert John-

son Mitcheson, Annfield Plain, co. Durham.

For laxatives (5)

(Overseas), Ltd., London, W.1.

For pharmaceutical preparations for topical use for the treatment of dermatological complaints (5) DECADERM, 811,350, by Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, New Jersey, U.S.A.

For veterinary preparations (5) CANIFOR, 816,949, DELTAFRAL, 817,296, by Agrifor, Ltd., London, S.W.1.

For natural and artificial sponges (21) HOUSEPROUD, 807,354, by Sponcel, Ltd., London, W.C.2.

For fungicides and acaricides, all being phyt pharmacemical preparations (5)

WEPSYN, 806,751, by N.V. Philips-Dupha Amsterdam, Holland,

For pharmaceutical, veterinary and sanltary sustances, infants' and invalids' foods, medicate and surgical plasters, material prepared for ban-aging, garzes (dressings), material for stoppin teeth, dental wax, disinfectants, preparations for killing weeds and destroying vermin (5) DUMOCYCLIN, 815,011, by A/S Duma (Dumex, Ltd.), Copenhagen S, Denmark. For insecticides and moth-repelling and mothers of the property experts. and surgical plasters, material prepared for ban

destroying preparations, all for export except the Irish Republic (5) FLORET, device with word FLORET, 816,18 86, by Reckitt, Colman, Chiswick (Overseas

Ltd., Hull, Yorks. For pharmaceutical and medicinal preparation

and substances (5) CORBERNON, 817,079, by Veritas Drug Co Ltd., London, N.W.9.

For medicated preparations derived from cholir

CHOLISATE, 811,845, by Ashe Laboratorie Ltd., Leatherhead, Surrey,

For disinfectants, veterinary preparations, insect cides, fungicides, larvicides, germicides, and pr parations for killing weeds and brushwood (5) BURTOLIN, 817,290, by Burt, Boulton & Ha wood, Ltd., London, W.C.2.

For optical and photographic apparatus and i struments; lenses, magnifying glasses; and rans finders and photographic exposure tables (9) SUPER-ANGULON, 814,220, by Jos. Schne

der & Co., Kreuznach/Rhineland, Germany. For electrically-lieated pads for warming and airing beds, and electrically-heated blankets (10) GALA, 810,377, by A.E.I.-Hotpoint, Ltd London, S.W.1.

WILLS

Mr. A. Buchanan, M.P.S., 35 Smitham Botton Lane, Purley, Surrey, left £7,091 (£2,041 net).

MR. F. W. BUCHANAN, M.P.S.N.I., 31 Eglinto Street, Portrush, co. Antrim, left personal estat in England and estate in Northern Ireland value at £14.816.

Mr. W. G. CHEETHAM, M.P.S., 10 Wilto Road, Higher Crumpsall, Manchester, 8, le £4,799 (£4,728 net).

Mr. T. CHILTON, M.P.S., 75 Derby Road Huyton, nr. Liverpool, Lancs, left £14,45 (£13,904 nct).

Mr. C. Davies, M.P.S., 51 Thompson Street Barry, Glam, 1cft £2,976 (£2,888 net).

MR. W. EDWARDS, M.P.S., The Pharmacy Conway Road, Mochdre, Colwyn Bay, Denbight left £12,988 (£11,250 net).

Mr. J. E. M. Evans, M.P.S., 298 Woodborougl Road, Nottingham, left £2,704 (£2,658 net).

Mr. S. W. Galloway, M.P.S., 331 Cannol Hill Lane, West Wimbledon, London, S.W.20 left £5,561 (£3,717 net).

Mr. W. W. HARRISON, M.P.S., 35 Ferguson Lane, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 5, left £7,484 (£6,62

Mr. J. F. Hart, F.P.S., Ashmead, Ross-on Wye, Herefordshire, left £61,090 (£59,361 net).

MR. G. P. A. HUNT, F.P.S., 9 Devonshire Road, Southampton, Hants, left £8,089 (£8,018 net).

MR. J. J. JOHN, M.P.S., 1 Beauchamp Road Twickenham, Middlesex, left £4,139 (£4,073 net)

Mr. E. M. MELLOR, M.P.S., The Redlands, 35 New Road, Uttoxeter, Staffs, left £24,882 (£22,978

CONTEMPORARY **THEMES**

Subjects of contributions in current medical and technical periodicals.

ACUTE BARBITURATE INTOXICATION, J. Amer. med. Ass., April 29.

ISOCARBOXAZID, experience with. J. Amer. med. Ass., April 29.

LONG-TERM ANTICOAGULANT THERAPY in coronary disease. J. Amer. med. Ass., April 22.

Anticoagulant therapy, a Amer. med. Ass., April 22. a new test for. J.

When your customers ask for 'vitamins'...

For general purposes

for nutritional support in convalescence or because of prolonged ill-health, BEMAX is particularly recommended.

For BEMAX contains a high proportion of protein (27%), vitamins of the B-complex and E, together with important minerals such as iron. Easily digested and readily taken with a variety of foods, it is invaluable at all age levels.

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Packs of 5, 10 and 20 ozs.

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and for the febrile, VITAVEL SYRUP is specially valuable. It is water-miscible and has a most attractive taste, readily acceptable to children and others who dislike fish-liver oils. It is a combination of the important vitamins, A, B₁, C and D in an orange-flavoured syrup base.

VITAVEL SYRUP

Basic price to N.H.S. 6 fl. ozs. 2/6, 40 fl. ozs. 16/-.

For pregnancy and lactation

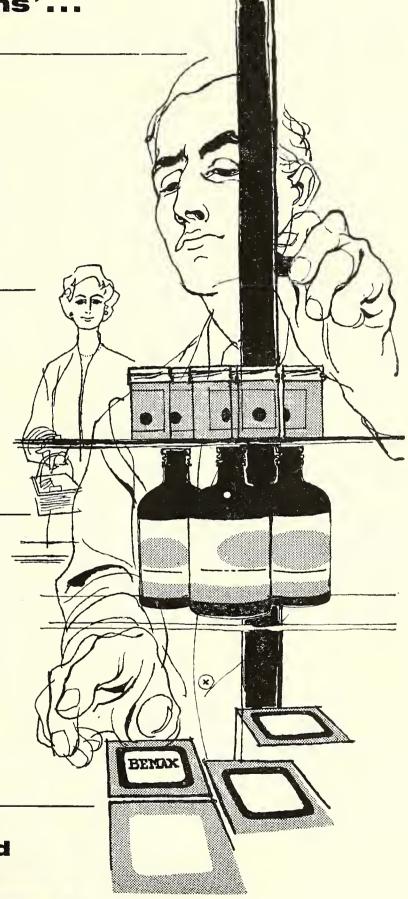
The special nutritional needs of the pregnant and lactating mother have been met in PREGNAVITE which has found favour with the medical profession for more than 20 years. This preparation supplies just those vitamins and minerals which are needed in increased amounts during pregnancy and lactation, in the quantities estimated to be needed in addition to normal dietary supplies.

PREGNAVITE

Packs of 60, 120 and 1,000. Basic price to N.H.S. 1,000 tablets 32/9.

... recommend a product from





(DEPT. A.A.7.) UPPER MALL, LONDON, W.6.

8-Methoxypsoralen

Riddell Products, Ltd., note that the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society have decided to ask the Secretary of State for Home Affairs to place 8-Methoxypsoralen in Part 1 of the Poisons List and in Part B of the 4th Schedule to the Poisons Rules.



As the Tan-if-ic formula contains a small quantity of 8-Methoxypsoralen, the above inclusion would make

it impossible for Riddell Products, Ltd. to implement their proposed national advertising for this product.

Riddell Products, Ltd., therefore, request all Chemists and Wholesale Chemists who hold stocks of Tan-if-ic to return them forthwith to Riddell Products, Ltd. for credit.

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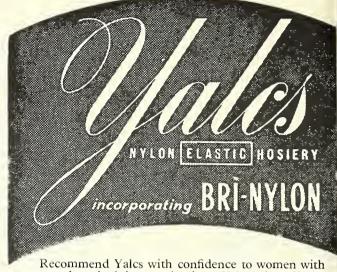
Whitaker's for Dyes

"LUTON" STRAW HAT DYES and "AURORAL" COLD WATER DYES

are nationally advertised and are regularly requested.
Attractive Pattern Cards and Showcards supplied.

Write for Price List giving full particulars to:

WHITAKER & CO. (KENDAL) LTD., KENDAL.



Recommend Yalcs with confidence to women with actual or incipient varicosites. Yalcs give all the therapeutic support of true two-way stretch—without putting a strain on vanity!

Yalcs are available ex stock—at full trade discount—in three types:

SUPERMESH Retailing at 63/- pair

(Superfine)

Retailing at 63/- pair

SERVICE

Retailing at 53/3 pair

Yalcs Service may be supplied against N.H.S. prescription in Nylon Elastic Yarn (Lightweight) Two-Way stretch.

Yalcs Elastic Socks for Men also available.

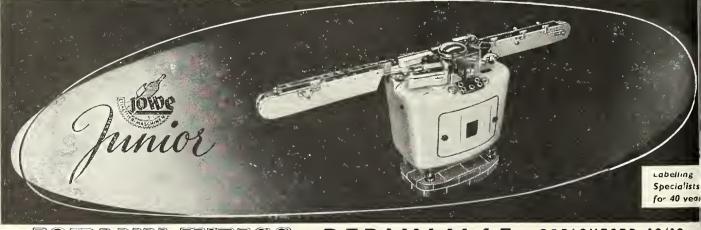
Display material, leaflets, shade cards available from Sales Agents:

GLENSIDE (LONDON) LTD, 37 Percy St, London, WI

IT'S A TWELVE MONTH SEASON FOR



★ Labels containers of 15 to 70 mm. in diameter ★ Capacity 2000–7200 per hour, infinitely variable ★ Unlubricated bearings, require little attention ★ Dating device. Bottle counter. Speedometer



JOHANN WEISS

BERLIN N 65

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Now in a new improved pack!

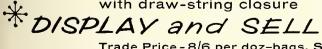
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GENERAL PURPOSE

COTTON WOOL

WITH OTHER FIBRES

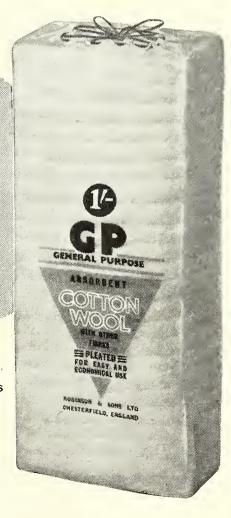
PLEATED...for easy and economical use...
...packed in attractively printed polythene bags
with draw-string closure



Trade Price - 8/6 per doz-bags. Selling price - 1/- per bag Standard Pack - 9 dozen bags per carton

Obtainable from your wholesaler - or direct from

ROBINSON & SONS LTD . WHEAT BRIDGE MILLS . CHESTERFIELD

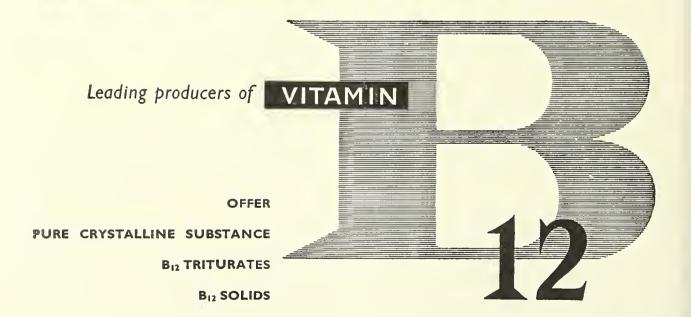


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GLAXO LABORATORIES

Weiss, Johann, Berlin

Whitaker & Co. (Kendal), Ltd.



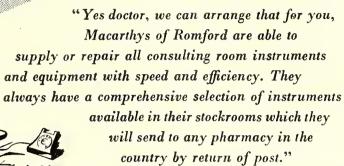
FOR ALL PHARMACEUTICAL PURPOSES

Pure-stable-high biological activity



BULK SALES DEPARTMENT, GLAXO LABORATORIES LTD., GREENFORD, MIDDLESEX. BYRon 3434
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SPECIALISED FURNITURE, CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS APPARATUS
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ABICOL

for

balanced control in the hypertensive

patient

SOUND BASIC THERAPY This new and unique combination of reserpine and bendrofluazide provides a smooth and sustained hypotensive effect. In severe cases, Abicol Tablets also potentiate the effects of ganglion-blocking agents, enabling lower doses to be used.

REDUCED SIDE EFFECTS Bendrofluazide augments the action of reserpine, permitting effective treatment with negligible risk of serious side-reactions.

Each tablet contains 0.15 mg. of reserpine and 2.5 mg. of bendrofluazide. Available in packs of 100 and 500 tablets.

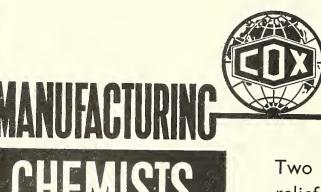
The basic N.H.S. price of 25 tablets is $3/2\frac{1}{2}$ d (ex. 500 pack).

Available from your usual wholesaler or from

WHOLESALE DIVISION · BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. LTD · STATION ST · NOTTINGHAM Tel: Nottingham 56111

or 71 FLEET STREET · LONDON E.C.4. Tel: FLEet Street 0111





ZIM Dental Balm ZIM Pastilles

Two excellent preparations for the relief of infections of the mouth. Particularly indicated in the treatment of discomfort caused to tender gums when wearing new dentures or when old dentures have made the gums sore.

Attractive packs and showouters Counter display material

For further information and trade terms ask our representatives or write to our Head Office.

ARTHUR H. COX & CO. LTD. BRIGHTON. ENGLAND.

ESTABLISHED IN 1839

The original American beverage, imported. Aromatic and light-hearted. Made from bran, wheat, molasses.

STANT 100% coffee-free

for the over-nerved

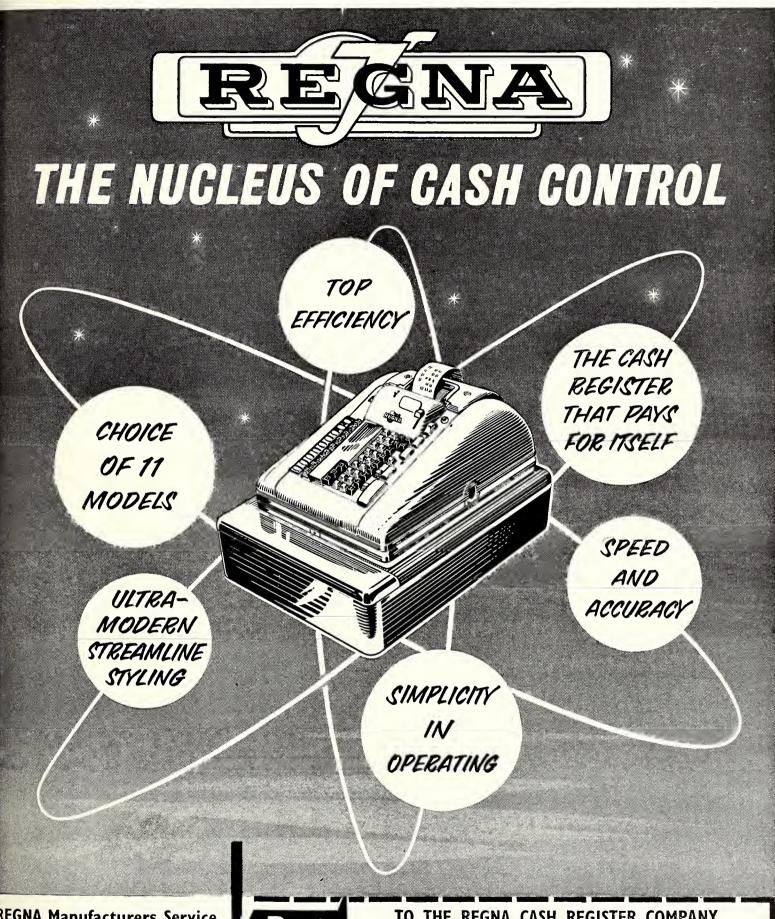
Retail Price
4 oz • 3/11d

National advertising supports your recommending it for a few weeks' trial—to your customers' blessing and your success.



G. COSTA & CO. LTD

STAFFORDSHIRE ST. LONDON S.E.15 • Tel: NEW Cross 3456
Also at:- 2 Canning St. Edinburgh • Tel: Fountainbridge 7461



REGNA Manufacturers Service

On-the-spot service by factorytrained skilled engineers.

VISIT OUR LONDON SHOWROOMS 27 JOHN ADAM ST., W.C.2 20 PALL MALL, S.W.I

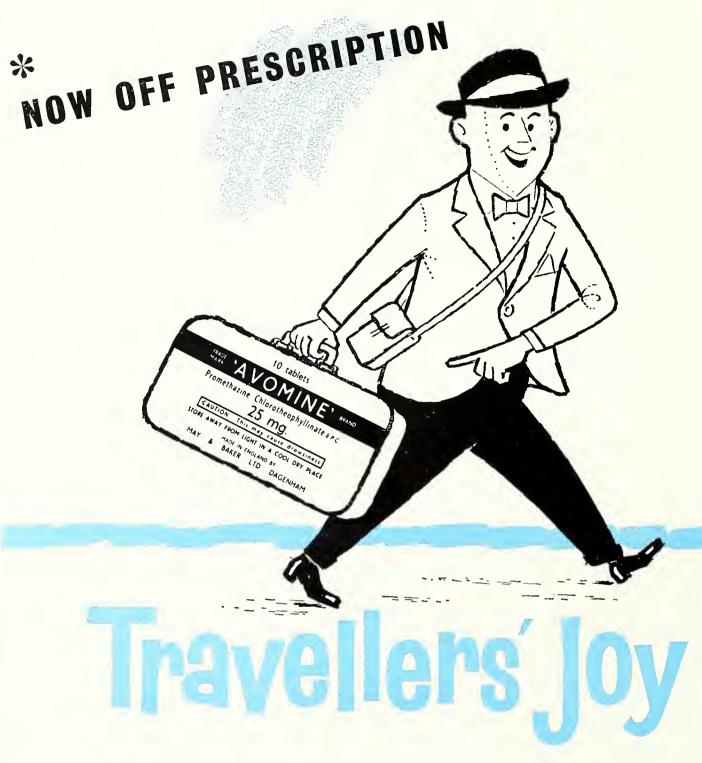


TO THE REGNA CASH REGISTER COMPANY

27, John Adam Street, London, W.C.2 Tel: TRA 3351-4 Please rush without obligation, illustrated multi-coloured leaflet together with full details of a REGNA for my business.

NAME _____

ADDRESS



'Avomine' is best dispensed in

the 10-tablet slide container
convenient and profitable.

'AVOMINE'

PROMETHAZINE CHLOROTHEOPHYLLINATE B.P.C.

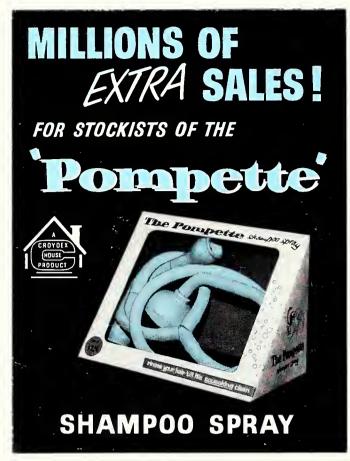
travel sickness
(land, sea or air)

Charles to the constant of the container retails at 2s. 3d.

An M&B brand Medical Product

MAY & BAKER LTD





MORE THAN 10 MILLION READERS

will , co the Compette advertising

Nationally advertised in the Women's Interest and Home Magazines, this means increased Sales and INTA PROPES TOR 11 12 14 10141 1454///18

TRUE STORY/TRUE ROMANCES SHE · PHOTOPLAY · FLAIR VANITY FAIR · WOMAN'S STORY HONEY · WOMAN & HOME EVERYWOMAN · MODERN WOMAN MY HOME · WOMAN & BEAUTY

Other CROYDEX products include:

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THE NEW CROYDON RUBBER COMPANY LIMITED 36 MITCHAM LANE, STREATHAM, LONDON, S.W.16.

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VORY NATURAL PEACH SUNGOLD
OCHRE APRICOT and RACHEL
TUBES No. 2 No. 3
TRADE 8/- doz. 13/2 doz. RETAIL 1/4 each 2/3 each
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Put all the MOTHAK range on your counter NOW and be sure of easy SALES

Now — and all through the summer—

BIG SPACE ADVERTISING

will sell MOTHAK products for YOU

Your customers will look for the name

Mothaks (Bag of 8) 1/Mothak Fly
Killer only 3/9
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Freshener only 3/9
Mothak Moth
Proofer only 3/9

MOTHA

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MOTHAKS

—by the experts

THOMPSON AND CAPPER LTD - LIVERPOOL

NEW!

the shavers' best friend

SteriShave

for 100% razor hygiene

SteriShave is a truly outstanding advance in shaving and it is easy to see why SteriShave is fast becoming the very best of friends with safety razor users. Not only does it make for quicker, easier shaving but it sterilises the razor, extends blade life and eliminates drying and cleaning—all very simply by keeping the razor immersed in this amazing solution between shaves.

YOUR CUSTOMERS WILL WANT STERISHAVE...

Because SteriShave offers 100% razor hygiene and can be used with *all* types of safety razors.

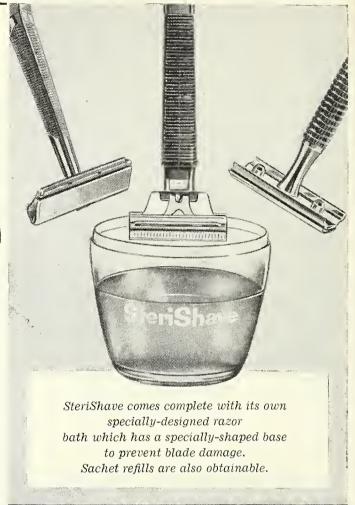
Because SteriShave has special cleansing, disinfectant and anti-corrosion properties, and is active against a wide range of bacteria.

Because SteriShave keeps razor blades at peak sharpness and increases the number of shaves per blade.

Because SteriShave removes all soapy deposits, saves cleaning and drying and keeps a razor at its sparkling best—ensuring a clean shave every day.

Because SteriShave is quick—rinse razor under the tap—shave—another rinse—immerse in the SteriShave razor bath—and there you are!

Take advantage of the National Advertising support and the tremendous **25**% Purchase Tax reduction. Stock SteriShave now!—your best-selling friend





GEORGE SPENCER & SON LTD.

High Class Toilet Brushes, Toilet Requisites and Chemists' Sundries

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS OF Beautiful Hair BRECK PREPARATIONS

THE WORLD-FAMOUS Badedas BATH PREPARATIONS, TALIKA CREME

AND Misslyn ITALIAN NAIL POLISH IN U.K.

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ANNOUNCEMENT

Schiaparelli les parfums

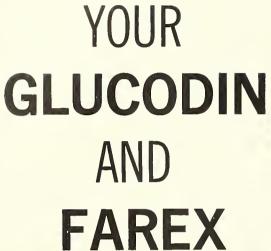
GEORGE SPENCER & SON LTD. proudly announce that they have been appointed SOLE DISTRIBUTORS in the United Kingdom for the world-famous

Schiaparelli
Perfumes

These preparations which already enjoy a reputation second to none will be much in demand by your customers due to our forthcoming intensive promotional campaigns and we shall be very grateful if you will kindly address all your orders and enquiries to:— GEORGE SPENCER & SONS LTD.

Kynance Place, Gloucester Road, London, S.W.7.

where they will receive our immediate attention.





BONUS OFFER



The Glucodin and Farex bonus offer is now well under way. Have you ordered your first bonus parcels? Is it time to repeat the order? During the offer, the profit margins on Glucodin and Farex are 42% and 35% respectively. This makes it well worth your while to send in several orders before the offer closes on June 10th. Put bold displays in your windows, your baby departments and on your counters, using the special show material, some of which is illustrated.



GLAXO LABORATORIES LIMITED

SUNDRIES FARE TA VITAL EXTRA? TO THE CHEMISTS'

EST. 1777

Telephone: CLErkenwell 3060 (15 lines) Switchboard open 8.30 a.m.—4.45 p.m.

TET US BE YOUR 'SUNDRIES

WE CAN ALWAYS OFFER A WIDELY COMPETITIVE RANGE OF

- BATHING CAPS
 - **BATHROOM SCALES**
 - HOLDALLS
 - PICNIC OUTFITS
 - SPONGE BAGS
 - SUNGLASSES
 - WASHING SQUARES, Etc.

SEASONAL OR OTHERWISE WE CAN SHOW YOU WHAT YOU REQUIRE. LET US QUOTE YOU, OR BETTER. IF IN LONDON OR HOME COUNTIES — VISIT OUR SHOWROOM OR ASK FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CALL.

- SUNDRIES CATALOGUE AVAILABLE ON APPLICATION -

BUTLER & CRISPE LTD.

80/84 Clerkenwell Road, London E.C.I

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This wide range of



STANDARD STEROIDS

to meet prescriptions

PREDNISOLONE TABLETS, B.P. & B.N.F.

PREDNISOLONE BUFFERED TABLETS

('Co-Hydeltra' Brand)

PREDNISONE TABLETS, B.P. & B.N.F.

('Deltacortone' Brand)

PREDNISONE BUFFERED TABLETS

('Co-Deltra' Brand)

CORTISONE ACETATE PRODUCTS

HYDROCORTISONE PRODUCTS

('Hydrocortone' Brand)

Steroid order forms detail full MSD range—supplied on request



Merck Sharp & Dohme Limited Hoddesdon, Herts



need that thorough simple non-touch technique



After a few days' treatment, lesions become flat and pale with subsidence of oedema, pruritus and infiltration. Neither stings, burns, nor irritates. No need to touch tender fragile skin. Non-tacky.

Presentation: 2 fl. oz. 1 fl. oz. pack



SCIENCE FOR THE WORLD'S WELL-BEING Pfizer Ltd · Sandwich · Kent
*Trade Mark PF249/11026

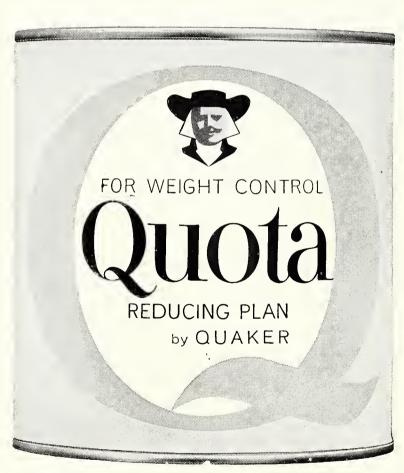
SLIM! THE NEW PR

DRIAKAEW

INTRODUCING NEW Output Description Output Description Description

BY QUAKER

ONLY SLIMMING FOOD WITH ALL THESE ADVANTAGES



FOR YOUR CUSTOMERS

● LOWER COST! QUOTA costs 7/6 per 8 oz. tin—one day's eomplete supply. At a price eompetitive with any comparable slimming product —less than 2/- per meal!

● A GENUINE FOOD—backed by over 60 years' nutritional experience of Quaker Oats Limited. This reassures your customers that QUOTA really is a food—a natural way to slim up to 5 lb. a week, without drugs, bulking agents...or hunger!

• PROVED EFFECTIVE

—before millions of people. Read about the unique TV test that proved QUOTA really works, on the opposite page.

...AND FOR YOU, A HIGHER PROFIT MARGINA substantial percentage on every tin you sell plus introductory bonus profits!

LIMITED TO LONDON TV AREA

Stock up with new Quota-PLANNED to

Quarterly Price List MARCH I

2-Minute Magic (385 DG)	59	0	29 6	9	9
A.A. (211 Butler) ointment	14	1 6	3 7	<u>1</u> 2	3
Abdine (821 McGlashan)	1.5	. 0	9 1	2 4	
powders single	32	_	8 0		41/2
Abunda (385 DG)	-	ross	gros		
cream	45	0	22 - 6	7	6
Achromycin (746 Lederle) capsules 50 mgm	25 9	6ea		14	3 TS
	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 35 \\ 16 & 25 \end{array}$				
	$\frac{10}{00}$ $\frac{23}{153}$	4ea		230	0 TS
for ear solution	00 1480	6ea		2220	9 TS
powder vial 50 mgm diluent vial 10 mils	7 6	0ea		9	0 TS
diluent vial 10 mils for oral suspension 1.5 gn	<i>_</i>				
1	oz §			14	
intramuscular vial 100 mg intravenous vial 100 mg	gm 4 gm 4	6ea 2ea		6 6	
250 mg	gm 4 gm 8 gm 15 oz 4 oz 7	6ea		12	9 TS
ointment 3% ½	gm 1a oz 4	4ea 0ea			
	oz 7	2ea		10	9 TS
powder sterilised v	ial 6	0ea 10ea		9 7	
oil suspension 1% 6 m	ils 1	8ea		2	6 TS
pediatric drops 10 m	118 6 00 35	6ea 8ea			
ophthalmic ointment 1 % powder sterilised v oil suspension 1 % 6 m pediatric drops 10 m soluble tablets 1 syrup 2	oz g	6ea		14	3 TS
tablets 50 mgm		000		103 14	
1	00 - 35	8ea		53	6 TS
250 mgm	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 25 \\ 00 & 153 \end{array}$				
10	00 1480	6ea		2220	9 TS
troches 15 mgm Achromycin V (746 Lederle)	25 3	8ea	• •	5	6 TS
capsules 50 mgm	25 - 9			14	3 TS
	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 35 \\ 16 & 25 \end{array}$			53	6 TS 3 TS
	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 25 \\ 00 & 153 \end{array}$			230	0 TS
nadiatria drana	00 1480	6ea		2220	9 TS
pediatric drops 10 m syrup 2	oz 9	6ea 6ea			
Adelphane (262 CIBA)	oz 68	8ea			0 TS
tablets	25				
Adreson (917 Organon)	ila				
e eye drops 1% 3 m tablets 5 mgm 25 mgm 20, Adrovd (938 PD)	40				
25 mgm 20, Adroyd (938 PD)	40				
tablets	30 22	8ea		34	0 †s4]3
1	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 70 \\ 50 & 170 \end{array} $				0 †s413
Adwin (266 Clarnel)					·
paediatric 4	07 108	. 0		3	9
paediatric 4 dp 16 tablets 1 dp 5	00 80	ő			
Aero-Medic (261 Christy)	00 80 00 27	0ea			
Aero-Ped (261 Christy)					
Aero-Ped (657 IL) Agfalux (16 Agfa)					
flash gun68				79	11
e ivory de luxe 6874/10 Alrwick (23 Airwick)	00				
de luxe bottle					44
aerosol mlst large fly killer large	62 62		• •		11 11
Albion (339 CG)				,	
	oz 5 oz 8	5 8			
4	oz 14	7			
16	oz 25 oz 3		• • •		
Aludrox (1352 Wyeth)		-		2.4	
tablets compound 56 Ambiffex (16 Agfa)	80 306	9		34	1
I camera31				1490	4
II camera310 III camera310				1783 2140	3 9
E.R. cases60				94	2

	Ambinon A (917 Orga Ambinon B (917 Orga								
	Ambi Silette (16 Agfa)	eamera w	ith f2.	8/50 m	m C	olor			
	Solinar lens	2091					1065	2	
	E.R. case	6014					79	11	
	Ambramycin (70 Aspr	n)							
	capsules 250 mgm	16	25	6ea					TS
	capsaics 200 ingin	60	92	0ea					TS
		250	372			٠.			$\tilde{\mathbf{T}}\tilde{\mathbf{S}}$
	suspension 2.5%	60 mils	9	веа					ŤŠ
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	Amphetone (1348 JW)			3ea					
	Amplicatione (1948 9 ft)	40 oz	16			• •			
		80 oz	30	1ea		• •			
	Amylozine (1152 SK)	00 UZ	30	ICa		• •			
	Spansules	30	150	0			18	9	4 a1a4
	Spansules	250	99	0ea			148	6	†8184 †8184
	Andre Philippe (48 AP		33	oca		• •	140	U	12124
	eyebrow pencil	' 6	4	6	2	3		9	
Delete				17	_	9		9	
Little	spray lacquer aeroso		er 29	0 11	14	6	4	9	
	Anestan (690 Keldon)	,,,,	23	U	1.4	U	-	9	
	Angel Face (256 CPL)								
	compact refill		17	4	S	S	2	9	
	Antrenyl (262 CIBA)		17	7	ы	ß	-	9	
Delete									
Ditte	A-Pek (328 CCC)	25 mils	204	0			0.5	_	
			204	0			25	6	
D.7.4.	Apresoline (262 CIBA)								
Delete	tablets 25 mgm	25							
Delete	50 mgm	25							
	Aqua Velva (1113 S&I	3)							
	after-shave lotion		17		8	$6\frac{1}{2}$	2	8	
				11		11 ½	4	4	
	ice blue		21	9	10	101	4 3 5	4	
			37	3	18	7₺	5	9	

THIS WEEK'S CHANGES AT END OF LIST

									- 1
	Archanium (974 PC)	1 1 oz	26	0	C		_	•	,
	Archanium (974 PC)	$\frac{12}{2}$ oz	40	0	$\frac{6}{10}$	6	3 5	9	!
		8 oz	92	ő	23	0	13	10	
	Arrid (1003 PP)	0.02	32	U	20	U	13	3	
)elete		611							
	deodorant super s		19	9	4	111	2	9	
elete	deodorant super s		37	Š	$\hat{9}$	5	2 5	ŏ	
	Arthrepsin (719 LAP)					-	-	•	
	tablets	50	68	0			8	6	
		1000	1332	ŏ			166	6	
	Arthripax (894 Nichol	as)						•	
elete)	cream	4 oz							
clete	tablets	64							
	Artra (1330 WL)								
	skin tone cream	2 oz	60	0	30	0	10	0	
	Arvin (438 ER)							_	
	electric razor D.S.1	5	36	Gea	9	2ea	57	9	
	Ascon (37 Allied)							-	
		dp 80 oz	23	8ea					ts7
	tablets	dp 250	9	0ea					ts7
	Ashes of Roses (150)	Bourjois)							10.
	perfume miniature	41	20	0	10	0	3	6	
	Ashes of Violets (150)								
	perfume miniature	5011	20	0	10	0	3	6	
elete	Asmac (1303 Wander)								
	Asmac (1303 Wander)								
	tablets	50	54	0			6		†8184A
	Assessed (ORG DODE)	250	213	0			23	8	†8184A
	Asmaval (378 DCBL)	500	20					_	
	tablets	500	28	4ea		• •	42	6	p1s4B
	Aspellin (1023 Radiol)								
		dp 16 oz	132	0			16	6	
		dp 80 oz	600	0		• •	75	0	
	Astrafer I.V. (68 AH) ampoules 5 mils	-	1.00	0			4.0		
	ampoules 5 mms	5	102	0		٠.	12	9	
		25	36	Gea		• •	54	9	

'SAXIN'

)elete **)elete**

advertising on all



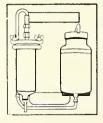


Stations

REACHES 36,000,000 VIEWERS RIGHT THROUGH THE SUMMER SEASON. MAKE SURE YOU HAVE STOCKS TO MEET THEIR INCREASING DEMAND.

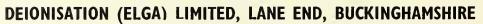
Burroughs Wellcome & Co. (The Wellcome Foundation Ltd) London

_	501	LELWILI	11 10	THE CI	TEMIST AND DROUGHST May 20, 1	3
	Atkinsons (76 Atkinson)				Breck (1169 GS&S)	u
	men's range after shave lotion6540	57 4	27 11 9	6	shampoo sachet 7 0 1 9 1 0 Bright Future (631 Hudnut)	И
	erystal after shave 6534 pre-electric shave 6542	$\begin{array}{ccc} 52 & 10 \\ 58 & 10 \end{array}$	25 9 8 28 8 9	9	hair lightener 48 3 24 1½ 7 6 Bright Mist (385 DG)	ı
	shaving bowl6537 refill6538	$\begin{array}{ccc} 65 & 4 \\ 32 & 8 \end{array}$	15 11 9 8 0 4	6 9	hair set aerosoi 72 0 36 0 12 0 Bronchipax (70 Aspro)	И
	eream latiner6530 brusinless6532	$\begin{array}{ccc} 37 & 10 \\ 37 & 10 \end{array}$	9 3 5 9 3 5	6	tablets 6 46 0 (3 doz) 1 10	1
	Aureomycin (746 Lederie) capsules 50 mgm 25	9 6ea	14	3 TS	48 74 4 8 10	1
	250 mgm 16	35 8ea 25 6ea	53	6 TS 3 TS	Bronnley (194 Bronnley)	
	100	153 4ea	230	0 TS	pine bath cubes (6) 2022/6 19 0 9 3 3 3 3 essence 10oz 902 56 9 27 8 9 6	
	ear solution 50 mgm vial	1480 6ea 6 0ea	2220	9 TS 0 TS	turtle oii bath soap 604/B 15 0 3 7 2 2 Broprin (195 Brook Parker)	
	ointment 3% $\frac{1}{2}$ oz $\frac{1}{2}$ oz	4 0ea 7 2ea	6	0 TS 9 TS	tablets 250 5 0ea Delete 20, 50, 100, 3×100	
	oplithalmie 1% 6× ½ oz sterilised vial	6 0ea 4 10ea	9	0 TS 3 TS	Brovon (859 Moore) pressurised refill . 121 9 14 6 p.	1
	soluble tablets 50 mgm 100 syrup 4 oz	35 8ea 19 0ea	53	6 TS 6 TS	Brunltex (1113 S&B) shampoo powder 4 5 1 14 74	ľ
	troches 25	68 8ea 3 8ea	103	0 TS 6 TS		ı
	Autoflash (18 Agilux) super 44 eamera	120 4ea	29 5ca 210		Delete Caieno (484 Fulford) ali sizes Delete Carbantren (262 CIBA) tablets 20	ı
	Aviosulfon (649 ICI) tablets 0.05 gm1000	117 0	14	71	Casino (234 Cartwright)	П
	Ayrton (78 AS&Co)	14 0	7 0 2	9	Celabs (727 Lane) 36 16 0 4 0 2 3	П
	Balto (727 Lane)			9	180 51 10 13 0 7 3	I
Delete	foot balm 1½ oz Barbett (1113 S&B) razor blad		4 11 2	9	480 121 6 30 6 17 0 Certor (786 MacDonald)	П
	Barbett (430 Eueryi) drip dry razor blades (5)	16 0	4 0 2	3	bandage W.O.W. $2 \text{ in} \times 4 \text{ vd}$ $4 8 \dots \dots 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ in} \times 4 \text{ yd}$ $5 8 \dots \dots$	П
	Barbevite (1348 JW) 20 oz 80 oz	12 10ea 44 9ea	• •	†s1s4A †s1s4A	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ı
	Barboestryl (1087 Roussei) tablets	$\dot{2}\dot{4}$ 0	3	0 †s1s4A	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B
	Basque (682 KCL) 100	54 0	6	9 †s1s4A	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	П
	sun tan cream	$\begin{array}{ccc} 33 & 0 \\ 53 & 0 \end{array}$	16 1 5 25 10 8	6	4 oz 20 2 8 oz 36 8	П
	Bath gems (331 C of C)	19 3	9 4 3	3	16 oz 68 9	П
	with bow Baxen (894 Nieholas)	33 0		6	½ yd 5 4	
Delete Delete	powders single welfare				3 yd $21 6 \dots \dots$	N
Delete	tablets welfare				6 yd 39 10 12 yd 77 10	
	Bell & Howell (1027 RPI) 16 mm cine cameras				lint boric $\frac{1}{2}$ oz $\begin{array}{c} 6 & 8 & \dots \\ 1 & 0z & 10 & 3 & \dots \end{array}$	
	Autoload Sunomatic with $f/1 \cdot 9$		4.5.5		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Sunomatie lens with f/1·4 Ivotai		1597	-	8 oz 64 2 16 oz 123 9	
	lens Autoload Turret	••		1	lint plain $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 6 5 $\frac{1}{1}$ oz 9 8	
	with $f/1 \cdot 9$ Serital lens with $f/1 \cdot 4$ Ivotal lens		1843	9 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Bellmont projector stand		497	6	8 oz 59 5	
	Beplete (1352 Wyeth) elixir 4 oz	42 9	4	9 †s1s4A	Cestra (1073 Robinson) face mask 123 8 13 9	
	tablets 50	291 0 34 0	32	4 †s1s4A 10 †s1s4A	gross doz Charabs (727 Lane) 36 16 0 4 0 2 3	
	Beplex (1352 Wyeth) elixir	268 0			95 31 0 7 9 4 4 180 51 10 13 0 7 3	
	Besorbon (691 Kemsales)		_		480 121 6 30 6 17 0	
Delete	snuff	30 12 6	3 1½ 1	0	Choloxin (95 Baxter) tablets 50 23 4ea 5 10ea †:	84
	Bikini (78 AS&Co) summertan spray	40 0	20 0 6	9	Christmas in July (150 Bourjois) bath cubes (6)9404 27 2 13 7 4 9	
Delete	Biligrafin (1107 SAGB) ampoule 20 mils 30%				perfume presentation 9401 120 0 60 0 21 0 Cibalgin (262 CIBA)	
Delete	Billorat (8 Actlna) 50% 1				Delete suppositories Delete tablets 1000	
	tripod Stabiio gray 1125/3 Biotergic (972 Pharmax)	68 8ea	16 9ea 119	9	Gibazol (262 CIBA) Delete tablets 100 & 500	
	detergent 2 kiio Blakeys (136 BF)	28 0ea	• •		Delete Circtyl (938 PD) all sizes Circtyl (938 PD)	
	malted oatmeai 8 oz 16 oz	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	4 8	suspension 4 oz 34 0 8 6 4 111 80 oz 36 0ea 9 0ea 63 0	
	Bob Martin (143 BM) show ring shampoo	19 1	4 91 2	6	Clack (16 Agfa) camera	
	Boldoot (639 HH)	15 0	7 6 2		Clibo (16 Agfa)	
	Bourjois (150 Bourjois)	6 0		10	Climamask (1313 WED) 71 3ea 95 0	
	soap eggs (6)9158 soap egg mammoth9163	25 - 4	6 4 3	6	dentai cram 21 6 5 4 2 10	
	iemon	90 0 gross	22 6 1 gross		chlorophyll tooth paste large	
	obiong toilet9256	36 0 gross	9 0 gross	41/2	Colistol (328 CCC) 12 oz. 120 0 30 0 17 6 Collo-Cal-D (324 Crookes)	
Delete Delete	posy bowi C135 casket C157				bottle 16 oz 110 0 13 9 Delete 20 oz	



The Elgastat Pharmacist Model

FOR PURIFIED WATER B.P. FROM TAP - INSTANTLY AT NEGLIGIBLE COST Please write for leaflet C.D. 110 giving effluent cost for your own area





									D 1	-1-15 2
	collosol (324 Crookes) iodine 16 oz	60	0	15	0	8	9		Delete	10 mgm/2 mils 25 70 0ea 105 0 pls4B
elete	Color Bright (385 DG)								Delete Delete	dipropionate 5 mgm/mil 5 mils
	shampoo	51	0	25	6	8	6			ointment 18 gm 15 0ca 22 6 p1s4B Distafeed (378 DCBL)
	rinse Colorific (631 Hudnut)	70	0	35	0	11	9			penicillin supplement 10 lb 11 3ea 15 0 TS 50 lb 46 $10\frac{1}{2}$ ea 62 6 TS
	colour rinse	$\frac{23}{33}$	$_0^6$	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 16 \end{array}$	9 6	3 5	11 6			ribofiavin supplement No. 1 1 lb 2 0ea 2 8
	Color-Match (525 Golden) Colorvue (673 J of H)	55				29	6			10 lb 16 3ea 21 8
	Compactoid (339 CG)	0.0			• •	4	0			No. 2 1 lb 1 3ea 1 8 vitamin B.12
	first aid outfit . A162 A161	$\frac{36}{51}$	0		• •	5	9			supplement 1 lb $3 4\frac{1}{2}\text{ea}$ $4 6$
	A160 A159	$\begin{array}{c} 74 \\ 140 \end{array}$	$0 \dots 0$			8 15	3 6			10 lb 26 3ea 35 0 50 lb 121 10 ½ea 162 6
	Conovid (1121 Searle) A158	252	0		• •	28	0			Distivit (378 DCBL) B.12 ampoules
	tablets 5 mgm 20 Coramine (262 CIBA)	11	4ca		• •	17	0	†s4B		100 mcgm/mil 5 mils 1 11ea 2 10½ 1000 mcgm/mil 5 mils 5 8ea 8 6
elete										Distivit 1000 (378 DCBL) tablets 50 55 0ea 82 6
	tablets 5 mgm 100	$\frac{14}{71}$	2ea 1ea			21 106	4	T8 T8		Distolyt (378 DCBL) tablets 24
	25 mgm 100 500	53 266	4ea 8ea		• •	80 400	0	TS TS		100 9 0ca 2 3ea 15 9 pls7 DOCA (917 Organon)
	Cosette (300 Cosette)	46	0		••	6	9	15	Dalata	ampoules 2 mgm/mil 25 15 6ea 23 3 p1
	brief rayon nylon Coxidan (328 CCC) 1 lb	59 188	0	47		8 27	9		Delete Delete	5 mgm/mil 25 21 2ea 31 9 p1
.1.4.	Cravens (316 Craven)	100	Ü	7.1	Ü		٠			10 mgm/mil 25 41 Sea 62 6 p1
elete	Creminka (120 BGP)	10	Oee	9	000	42	0		Delete	Donnazyme (1071 Robins)
elete	all-purpose cream Cristolox (1303 Wander) all size	es	0ea			42	6			tablets 50 144 0 36 0 21 0 †s1s4A 500 1200 0 300 0 175 0 †s1s4A
	C.T.A. (1091 Rybar) 1 oz Cuckoo (453 Fecher)	17	U	4	6	2	U			Dorothy Gray (385 DG) cleansing cream liquefy-
	Cussons (338 Cussons) Imperial Leather	20	0	_	e: 1	•	•			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	bath soap magnum	23	0	5	7½	3	0			8 oz 99 0 49 6 16 6 cream rouge
	"Four Diamonds"2084 "Hungarian Rhapsody"	19	0	4	7±	2	6			dry skin cleanser 4 oz 69 0 34 6 11 6 extra rich night cream 1 oz 45 0 22 6 7 6
	"Rhapsody in Black"	23	0	5	7 1	3	0			eye-emollient cream 30 0 15 0 5 0 hand cream tube 33 0 16 6 5 6
	"Rhapsody In Blue" 2162	$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 23 \end{array}$	0	5 5	71 71	3	0			orange flower skin
	Dalmas (347 Dalmas) elastic first aid dressings	8	6			.1	0			lotion 4 oz 45 0 22 6 7 6 10 oz 93 0 46 6 15 6
	cabinets No. 1	8	0ea 0ea			11	3			roll-on deodorant and antiperspirant 45 0 22 6 7 6
	No. 3 refills	7 6	3ea 3ea			10	9			salon cold cream 4 oz 69 0 34 6 11 6 8 oz 108 0 54 0 18 0
	surgery cabinet No. 135 waterproof strlp dressings	9	3ea		• •	13	0			sensitive skin cream 1 oz 45 0 22 6 7 6 stay-matt 45 0 22 6 7 6
	$\begin{array}{c} 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ in } \times 1 \text{ yd} \\ 2 \text{ in } \times 1 \text{ yd} \end{array}$	20 24	3				10			texture lotion 10 oz 98 0 49 0 16 3 Dramamine (1121 Searle)
	2½ in ×1 yd 3 ln ×1 yd	$\frac{27}{32}$	9		• •	3	3			tablets 50 mgm 6 18 0 2 3 †s7 Dreamland (403 EA) electric blankets
	elastic strip dressing $1\frac{1}{2}$ in $\times 1$ yd	20	0			2	4			60×30 in single heat NS1/2 60 5ea 14 9ea 99 6 60×48 in single heat ND1/2 89 3ea 21 9ea 147 0
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{24}{27}$	3 ···			3	10			60 × 30 three heat 3FS1/2 81 4ca 19 10ea 134 0 60 × 48 three heat 3FD1/2 117 6ea 28 9ea 194 0
	3 in × 1 yd Danistol (328 CCC) capsules	32	3	26	•••	3	9			e Droxalin (976 PS&T) gel 8 oz and 80 oz e Duactin (917 Organon) tablets 250
	cattle 4 sheep 25	$\begin{array}{c} 80 \\ 180 \end{array}$	0	$\frac{20}{45}$	$0 \\ 0$	11 26	8 3			Duo-Gestan (1259 Unichem) 13 4 3 5 2 0
	Dantyl (747 Leo) cachets	$\frac{23}{75}$	0ea							powder
	Decaserpyl (1087 Roussel)		0ea		• •					Duo-Gestan Livertone (1259 Unichem) tablets
	tablets 5 mgm 20	$\frac{92}{456}$	$0 \dots 0$			11 57	0	†s4B †s4B		Ecolid (262 CIBA)
	10 mgm 500 20	$\begin{array}{c} 188 \\ 168 \end{array}$	0ea 0			282 21	0	†s4B †s4B	Delete Delete	ampoules 5 mgm 6
	100 500	$\frac{840}{348}$	0 0ea			105 522		†84B †84B	Delete	
	Depinar (61 APC) vlal 2 mils 1000 mcgm	124				15	6			small 17 0 4 3 2 6 Elastoplast (1155 S&N)
	5 mils 2500 mcgm Depo-Medrone (1263 Upjohn)	240	0		• •	30	0			quick pack 17 3 2 0
	40 mgm/mil 1 mil Derbac (1070 Windsor)	21	0ea		• •	• •		TS		Elation (385 DG) dusting powder tin 42 0 21 0 7 0
slete	medicated shampoo Dial (262 CIBA) tablets all sizes	15		3	11 ³	2	3			film make-up
nete Lete	Di-Adreson (917 Organon) tablet Di-Adreson-F (917 Organon) tab	lets 1	mgm 3	30						skin perfume 1 oz 30 0 15 0 5 0 2 oz 75 0 37 6 12 6
siete s iete	Diandrone (917 Organon) tablets Dibexin (938 PD) capsules packs	2·5 m of 25	gm 50	0						4 oz 105 0 52 6 17 6 Electrique (813 MF)
elete	Dicoumarin (917 Organon) tablet Didial (262 CIBA) tablets all size	s 50 m	gm 25	& 50	00					Cologne 2 oz 47 4 23 8 7 9 4 oz 76 0 38 0 12 6
	Dimenformon (917 Organon) ampoules 1 mgm/mil 25		6ea			23	3	p1s4B		perfunc phial 45 4 22 8 7 6 1 oz 318 8 159 0 52 6
riete riete	vial 5 mils							_		Elsan (418 EM) sanitary fluid blue 1 gall 126 0 14 0
elete!	5 mgm/mil 25 6	35	4ea		• •	53	0	p1s4B		super 1 gall 144 0 16 0 Elsanol (418 EM) 1 gall 81 0 9 0
_							-			



CEX PASTILETS
THE MODERN COUGH TREATMENT

MEGGESON DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

THE BRAND LEADERS IN THEIR FIELDS

MEGGESON & CO. LTD., LONDON S.E.16

7	SUF	LLE	MEN	1 1	O	THE CH	EMIS	SI AND DRUGG	121		мау	20), 1
	Embazin (971 PSMB) 20z 10oz	$\frac{30}{112}$	0 0		3 14	9 pls1 0 pls1	Delete	Gammexane (649 ICI) insect Gamgee (1073 Robinson) tiss	powder				
	20oz 80oz Emeside (718 LAB)	208 800	0	• •	26	0 pls1 0 pls1		blue label BPC 2 c	z 7 z 7	8½ lb 1½ lb	• •	1 2	31 41
Delete	capsules 250 mgm 100 Emmotone (571 Stagg) 8 oz	27	9ea	• •	37	0		986 166 pink labe! NHS No. 3 26)z 6	91 lb 61 ea 11 lb		4 8 1	6 8 0
Delete	Emplets (938 PD) thyroid evarian packs of 500 Enavid (1121 Searle)							4 6	oz 5 oz 5	6½ lb 2 lb		1 3	10
	tablets 5 mgm 20 50	11 25	4ea 8ea		17 38	0 †s4B 6 †s4B		yellow label 2 d	oz 9 oz 8	10 ? e a 4 lb 9 lb	• •	6 1 2	11
	$ \begin{array}{cccc} & 250 \\ & 10 \text{ mgm} & \dots & 20 \\ & & 50 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 118 \\ 22 \\ 51 \end{array} $	4ea 8ea 4ea		177 34 77	6 †s4B 0 †s4B 0 †s4B		8 (16 ()z 8	41 lb 11 ea 0 3		5 10 2	7
Dalata	Endografin (1107 SAGB)	236	8ea		355	0 †s4B		Gem (365 Demuth) dry shampoo	18			2	9
Delete Delete	ampoule 10 mils 1 70% viscous 1 Enduron (2 Abbott)							Geriden (369 DL) elixir 4 (Gestanin (917 Organon)	oz 72	0		9	0
	tablets 2·5 mgm 25 100 5 mgm 25	45 174 81	0 0 0		5 21 10	7½ 9 1½	Delete	tablets 5 mgm 50 Gestyl (917 Organon) ampoules 200 iu 1 mil	00 221 6	0ea	• •	331	6
Delete	Enpac (769 Lloyd-Hamol) 100	288	0		36	0	Delete Delete	400 iu 1 mil 500 iu 1 mil	6 3, 6, & 1	2			
	Enpac (1340 WUD) 60 gm Ephazone (690 Keldon) tablets 48	96 78	0 24	4 0	14 8	8	Delete Dele t e	1000 iu 1 mil 3000 iu 1 mil Gevral (746 Lederle)	6				
Delete	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 250 \\ 12, 24, 500 \text{ and } 1000 \end{array}$	$\frac{144}{342}$	0	• •	16 38	0		capsules 3 Gina (97 Bayer)	0 11		2 10ea		
201616	Erytex (211 Butler)	13	6 5	3 4½	2	0		tablets 10 Glucagon (413 Lilly) ampoule 1 mgm dry		0 25	6	14	
	Eskornade (1153 SKF) Spansule 30 Esquire (1113 S&B)	128	0		16	0 †s7	Delete	Go (994 P & M)	1 11	Sea	• •	17	6
	brushless shave Ethobral (1352 Wyeth) tablets 250	18 200	4 · ·	1 7	2 22	5 3 †s1s4A	370000	spray perfumed775 refill775	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 21 \\ 3 & 15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 7 \\ \end{array}$	6		6
Delete	Eticyclin (262 CIBA) Linguets 0.01 mgm 500 & 16	00	0	• •	22	v sistA		stick perfumed774 Golden Babe (761 Lilia-White baby pants	30	0 9	0		6
Delete Delete	0.05 mgm 500 & 10 1 mgm all sizes Evening in Paris (150 Bourjois)	00						large and ex large napkins 1	33 2 22 4 44	6 0 0	• •	3	
	hair cream9044 hair spray9220 hand cream9198	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 54 \\ 25 \end{array}$		0 9 7 2 2 10	3 9 4	9 6 6		Gwilym Evans' (552 GE)	8 82	0	•••	8	9
	liquid brilliantine 9102 perfume 2902	$\frac{21}{21}$	6 10 6 10	9 9	3	9	Delete	Halex (560 Halex) chamber anti-splash F550	0 13	0 3	3	1	9
Delete	soap toilet (3)9218 soap toilet9033 spray mist3222	31 77	0 38	3 6	13	6		Hanson (822 McEwan) Venus scales Hayphryn (97 Bayer)	58	6ea 12	2ea	95	6
Delete	talcum 6378 vanishing cream	21 15) 9 7 10½	3 2	9		spray	32 C 32	0 7	• •	3	9
	Evramycin (1352 Wyeth) capsules 12 100	306 204	0 0ea		34 272	0 TS 0 TS		Hematest (843 ML) tablets 5	B 54 0 90	4 0		6 11	3
	suspension 60 mils Exovax (208 BW)	193	10	• •	21	7 TS		Hero (451 F & J) cold relief Hexital (922 Ortho)	39	9 9	111	5	3
	vaccine for mink 12.5 cc Falapen (394 DF) tablets 10	139 90	6	• •	15	6 VPO 3 TS		tablets	0 352			11 44	0 †s1s 0 †s1s
	Farleys (448 Farleys) gluten-free biscuits 8 oz Febramine (147 Boots)	22	0		2	3		Hydrocortisone (759 L & B) cream non-greasy	er 36	0 gross	• •		4
	tablets 30 250	$\frac{28}{16}$	0 8ea	• •	3 25	6 0		½% 5 gr 15 gr	n 3	7ea	• •	2 5	8 TS 4 TS
	Felicette (980 Photopia) camera		• •		195 23			1% 5 gr 15 gr $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ 5 gr	n 5 n 4	10ea 9ea 11ea	• •	4 8 7	4 TS 8 TS 4 TS
Delete	Femandren (262 CIBA) Linguets all sizes Ferrodex (195 Brook Parker)							15 gr lotion ½% 20 mi 1% 20 mi	n 11 ls 4	7ea 5ea 11ea	• •	17 6 10	4 TS 8 TS 4 TS
	iron tonic 4 oz 8 oz	28 46	0	••				ointment greasy ½% 5 gr 15 gr	n 1 n 3	9ea 7ea	• •	2 5	8 TS 4 TS
	Flypel (649 ICI) tube Folic acid (413 Lilly)	21	0 8	5 3	2			1% 5 gi 15 gi 2½% 5 gi	n 5 n 4	10ea 9ea 11ea	• •	4 8 7	4 TS 8 TS 4 TS
Delete	tablets 5 mgm 100 Folvite (746 Lederle)elixir 4 oz Forhans (451 F&J)	32	0	• •	4	0		15 gs 50 gs Hydroderm (837 MSD) 5 gs	n 35	7ea 1ea 0	• •	17 52 6	4 TS 8 TS 4½ TS
	toothpaste	13 19		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2			Hypnotique (813 MF)	nı 126	0	••	15	9 TS
Delete	Francolor (637 Hunter) camera							perfume phi	z 103 al 57	4 28	8 8	11 17 9	0 6
	with $f/2 \cdot 8$ Color Frankar lens ever ready case		10ea 3		a 226 a 40	5 4		Ibcol (671 Jeyes) disinfectant extra 1 ga		8 109 0ea		36 16	6
	French & Scott (481 F&S) olive oil shampoo sachet	8 51	6 2	2 11/2	1 7	6		5 ga 1. C.I. (649 ICI) insect powder 100 gm	11 52 13	6ea		70	
	Fresh (193 Brobat) 8 oz Gala (876 MP)	16	3	• •	1	9		film HPS 12	7			3	5
	super base Gallinex (328 CCC) 1 pt 4 oz	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 360 \\ 80 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 15 \\ 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \dots \end{array}$	3 6	4 45 10	6 0 0	Delete	12 62 Selochrome-pan film 116			••	3	5 5

PANADOL

N-acetyl-p-aminophenol 0.5G.

Available in packs of 12, 100, 500 and 2,500

BAYER PRODUCTS, Division of Winthrop Group, Ltd.
SURBITON-UPON-THAMES, SURREY.

Excellent analgesic and antipyretic which contains no aspirin, phenacetin or codeine. Outstandingly safe, effective and free from side effects, Panadol has been given to patients suffering from acute peptic ulcer without causing gastric irritation.

POTENT AND SAFE

elete	D.S. yellow							Ledermycin (746 Lederle)	
	lamp, darkroom junior	$\frac{340}{600}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \dots \end{array}$		• •	42 76	6	capsules 150 mgm 16 25 6ea 38 3 T S	
elete	without safelight No. 8 glazer, Ilford Amateur	000	0			10	U	100 153 4ea 230 0 TS 1000 1480 6ea 2220 9 TS	
elete	G.L.S. lamp single coil 25w junior floodlight complete							drops 10 mils 6 6ea 9 9 TS syrup 2 oz 9 6ea 14 3 TS	
elete	1lford photoflood unit head							syrup 2 oz 9 6ea 14 3 TS 16 oz 68 8ea 103 0 TS	
	and stand	14 2 0	0		'	177	6	Lemon Delph (128 Biometica)	
	imposil 200 (114 Benger) vial 20 mlls	200	0			25	0	freshener 4 oz 45 0 22 6 7 6 Lentheric (753 Lentheric)	
	50 mils 100 mils	480 70	0 0ea			60 105	0	Red Lilac soap (3) 8 0	
	Inco-pads (1073 Robinson) 10	60	0			6		Levonor (502 Genatosan) tablets 30 40 0 5 0 †s41	3
	Inter-Dens (802 Martindale) new mirror pack	19	0	4	9	2	9	250 282 0 35 3 †s41	
	Inversine (837 MSD)			_				Lights Up (385 DG) hair lightener 45 0 22 6 7 6	
	tablets 2.5 mgm 100 1000	10 96	6ea 0ea		:: .	15 144	9	Lion (995 Potter's)	
	10 mgm 100	32	0ea			48	0	cleansing herbs 12 0 3 0 2 0 Liqui8prayer R (766 Liquinure) 33 0ea 49 6	
elete	I-Sedrin (413 Lilly) compound	300	0ea		• • •	450	0	London Club (296 Coltmo)	
	Isi (16 Agfa)					39	0	hair tonic cream 39 0 19 6 6 6	
	flash gun 6830 Isoly (16 Agfa)	• •	• •		• •	33	U	Loxene (563 Hampshire) shampoo 2 oz 16 5 4 1 2 3	
	O camera1110 I camera1100		• •			89 124	5	6 oz 31 0 7 7½ 4 3	
	II camera1101					164	6	tablets 50 84 0 21 0	
	III camera1102 plastic case6120					246 24	6 5	Luma (779 Luma) $500 ext{57} ext{6ea} ext{14} ext{4} frac{1}{2}$	
	leather case 6121					47	1	compound 17 0 4 3 2 6	
	Jaunty (78 AS & Co.) foot spray	36	0	9	0	5	9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Jeannie (978 PYP)	_			9		2	Lusty's (781 Lusty's)	
	dog shampoo	15 26	0	$\frac{3}{6}$	6	2	9	digestive tablets 100 33 0 7 10 4 9 lerbal skin cream tube 14 0 6 8 2 4	
	Jet (1022 Racasan)	26	0ea	6	6ea	46	0	tablets special. 100 33 0 7 10 4 9	•
	aerosols 5 oz	33	9			3	9	lemon hand cream tube $13 0 6 2 2 0$ pilewort ointment tube $14 6 3 6 2 1$	
	Johnsons (672 Johnson)	60	9		• •	6	9	Lutocyclin (262 CIBA)	
	baby napkins 24×24 in	20	в			27	6	Delete ampoules 5 mgm 1 mil all sizes Delete 10 mgm 1 mil 3, 25, 50 & 100	
	K9 (471 Florhyl) cord 300 ft	152	0			19	0	Delete 25 mgm 1 mil 3, 25, 50 & 100 Delete rubber capped vials 10 mils	
	spray 16 oz	168			• •	21	0	Delete implants 100 mgm	
elete	Karswood (894 Nicholas) cat powders							$egin{array}{lll} \emph{Delete} & \emph{Linguets 5} \ \emph{mgm 500} \ \& \ 1000 \ \emph{Delete} & \emph{10} \ \emph{mgm 500} \ \& \ 1000 \ \end{array}$	
elete elete								Delete 25 mgm 1000	
elete	poultry spice ½ lb, 28 lb, 56 lb	& 11	2 lb					Delete tablets all strengths and sizes Lutormone (208 BW) vet	
elete	tablets Kasbah (995 Potter's)							tablets 1500 iu 10 495 0 55 0	
	kidney remedy		0	3	0	2	0	Macleans (303 County) Delete solid dentifrice chlorophyll	
	Keeblo (328 CCC) 480 gm 3600 gm	360	0	$\frac{15}{90}$	0	8 52	9	Magicuri (1113 S&B) capsules 4 8 2 4 83	
	Kleinerts (706 Kleinerts)					_	_	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	baby pants Trainer2194	64	0			7	11	Majeptil (971 PSMB) tablets 1 mgm 50 90 0 22 6 13 1½ p1s	4 D
	Viking swim caps Pompadour	383	0	19	21	49	6	250 360 0 90 0 52 6 pls	4B
	Kobold (637 Hunter)				-			5 mgm 50 260 0 65 0 37 11 pls 250 1040 0ea 260 0ea 161 8 pls	4B
	BC flashgun		10ea 10ea		0ea 11ea			Delete Mainex (328 CCC) dairy cream	11)
elete	U							Mamex (328 CCC) udder cream 8 oz 48 0 6 0	
	tripod, model 1 model 2	108	8ea 10ea	26	10ea 6ea	189	9	Mansil (786 Macdonald)	
	carrying cases	$\frac{28}{118}$	4ea	6	11ea 10ea	49	5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Kodak (711 Kodak)	110	464	20	1064	200	•	4 oz 14 7	
	Brownie movie camera model 11 f/1 9	156	6ea	39	2 ea	300	0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	movie turret camera f/1·9	310	5ea	77	7ea	555	1	Man-Tan (1076 Rolls)	
	niovic camera model 8 f2·7 Retina automatic 11 camera	138 7 2 8		$\begin{array}{c} 34 \\ 182 \end{array}$	6 0 1	302	0	large 90 0 44 0 15 0	
	Kodachrome film 828-8 828-12	$\frac{8}{10}$	3ea		11ea		9	Margo's (798 Margolis) baby powder 8 0 2 0 1 3	
	(20 exp) K135	15	веа	1	10ea	24	0	$12 6 3 1\frac{1}{2} 2 0$	
	(36 exp) K135 (20 exp) KA135	22 15	8ea 6ea		7ea 10ea		0	hand cream 6 6 3 3 1 3 hair lacquer aerosol 27 6 13 6 4 11	
	Kodablitz flasholder	31	0ea	7	8ea	53	8	spray bottle 11 0 5 6 2 0	
	carrying case Kodalux L exposure	10	0ea	2	6ea	17	6	refill sachet 3 6 1 9 1 0 petroleum jelly 9 0 1 0	
elete	meter	120	0ea	30	0ea	210	0	18 0 2 0	
euce	Kolynos (655 ICC)							razor blades blue 25 31 8 7 11 1 6 (1000) (1000)	
	super white dental cream	$\frac{14}{21}$	6 5	3 5	8		11 10	shampoo egg & lanolin sachet 21 0 5 3 4	
	Kopertox (328 CCC)							gross gross	
	aerosol 6 oz 12 oz	$\frac{108}{164}$		$\frac{27}{41}$	0	15 23		twin pack sachet 41 0 10 3 7 gross gross	
	Kreml (1113 S&B)							bottle 4 oz 9 0 2 3 1 6	
elete	hair tonic Kruschen (894 Nicholas) powder	36 r	2	18	1	5	7	. medicated twin pack sachet 41 0 10 3 7	
	Kruschen (894 Nicholas) powder Lashique (385 DG)	42	0	21	0	7	0	gross gross	
	Lazitan (78 AS&Co) cream 2 oz	26		13	0		11	bottle 4 oz 9 0 2 3 1 6 talcum powder	
	Lectricshave (1113 S&B) 11 oz 21 oz	15 26	6	7 13	9	2	5	bouquet of flowers, honeysuckle, lily of the	
	∠ 2 0Z	20	4	13	2	4	'	noncysuckie, my of the	

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Ü		5011		141 1514		O	1. 1	1112	CILLWIL	SI AND DRUGG	131		iv	гау	20	, 1
	valley, rose		16	8 8	4	2	11			Navidrex (262 CIBA)						
	lavender	• •	$\frac{7}{16}$	2 8			6 11				$ \begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 48 \\ 00 & 180 \end{array} $				6 22	6
	tonic hair cream	sachet	1	8	10		3			5	00 72	6ea			108	9
		large giant	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 2	6			Nemadis (328 CCC) 1000 m Neo-Hombreol (917 Organo		0	100	0	58	4
	Mavala Scientifique (109 Medilintex (1073 Robins	93 JS&C)				21	0		Dalata	ampoules 5 mgm/mil	25 - 14	0e a			21	0 p1
			11	1 2	9	1	5 }		Delete	10 mgm/mil	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 6 \\ & 25 & 21 \end{array}$	6ea			32	3 p1
		small large	$\frac{22}{43}$		8	3 5	9		Delete	25 mgm/mil	$\frac{6}{25}$ 39	0ea			58	6 p1
	roll	$\frac{1}{2}$ yd	8	4ea 2	1ea	13	2		Delete		6			• •		
	Medrone Veriderm (126	1 yd 3 Upjohn	15	4ea 3	10ea	1 24	3		Delete	50 mgm/mil	25 64 6	0ea		• •	96	0 p1
	Menformon (917 Organo	15 gm	17	6ea					Delete	100 mgm/2 mils	$\frac{25}{6}$ 114	0ea		• •	171	0 p1
Delete	ampoules 0.1 mgm/m	il 3 & 12		1.5. 1)					Delete	suppositories 15 mgm 5,		,				- 19
Delete Delete	oil solution 1.0 mgm/r oral solution 1 mgm/n			ai 5 miis						Neo-Medrone Veriderm (126 15 g						T
Delete Delete	tablets 0.05 mgm 25, 1 mgm								Delete	Neophryn (97 Bayer) with antihistamine	,					
Delete	5 mgm	500							Detete	Neron (1274 VDL)						
Delete	Menopax (894 Nicholas) cream 4 oz									de luxe lampstand				• •	29 29	6 MC
Delete	tablets 25 & 140 Menopax forte (894 Nicl	volue)								Theratherm infra red lar New Masque Frappe (385 DG	-		17	0	5	6 M(
Delete	tablets 25									Nilodin (208 BW)	,					
Delete	Menstrogen (917 Organo Metercal (826 MJ)	on) ampo 3½ lb		mil 12 8ea		49	6			tablets 200 mgm	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 84 \\ 00 & 1102 \end{array}$				10 137	6
	Midnight (385 DG)	2 oz	75	0 37	c	12	6			500 mgm 1		0			72 670	6
	1 (* . 1.	2 02	42	0 21	0	7	0			Nivea (1155 S&N) creme 3			13	6	4	6
	skin perfume	1 oz	$\frac{88}{30}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 44 \\ 0 & 15 \end{array}$		14 5	9			Nonocal 900 (621 Horlicks) slimming diet . 8	oz 52	0			6	6
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 oz	72	0 36 0 49	0	12 16	6			Noshok (453 Fecher)	5		1			
	Millophyline (346 Dales)		99		6					caustic pencils Noskeeto (1091 Rybar) 1		0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{4}{6}$	2	6 9 ¹
	ampoules	·· 6	$\frac{68}{42}$	0 6ea	• •	8	6		Delete	Nov-Alocol (1303 Wander) all products all sizes						
	Milton (849 MA)					4	0			Nulis (1037 Reckitt) cream	10	1	4	11	1	7
	antiseptic	3 oz 8 oz	$\frac{15}{27}$	$0 \dots$		1	9			Numorphan (179 BDH) Snapules 1·1 mil	6 90				11	3 DD
	Mini-Sax (1229 T&C)	16 oz	38	3	• •	4	3			Nupercaine (262 CIBA)	2 5 288	0		• •	32	5 DD
		150	18	$0 \dots$	• •	2	0		Delete Delete	adrenalin solution 5 mils						
	tanning cream	118 <i>)</i> • •	93	4 46	0	15	6		Delete Delete	lubricant 10% 1						
	Mitronal (1121 Searle) tablets	50	90	0 22	6	13	1 }	plsS7		Nystatin (1176 Squibb) dusting powder ½	oz 7	0ea			10	6 TS
	Modess (672 Johnsons)	250	33	4ea 8			4	plsS7		Occultest (843 ML)	50 90	0			11	3
	sanitary towels	4.0								Oestrad (195 Brook Parker)				• •	• • •	
	cotton wool size 1 size 2		$\frac{19}{23}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2	1		Delete	Oestradiol (917 Organon) im				• •		†s1s
	Monastery (856 MH) her Monekil "S" (328 CCC)	rbs	10	8 2	8	1	5			Oliver's (911 WO)		9	1	2	3	0
	4 - 1. 1 - 4 -	50	220	0 55		32	1			bathing caps waterseal brickett racing cap	21	10	i	1	2	9
	New powder	100 1 lb	$\frac{420}{160}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 105 \\ 0 & \dots \end{array}$	0	61 20	3	†s1		latex undercap Omy (331 C of C)	10	0		6	1	3
	tablets	7 lb 1	1000	0		125	0			bath essence m			$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 112 \end{array}$	0		6
	Moorland (234 Cartwright	ht)	144	0	• •	18	U			Optabs (175 BCP)	_		112	0		
	tablets	40 80	$\frac{10}{19}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}$	7½ 9¾	1 2	6 9			kit pack Optima (16 Agfa)	24	3		6	2	9 p1
	Morny (862 Morny) perf	ume	20							I camera22						8
	Sandalwood flaskette. medium	flask				3 12	9			II camera22 III camera22	01	• •		10	065	8 2
	de luxe . Morphy-Richards (863 M			• •	• •	63	0			IIIS camera22 E.R. cases61	$\begin{array}{ccc} 02 & \dots \\ 12 & \dots \end{array}$			1: 		4
	electric blankets					111	6		Delete	Auto camera22	90					
	double	• •		•		159	6		Delete	E.R. case 61 Optrex (690 Keldon)	LU					
	double	. .		• •	• •	139 199	6		Delete	introductory with eye-bat Oradexon (917 Organon)	h					
Delete	Popular both sizes electric shaver					77	6			solution for injection 1 n	nil 10	0ea			15	0 p1
	hair dryer	• •	• •		• •	69	7			Orastrep (378 DCBL) suspension 50 m	ils 100	0			12	6 s4BT
	stand Mothaks (1229 T&C)	••	• •	• •	• •	6	7			tablets	25 110	0			13	9 s4BT
	air freshener aerosol Mulsivin (1091 Rybar)		$\frac{33}{21}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & \cdots \\ 0 & & 5 \end{array}$	6	3	9	+			$\begin{array}{ccc} 06 & 31 \\ 00 & 145 \end{array}$					6 s4BT 6 s4BT
		20 oz	84	0 21		12	3			Organidin (369 DL) elixir 4	oz 70	6	17	6	10	3
	Murine (1113 S&B) dropper bottle		33	6 8	41	4	6			solution 30 r	nil 58	0	14	6	8	5 }
	Mycifradin Veriderm (12	63 Upjoh 1 oz		6ea				TS		tablets 30 mgm \cdots 1	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 92 \\ 50 & 228 \end{array}$		23 57	$\frac{0}{0}$,	13 33	5 3
	Mydrilate (1305 WB)				••			10		Ospolot (452 FBA)	* 0 * 00					•
		15 mils 15 mils	$\frac{72}{80}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 20 \end{array}$		10 11	6 8				$50 & 180 \\ 50 & 66$		$\frac{45}{16}$	0 8ca		3 8
Delete	Mylodex A (195 Brook Mylodex I (195 Brook P	Parker) t								Ovaltine (1303 Wander)		2				9
	tablets	100	3	3ea						chuckles Ovocyclin (262 CIBA)		2		• •		
	Mysteclin F (1176 Squil for syrup	bb) 60 mils	10	7ea		15	11	TS	Delete Delete	ampoules 1 mgm/mil all si 5 mgm/mil 50 &						
	for paediatric drops : Mysteclin V (1176 Squit	10 mils	7	4ea		11	Ö	ΤŠ	Delete		1					
		12	20	9ea		31	2	TS	Delete	Oxydent (1113 S&B)		10	0	01		01
		100 500	$\frac{166}{780}$	3ea 0ea	:: .	249 1170	5 0	TS TS		denture cleanser		10 10	5	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{11\frac{1}{2}}$	3	8½ 2

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	Ozoline (927 OL) DDT spray 8 oz		2 3 3 3 6 5 9 Delete 20 0 Delete 3 9 Delete 6 0 Delete 6 0 Delete 5 Delete 6 0 Delete 5 Delete 6 0 Delete 5 Del	bath perfume	9 0 2	3 1 6
	red label tube 1 oz 2 oz	30 0 15 0 17 1 8 6½ 30 0 15 0 10 10 5 5 17 1 8 6½	4 7 2 8 4 7 1 8 2 8	Apple Blossom cologne 410 bath cubes 420 Blue Heaven cologne 410 bath cubes 420 Mitcham lavender 180	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 4 6 6 2 6 6 4 6 6 2 6 0 3 0
D.I.	Panadol (97 Bayer) tablets	102 0 39 6ea 186 0ea	12 9 59 3 279 0	taleum powder puffer 190 "Guards" for men after shave lotion 21 deodorant stick 26 hair cream	17 6 8 27 0 13 27 0 13 15 0 7	9 2 11 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 2 6
Delet	Paskalium (521 Glenwood) powder sachet 3 gm 100 Peacock (1379 DT) glucose health drink 26 oz Penetrol (234 Cartwright)	41 3ca 21 6 17 0 4 3	55 0 2 3 2 6	oil	27 0 13 27 0 13 36 8 9 20 0 5 20 0 5 10 0 2 27 0 13	6 4 6 6 4 6 2 5 3 0 2 11 0 2 11 6 1 6 6 4 6
	Penidural (1352 Wyeth) oral tablets 20 sulphas tablets 20	25 8 6 5 98 0 428 0 105 0	3 9 10 11 TS 47 8 TS 11 8 TS	Precortisyl (1087 Roussel) tablets 1 mgm 100 500 5 mgm 30 100	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 8 TS 45 0 TS 13 6 TS 39 0 TS
Delct	Penine (1232 T&R) e leg tan 2 oz	464 0	51 7 TS	Prednisolone (759 L&B) tablets 1 mgm 30	1440 0 2 6ea	180 0 TS
Delet	Penotrane (1305 WB) silicone cream all sizes Pentral (61 APC) Tempules 60 Pen-Vee-Dural (1352 Wyeth)	180 0	22 6	100 500 5 mgm 30 100 500	6 10ea 26 10ea 8 0ea 23 1ea 106 8ea	10 4 TS 40 0 TS 12 0 TS 34 8 TS 160 0 TS
Delet	tablets 100 Pepsodent (955 Pepsodent) tooth-paste economy size Perandren (262 CIBA) ampoules 5 mgm/mil all sizes	28 3½ 6 8½	TS 3 9	buffered 5 mgm 30 100 500 Prednisone (759 L&B)	8 Oea 23 1ea 106 8ea 2 6ea	12 0 TS 34 8 TS 160 0 TS 3 9 TS
Delet Delet Delet Delet Delet	25 mgm/mil 3, 25, 50 50 mgm/mil 3, 25, 50 6 100 mgm/2 mils 3, 50 6 implant 100 mgm 1	0 & 100 0 & 100		tablets 1 mgm 30 100 500 5 mgm 30 100 500	6 10ea 26 10ca 8 0ea 23 1ea 106 8ea	10 4 TS 40 0 TS 12 0 TS 34 8 TS 160 0 TS
Delet Delet Delet Delet	tablets all strengths and sizes Percorten (262 CIBA) ampoules all strengths and sizes	ees		buffered 5 mgm 30 100 500 Pregnyl (917 Organon)	8 0ea 23 1ea 106 8ea	12 0 TS 34 8 TS 160 0 TS
Delet		75 0 37 6	Dolete	ampoules, 100 iu 1 mil 25 6 500 iu 1 mil 25	28 6ea 61 6ea	42 9
	Periactin (837 MSD) tablets 4 mgm 100 500	16 6ea 4 1½e	Delete 28 10½ 131 3 Delete	1500 lu 1 mil 25 6	145 6ea	218 3
Delet Delet	Pernaemon (917 Organon) c crudum ampoules 2 mils 3, 6 c vial 10 mils		Delete 90 0 Delete		62 0 40 0 gross	8 0
Delet Delet	e vial 5 mils 12 Persantin (154 B) ampoules 10 mgm 5 25	24 6ea 6 1½e	ea 11 41 Delete ea 42 10½	silver 3 special 3	50 0 gross 60 0 gross 21 0	3 0 5 0
	tablets 25 mgm 30 200 Philishave (977 PE)	9 6ea 2 $4\frac{1}{2}$ e	ea 16 7½ 2 99 9	Pretty Feet (1155 S & N) roll ball applicator 351	38 0 30 0 15	5 0 0 5 0
Delei Delei Delei	dual volt7910 floating head model7860 Phillips (976 PS&T) magnesia texture and cleansin		168 0	Primes (1277 VI) roll	$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 6 & 1 \\ 18 & 10 & 4 \\ 20 & 10 & 5 \\ 36 & 0 & 9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Pifco (983 Pifco) Holiday battery shaver Portia (1160 Solport) animal wool ½ oz 1 oz	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	52 6 1 0 1 9	Primitif (813 MF) Cologne 2 oz 4 oz perfume . phial 1 oz	56 0 28 90 0 45 51 4 25 394 4 174	0 9 3 0 14 9 8 8 6 8 57 6
	Portyn (938 PD) Kapseals 30 250	80 0 20 0 51 8ea 12 11ea	11 8 1 90 5	Primogyn Depot (1107 SAGB) 100 mgm ampoules 3 20	52 Oea 270 Oea	78 0 p1s4B
	Positan (1076 Rolls) small	45 0 22 0 90 0 44 0 39 0ea	7 6 15 0 Delete	Primolut depot (1107 SAGB) ampoule 65 mgm 1, 3, & 20 Priscol (262 CIBA) parenteral solution vial 10 mi		411 0 pls4B
	capsules 0·5 gm 240 1000 tablets 0·5 gm 120 1000	144 Oca 17 3ea	192 0 23 0 160 0	Pro-Actidil (208 BW) tablets 10 mgm 10 100	64 0 540 0	8 0 †s7 67 6 †s7

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8		SUP	PLE	ME	NI	1 (, ,	HE	CHEMI	SI AN	D DKI	GGIS	T		N	1 a y	20),	196
	Progestin (917 Organon)	95	1.0	0				2		Sallcylamlo									ш
Delete	ampoules, 5 mgm/mil	6	18	2ea			27			tablets 0	·5 gm	100 500	$\begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 252 \end{array}$	0		• •	9 31	6	58
Delete	10 mgm/mil	25 6	23	0ea		• •	34 (0		Saluric (83		1000	480	0		• •	60	0	- 17
Delete	25 mgm/mil .	. 25 6	36	8ea			55 (0		tablets 0		100 500	$\frac{35}{170}$	0ea 0ea			5 2 255	6 0	71
Delete	Promol (1013 Promedico) air purifiers		4	0				6		8amaritan olive oil	(1232 T&R	$2\frac{1}{2}$ oz	8	9					
	Pronel (451 F&J) Protandren (262 CIBA)		72	0	18	0	10	-				5 oz 10 oz	14 24	0		• •			
Delete									Delete		96 Samona	20 oz ı)	47	0					
	vet 100 mils Pycamisan (1154 S & N)	. 6	216	0			24	0	Detete	8anilav (67 plastic pa	1 Jeyes)		0.4	0				•	
	BD cachets 240		$\frac{480}{906}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \dots \end{array}$				O TS		Satura (384 lipstick r	DG)	• •	24	8	10		2	9	
		mils	172	0				6		moisture		1 oz 2 oz	39 51	0	19 25	6		6	
		. 18	25	6	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$	3 9	9		8avion (649	lotion		84 78	0	42 39	0	14 13	0	
	giant		280 gro	0		• •	3 (0	Delete	barrier c	ream 50 gm ose barrier		17	0	4	3	2	6	
	Quosh (103 BF) Quota (1021 QO)		$\overline{28}$	8			3 3	3	Detete	Scan (31 A. bottle .	P)	cream 50	24	0	6	0	3	c	- 9
		. 8 oz	• •	• •		• •	7	6		Scentinel (8		vborn)	24	U	Ü	U	3	u	
	air freshener aerosol mothproofer aerosol		33 33	9 9			3 9			Quiff a		• •	33 33	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \dots \end{array}$			3	9	
	spot remover aerosol Rectone (1102 Sanitas)		33	9		• •	3 9		Delete	Scherk (128		7102	00	0		• •	J	3	
	ointment	10	$\frac{32}{47}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{8}{11}$		4 3	3 3	2 0000	Schick (111 home ser		.102	51	0	4	0	6	0	
	Redux (1013 Promedico) reducing herbal tea		25	0		6	3 8	3		Scotties (15 facial tiss	3 BSC)	400	30	8			3	6	
	Remington (1044 RR) shaver Roll-a-Matic					1	B5 ()		Septocin (19	95 Brook P		30	0			Ū		
	Rheumalene (781 Lusty's balm)	18	0	4	3	2 7	7	Delete	Serpasil (26									
	Boberts Windsor (1070 Whath crystals	indsor) 1118	23	0	11	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3 9	9	Delete		·25 mgm 25	;)							
		1115	$\frac{17}{9}$		-8	9	2 11				wder comp		59 45	0	29 22	6	9	9	
Delete	Roboleine (912 O) Rodine (573 TH)		11	2ea		'	16 ()		Sheer Velve hand loti			45	0	22	6	7	6	
	warfarin powder		$\frac{20}{48}$	$0 \dots 0$			2 6				briefs chic		54	0	2	8	6	11	
Delete	Rogitine (262 CIBA) ampoules 5 mgm/mil 2	5								Silk 'n' sati lotion				7	9	31	2		
Delete	Rolleicord (637 Hunter) v Rolleiflash (637 Hunter) f			nar ler	ns				Delete	Sitvapin (10			10	10	5	5	1	8	
	sizes 1, 2 and 3 Rolleiflex (637 Hunter) ca	mera	102	6ca		0ea 17	78 10)	Delete	crude pin	e extract be e needle ext	ract 16 oz	60			0	10	0	
	with $f/2.8$ F Zeiss Plana with $f/2.8$ Xenotar lens		$1780 \\ 1659$	6ea 4	04 6		3 6			Simpkin's (le bath tabl		10 p		5 10 pk		2	6	
	ever ready case with 3.5F Planar lens a	and	82			2ea 14					nt rolls (ro		$\begin{smallmatrix} & 3\\100\end{smallmatrix}$	0 ···	25 ·		14	4	- 12
	coupled meter with 3.5F Xenotar lens	and	1536	6ea 3					Delete	Skin Deep (76 Atkinson	ns)	100	U	20	U	14	•	
	with "T" Tessar f/3.5 l	ens	1007	4ea 2 6ea 2	245 7	7ea 17 8	66 10)	Detero	Skol (1113 S sun lotion	S&B)	1 oz	13	11	3	57	1 1	0	-12
	with meter		173	0ea 2 10ea	42	4ea30	3 1			Sun lotion		2 oz 4 oz	20 3 34	10	5	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{6\frac{1}{4}}$		9	
	with $4 \times 4 f/3.5$ Xenar ever-ready case		42	0ea 1 4ea	10	4ea 7	3 10	}		Smooth Tou			59			6		9	
	soft leather case Rolleiflex-Tele (637 Hunter		era	4ea		7ea 36				Sofra-Tulle				0			Ť		
	with f/4 Sonnar lens ever-ready case meter			0ea 5 10ea	24	4ea 17	4 1				4 in x 40 in		60	0					
	Roman Holiday (150 Bour	rjois)	27				4 9			squashes a	and cordials	s 26 oz	25	0			2	6	
Delete	Ross (1084 Ross)	9304	21	2	13	1	4 9			shampoo 8parine (135	52 Wyeth)	• •	5	0	1	3		9	
	entry 1125/3 Ross (1084 Ross) binoculars									Latabs		$\begin{array}{cc} \cdot \cdot & 20 \\ 250 \end{array}$	$\frac{64}{53}$	0 9ea					184B 184B
	Stepmur 10×50 Stepsun 12×50					. 102	23 11 11 5			Sportsmaste camera		d) ••	318			Sea 5		8	
	Tropical 7 × 40 10 × 50		• • •	••	•	97	0 10)		Spratts (117		• •	35	9ea	9	5ea		5	
	micro-projection attach mobile collapsible stand					. 35	0 0)		cereal cat	4 × 7 lb		23	6 6case			7	3	
	Ruaka (1307 Waterhouse) Rutin-T (1366 Rutin))					7 10			mixed ov		• •	19	9			2	1	
	Rutivite (1366 Rutin)						4 9		Delete	ovals puppy bis Springtime i	cuits	0. Rourieis		1		•	1	1	
	tablets		53	4	13	4	7 10			bath cube	es (6)	9204 9206	24	$\frac{4}{0}$	$\frac{12}{7}$	2		3	
	liquid	8 oz 80 oz	$\frac{24}{18}$	0 6ea	6	0	3 6	†		tale		9205			14		4 1		
	tablets	75 500	24	0 0ca	6	<u>.</u>	3 6	†		shampoo liquid				5		1 1 9		7½ 5½	
	dp*	1000 4 oz	17	0ea 0			2 6	†		sachet Stallax (361		• •		7	ĩ			7 <u>1</u>	
	dp 2	20 oz 80 oz		0		•				shampoo Stenedlol (9		tablets 1	3 10 mgr		10	$0\frac{1}{2}$		6	
	7									,0	J.,		-0.						

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PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULAS Vol. 1 £2 Postage 1s. 9d. Vol. 2 £2 2s. 0d. Postage 1s. 9d.

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		SteriShave (438 ER) razor bath refills Stimplete (1352 Wyeth) elixir4 oz 40 oz Streak Lightening (385 DG) hair colour stick Suba-Seal (479 WF) feeding bottle, polythene 4 oz	22 18 44 287 39	0 0 0 0	11 9	0 0 6		9 0 11 †sls4A 11 †sls4A 6		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 6 9 35 18 70 25 153 1480 4 7	6ea 6ea 8ea 9ea 10ea 6ea 4ea 6ea 0ea			14 9 14 53 28 106 38 230 220 6	3 TS 9 TS 3 TS 6 TS 1½ TS 3 TS 3 TS 0 TS 0 TS 9 TS
2	a John	complete baby set 1C50 8unnybisk (535 Granose) small Sun Orange Quosh (103 BF)	196	0 1		::	24	6 6 11		Tetracyn-P (969 Pfizer) capsules 16 100 1000 Tetracyn-S.F. (969 Pfizer)	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 153 \\ 1480 \end{array}$	6ea 4ea 6ea			38 230 220	3 TS 0 TS 9 TS
D	eieie	Super Cryozol (328 CCC) 12 Super Man-Tan (1076 Rolls) cream tanning lotion small	232	0	58 30	0	33 10	0		capsules 16 100 1000	$ \begin{array}{r} 26 \\ 159 \\ 1537 \end{array} $	6ea 2ea 0ea			39 238 305	9 TS 9 TS 6 TS
more of the short of		Sustanon (917 Organon) 100 ampoules 1 mil 1 3	105 116 27	0 0ea	52	0	17 14 40	6 p1s4B 6 p1s4B		Therex (1277 VI) tablets	$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 47 \end{array}$	6	$\frac{6}{11}$	$\frac{7\frac{1}{2}}{10}$	3 6	6 † 3 †
		250 ampoules 1 mil 1 3 Swift (581 Haynor) battery shaver	23 63 36	Sea 4ea 3ea	8	:: 10ea	35 95 1 58	6 p1s4B 0 p1s4B		vacuum jugs 54 54Q jars 617 707	• •				44 47 20 32	9 6 9 9
		Tabloid (208 BW) eyelobarbitone gr 3 100 500 1000	$50 \\ 212 \\ 404$	0 0 0			6 26 50	3 †s1s4A 6 †s1s4A 6 †s1s4A		613 607 Toot-Eez (119 Bevington) Top-C (130 Bird)	18 26	4 3	4	7	2 2	9 8
		Tan-if-ic (1059 Riddell) 24 × 12 ·	1980	0 4	12	0	247 7		Delete Delete	Trasentin (262 CIBA) ampoules 1·5 mil 5 suppositories 0·04 gm 5 Trasylol (452 FBA)	42	400			63	6
		spiral brush-on mascara Tek (672 Johnsons) tooth-brush bristle short head long tufted	45 23 31	0 4 4	22	6	3	11 11	Delete	ampoules 5 mils 5 25 25 2 mils 10 Tress (525 Golden)	200 15	4ea 0ea 0	7	6	300	6
and the state of t		Tenuate Dospan (838 MN) tablets	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 68 \\ 424 \end{array} $	0 0			1 8 53	3 6 0		Trilocan (37 Allied) cream 15 gm Triominic (1303 Wander) tablets 250	51 36	0 5ea			54	TS 7 p1s7
		Tercolix (1348 JW) 10 oz 20 oz 40 oz	8 16 31	9ea 9ea 9ea			•••	•		Tryptizol (837 MSD) tablets 25 mgm 30 100 500	15 34 165	0ea 0ea 0ea	3 8 41	9ea 6ea	26 59	3 s4B 6 s4B 9 s4B
		80 oz Terramycin (969 Pfizer) capsules 50 mgm 100 250 mgm 16	61 35 25	0ea 8ea 6ea			53 38	6 TS 3 TS		Tucal (250 Chelspa) linetus 4 oz 40 oz 80 oz	31 23 45	0 6ea 0ea	7 5 11	9 10 1 e 3ea	4	6
		intramuscular injection 100 mgm vial	153 1480 4	4ea 6ea		:	230 2220 6	0 TS 9 TS 9 TS		Tums (506 Gerhardt) tablets display box	16 69 84	0 0	17 21	0 3 0	2 10 11	6
		intravenous injection 250 mgm vial 500 mgm vlal nasal solution 5 mils	8 15 4	6ea 4ea 1ea			12 23 6	9 TS 0 TS 1½ TS		No single roll Tusseprin (1348 JW)	8 15 30	3ea 9ea 6ea				
The second secon		ophthalmic solution 25 mgm . 5 mils oral suspension 1·5 gm paediatric drops 1 gm soluble tablets 50 mgm 25 syrup 125 mgm/5 mils	5 9 6	4ea 6ea 6ea			8 14 9 15	0 TS 3 TS 9 4½ TS	Delete Delete	Twin-Tan (451 F&J) Ultracorten-H (262 CIBA) tablets all strengths and sizes Urografin (1107 SAGB) ampoules 30% 10 mils 1	58 105	0ea 0	52	6	17	6
		60 mils tablets 50 mgm 25 100 100 mgm 25	9 9 35 18	6ea 6ea 8ea 9ea			14 14 53 28	3 TS 3 TS 6 TS 1½ TS	Delete	45% 20 mils 1 Vacco (1265 Vacco) vacuum flask de luxe VLP Vagisol (1303 Wander) all sizes	73	6	8	10	8 1	11
		250 mgm 16 100 1000	70 25 153 1480	10ea 6ea 4ea 6ea		 	106 38 230 2220	3 TS 3 TS 0 TS 9 TS		Valderma (343 DH) Val-Pak (343 DH) large tube Vaseline (256 CPL)	19 24	9 2		1	2 3	
		topical powder 3% 1 oz troches 15 mgm 24 vaginal tablets 100 mgm 10 topical ointment ½ oz	8 3 10 4	0ea 8ea 1ea 0ea			12 5 15	0 TS 6 TS 1½ TS 0 TS	Delete Delete	shampoo cram sachet tube 60% 20 mils 1 76% 20 mils 1	5 21	6	1 5	$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{4\frac{1}{2}}$	2 1	9 11
		1 oz 200 gm S.F. capsules 16 100	7 46 26 159	2ea 0ea 6ea 2ea			10 69 39 238	9 TS 0 TS 9 TS 9 TS		Vecortenol (262 CIBA) (vet) 100 mgm 10 mils Veedip (1273 Veedip) gloves household flesh	12	11ea			16	1 TSVPO
D	elete elete elete	Tes P.P. (917 Organon) 10 mgm/ Tessalon (262 CIBA) ampoules 5 mgm/mil 6	1537	0ea			2305	6 TS		light	22 28 39 24	6 0 0	1 1 1 1	$ \begin{array}{r} 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 5 \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $		
	5	Testosterone (917 Organon) Implant 200 mgm Tetracyn (969 Pfizer) capsules 50 mgm 100	31 3 5	6ea 8ea			47 53	3 p1s4B 6 TS		premier quality white special heavy weight, white suprex quality, brown velvex brown, sizes 5 and 5	29	$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	3 1 9 5		
		250 mgm 16 100	25 153 1480	6ea 4ea 6ea		:: :	38 230 2220	6 TS 3 TS 9 TS 0 TS		rough finish smooth finish ice bag 8 in	42 45 3 4	0 0 6ea 3ea	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$		
		100 mgm vial intravenous Injection 250 mgm vial 500 mgm vial	4 8 15	6ea 6ea 4ea			6 12 23	9 TS 9 TS 0 TS	D elet e	Velouty (379 Dixor) powder cream jar skin food tube Vespral (1176 Squibb) emulsion	19 12	$\frac{2}{0}$	9	7 0	3 2	3 0

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY...

Every Cumulative Price List is superseded by the next. To avoid risk of using out-of-date prices it is wiser to destroy the old list as soon as the new one arrives.

		001					•		•	1110	
	Vick (1277 VI) formula 44 cough line	tus 4 oz	26	6		6	7 ½	3	6	+	(7
	Vigdor (299 CV)	9½ oz	100			48	9	16	9	•	(7
	Vikelp (1113 S&B) No. No.	1	15	11 10		3	$\frac{11\frac{9}{4}}{11\frac{1}{2}}$	2	- 1		(7
	No. Vinolia (955 Pepsodent	3	61			15	34	8	ĩ		(8
	soap toilet	• •	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 12 \end{array}$	9			$\frac{10}{10}$	1	11 5		(8
	Vioform (262 CIBA) veterinary			Ü			10	·	Ĭ		(9
	hydroeortisone loti	on 10 mils	40	0				5	0	TSVSO	(9
	Virugon (97 Bayer) tablets	48	10	8e	ea	2	8ea	18	8	ţ	(1 (1
	Visa (Piguet (1201 Supe	500 ervite)	105	86	ea	26	5ea	184	11	†	(1
Delete	Vitalising (1286 VGC)										(1
	(distributors 1141 Singlucose tablets	npkin) rolls	4	6					6		(1
	Vitasun (206 BB) Vitesso (359 DDD)		44	0	٠.		• •	5	6		(1
	vosene (303 County)	• •				1	9	1	0		(1
	cream sachet		$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 4 \end{array}$	4 4		$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{1}$		7		(1
	Vykmin (1113 S&B) capsules		42	9				4	9		
	Mindata (1905 Winds)		$\begin{array}{c} 78 \\ 144 \end{array}$	9				16	9		
	Wade's (1295 Wade) salve	½ OZ	16	0		4	0	2	4		
	vaccination pads	1½ oz	$\frac{32}{4}$	6	٠.	8	0	4	6 7		
		rt)	14	6	٠.				11		*
	G295 G300E		$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 16 \end{array}$	6 0	::			2	0		
			10	1				1	1		
	Welgro (1403 Ulvin)		10	1	• •		• •	1	1		
	liquid manure concertrate Wellcome (208 BW)	1½ lb	72	0				9	0		
De lete	caleium borogluconat pertussis vaccine 0.5		n 40 % 45	(v		400		5	8		
	semen diluent (vet)	5 ec 50 ec	80 63	0	• •			10	0		
	staphylococcus toxoic		405	0			••	45	0	VPO	Co
	swine erysipelas antise		162	0			• •	18		VPO	
Delete		250 cc	346	0	• •			38		VPO	
20000	Wendy (786 Macdonald) baby pants floral nylo		55	4				6	11		
Delete	nylon film Williams (1113 S&B)	N30						·			
	luxury shaving cream		$\frac{18}{22}$	4 8		4 5	7 8	2	5 11		
	refill Winged Lion (995 Potte		11	0		2	9	1	5	!	
	compound herbs Wyovin (1352 Wyeth)		12	0		3	0	2	0		
	tablets with phenobar	50	57	0				6	4	†s1s4A	
	Yestos (422 EGC)	250	216	0	• •			24		†s1s4A	
	irradiated puppy pow	8 oz	38					4	0		
	veterinary yeast table	1000	$\frac{12}{77}$	0				8	6		
	Yestos E (422 EGC)	2500	15	0ea			٠.	20	0		
	veterinary yeast table	250	$\frac{32}{80}$	0,				4 10	0		
		10 00	25	0ea			• •	37	6		
	AMENDMENTS	TO KE	Y T	0	SL	/PF	LIE	RS	•		
	1) DATERD TARO	D A MOD	THO	T 07	_	T	1	70	1 0		

(95 Baxter) =BAXTER LABORATORIES, LTD., London Road Trading Estate, High Wycombe, Bucks. High Wycombe 4612.
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719	LAP = L	ABORATORIES	OF	APPLIED	PATHOL	OGV	LTD
,	15 Byrom	Stroot Monoboot	- OI	Deemagate	2010	our,	DID
=00	ra parour	Street, Manchest	ter, a.	реанувате	3342.		

1719 LAP) = LABORATORIES OF APPLIED PATHOLOGY, LTD.
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1340 WUD) = Wilts 3611.

THIS WEEK'S CHANGES

NEW and altered entries notified for the first time. A=Advanced, R=Reduced.

Entries new this week are marked the

	Entries new this week	are m	arked	l th	us:	— •		
\mathcal{A}	Astral (509 Gibbs)							
	cream	9	9	4	9	1	6	
		16	0	7		2	6	
	soap toilet	$\frac{28}{9}$	6	13	$10\frac{3}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{4}$	4	6	
	bath	13	0	2 3	$\frac{2}{2}^{4}$	i	7	
A		28	6	7	ō	3	9	
R	Bitevan (436 Evans)							
	ampoules 50 megm 10 mils	30	0				4	
	100 mcgm 1 mil 6 10 mils	$\frac{30}{34}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & \dots \\ 6 & \dots \end{array}$				4	
	1000 megm 1 mil 3	48	0		• •		4	
	10 mils	144	0				Ó	
Corr.	Carbomucil (896 NPP) 4 oz	36	0	9	0	4	9	
	Decadron (837 MSD)	0.1	0			24	e mo	
A	injection vial 2 mils Diajubes (588 H & H) C1	$\frac{21}{14}$	0ea 0		• •		6 TS 7	
	Dindevan (436 Evans)	14	0		• •	•	•	
	tablets 10 mgm 100	120	0				0	
	500	468	0				6	
	50 mgm 25	66	0		٠.		3	
	$\frac{100}{1000}$	$\frac{216}{1404}$	$0 \dots 0$				0 6	
	Distaval (378 DCBL)	1101	0			110	·	
•	suspension 60 mils	3	0ea			4	6 p1s4B	,
	Framygen (502 Genatosan)						e ma	
2	sterile powder 500 mgm tablets 500 mgm 20	$\frac{17}{75}$	0ea				6 TS 6 TS	
	tablets 500 mgm 20	290	0ea 0ea				6 TS 0 TS	
	Gordon Moore (528 GM)	200	oca				- 10	
A	cosmetie toothpaste small	14	5	3	74	1 1	1	
	Heath & Heather (588 H&H)	0	C	0	0		•	
А	cigarettes herbal arabian 10	$\frac{9}{16}$	6	$\frac{2}{4}$	6 0		3 2	
	50	33	6	8	-6	4	5	
	100	62	0	$1\tilde{5}$	6	8	3	
A	smoking mixture herbal		0				•	
-	plain 64 Vi-tablets	$\frac{11}{21}$	$0 \dots 0$	5	· i		3 D	
zl.	Vi-tablets	38	6	9	6		ř	
A	Heatherclean (588 H&H)	8	Ö	2 5	ŏ		3	
		19	0	5	0	2 10	0	
A	Herbolic (588 H&H)	12	0	4	0		,	
	disinfectant Hexopal (97 Bayer)	17	0	4	0	2 3	,	
	tablets 500 mgm 100	41	4ea			62 ()	
Ă	Less (528 GM) toothpaste	14	5	3	74	1 11		
_	Marevan (436 Evans)							
	tablets 1 mgm 100	96	0		• •	12 0		
-	20 11811	288	0			36 0	,	
	Margo's (798 Margolis) bath eubes floral	17	0	8	6	3	1	
	Swii edoes nord	gro			oss	,		
	Max (855 Mondart)							
•	inseet repellant	30	0	7	4	3 11		
•	Medic (942 Passmill)	0	0			1 2		
	toilet rolls double	9	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & \dots \\ 6 & \end{array}$	4		1 3 2 5		
A	Mus-Gar (588 H&H) ointment)	$\frac{16}{32}$	6	8	0	4 9		
\mathcal{A}	Odol (314 Cranbux) toothpaste	$1\overline{4}$	5	3	74	1 11		
	•				-			

You may now telephone your Classified Advertisement. Ring CEN 6565 by 4 p.m. Tuesday for same week, subject to space being available.

		1 (00 > Y)Y)							
		Parke-Davis (938 PD)							
)e	lete	shaving cream tube 1½ oz		_				_	
	A	P.L.J. (103 BF) large	44	$5 \dots$			4	9	
		Ponds (256 CPL)						_	
	A	eold cream jar	11	0	5	6	1	9	
	A	faee powder small	11	0	5 5	6	1	9	
	A	freshener pads tin	11	0	5	6	1	9 9 9	
	A	vanishing eream jar	11	0	5	6	1	9	
De	lete	vanishing eream jar lipsticks medium swivel							
De	lete	large refills							
De	lete	tissues							
	A	Punch and Judy (528 GM)							
		toothpaste	14	5	3	71	- 1	11	
	A	Pen (267 C&A)				-			
		aeriflavine and Clearsight	10	0			1	3	
		iodine and mosquito	10	0	2	6	1	6	
		Rentokil (1047 Rentokil)							
		aerosol6 oz					5	0	
	•	Riddofan (1059 Riddell)							
	A		158	6			22	0	
	**	case	43	Ó			8	11	
	A	Scarfe (588 II&H)							
		herbal cigarettes 20	19	6			2	2	
Do	lete	Selmo (588 H&H) biscuits	-						
,,	novo	Stephens (1411 Stephens)							
		tar remover tube	20	0			2	6	
	R	Trescatyl (971 PSMB)							
	10	powder 2 gm	70	0			8	9	
		tablets 250 mgm 50	36				55	0	
		250	178				267	6	
		Vacco (1265 Vaceo)	-10			. ,		Ĭ	
		vacuum flask-de-luxe VLP	73	6	9	0	8	11	
		Vaseline (256 CPL)	, 0	,		0	-		
		petroleum jelly							
		petroleum Jeny							

\overline{A}	yellow	1 lb	41	4	10	4	5	6
A		7 lb	165	0				
\mathcal{A}	white	1 lb	50	8	12	8	6	9
A		7 lb	210	0				
	Vosol (369 DL)						•	•
•	ear drops 15 mils		67	0	17	0	9	10
	Whip (933 PLG)	• •	0.		Τ.	U	٠	
	after shave lotion		6	10ea	3	5ea	14	3
	titel share istion	• •	18	0ea	9	0ea		8
	Wright-Fleming (139	2 RRIA	10	OCIO	.,	oca	0.0	0
	antigens	(S 1)1(32)						
•	diphtheria-pertu	icojo						
	prophylaetic	3×1 mil	- 1	3ea				
	ргориунаене		4 7				•	
	dishibasia tatas	5 mils	- 1	6ea				•
Ö	diphtheria-tetan		-	101				
	prophylaetic	1 mil	1	10lea				
		3 ×½ mil	3	4½ea				
_		5 mils	7	$10\frac{1}{2}$ ea	~			
	pertussis	∮ mil	1	10½ea				
		3×⅓ mil	4	3ea				
		5 mils	7	6ea				
	tetanus toxoid	2×⅓ mil	3	9ea				
		$5 \mathrm{\ mils}$	7	1½ea				
	Wright's (1351 WLU	()						
A	lysol BP	4 oz	9	9			1	4
te	•	8 oz						

AMENDMENTS TO KEY TO SUPPLIERS:

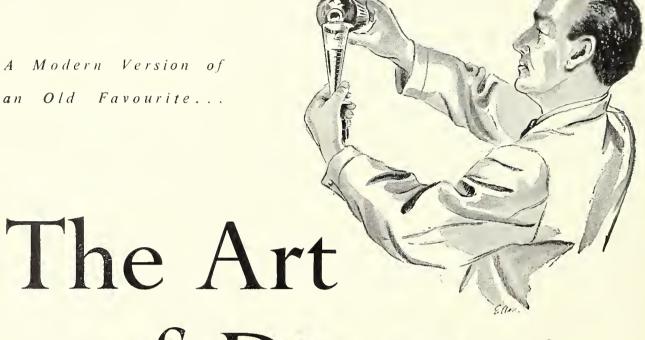
(193 Brobat)=BROBAT, LTD., 52 Wandle Bank, London, S.W.19. Liberty 8131. (1411 Stephens)=HENRY C. STEPHENS, LTD., Gillespie Road, London, N.5. Canonbury 4455.

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THE Information Department at 28 Essex Street, London, W.C.2, undertakes to give to subscribers the sources of supply of products within the pharmaceutical industry and to provide information on technical problems.

Inquiries sent to the department by post should be accompanied by a stamped addressed envelope. Inquiries may also be put by telephone: CENtral 6565.

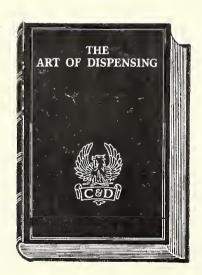
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Supporting your sales of CAMMON MODERN Anti-colic Teats
The preferred baby teat today!

ORDER NOW TO ENSURE AMPLE SUPPLIES!









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require top grade cork stoppers which permit no leakage.

Chemists, who know from experience, continually specify Robinson Corks—the first class quality never varies.

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Lastosheer—These new surgical stockings are made of the finest, lightest, and most comfortable elastic net imaginable and are made to measure, thus providing your customer with perfect support. They are available within 3-5 days from receipt of your order and remember Lastosheer are made by Lastonet Products—the specialists in surgical hosiery.



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TEN-DAY FERTILISER

Every season more chemists are selling this popular line

I/- PACKETS

in the new odourproof-moisture, proof packet

BOTTLES 2/3; 3/9



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The retail price of the popular BOLDOOT EAU DE COLOGNE CLEANSING TOWELETTES will be increased with effect from the 1st May, 1961, to 2/6d. per box of five. The whole of this increase will be passed on to the trade. The new wholesale price per Outer of eighteen boxes will be 22/6d. plus Purchase Tax; retail value 45/0d. thus giving you a profit of 11/3d.

Place your orders today through your usual wholesalers.

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ROLLEI-Magic — the latest addition to the range of ROLLEI Cameras — it automatically gives correct exposure and a preview of the final picture; full negative size and in full colour.

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ROLLEI-MAGIC	76.14.6
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In addition the Rollei-Magic takes the following standard accessories shown in our catalogue: Rollei fix Tripod Head, Panorama Head, Penta Prism and all Rollei Lens Attachments—Size II Bayonet Mount





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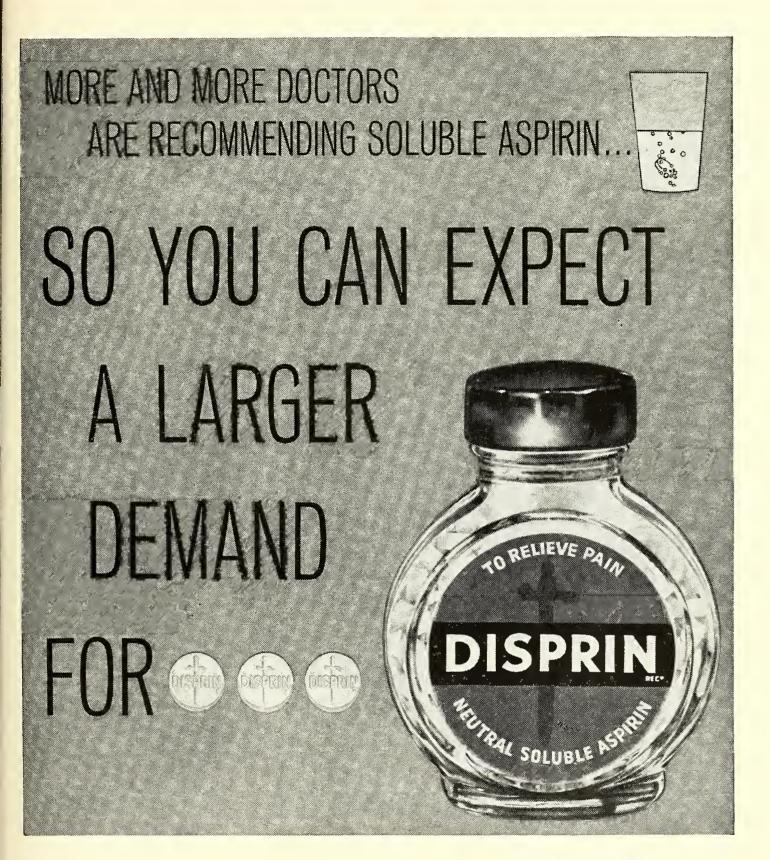
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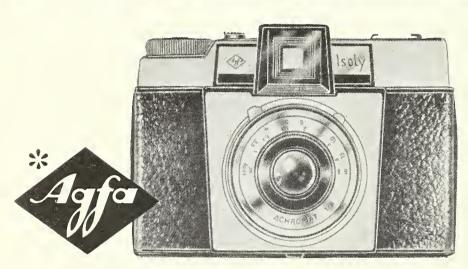
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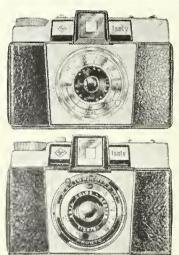
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New Parade of seven shops with self-contained flats over, now in course of erection.

AVAILABLE END **OF 1961**

Situated on a new Estate eventually comprising 900-1,000 properties.

Rent £640 per annum exclusive including large lock-up Garage.

CROUCH Built Homes

Full details from:

Estates Department,
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INTERNATIONAL cosmetic, toiletry, pharmaceutical company wishes to purchase a company with established products selling to chemist outlets. With sales force, with or without manufacturing facilities. Strictest confidence essential. Box C 6500.

APPOINTMENTS

CENTRAL GROUP HOSPITAL

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Senior Pharmacist

for Bethnal Green Hospital. Modern department approved for training students. Salary
scale £770—£1,010 p.a. plus higher qualification allowance and London Weighting. Please apply to the Group Secretary, 213 Kingsland Road, London, E.2. C 553

ANCOATS HOSPITAL. MANCHESTER, 4

Pharmacist Applications are invited for the above post at Ancoats Hospital. Salary and conditions of service in accordance with Whitley Council

Applications, stating age, experience and names of two referees, should be sent to the General Superintendent (Dept. C.), as soon as possible.

BARNET GENERAL HOSPITAL, WELLHOUSE LANE, BARNET, HERTS

(490 beds) Pharmacist

required in this modern and well-equipped pharmacy (category V Hospital).
Barnet is terminal of Northern Line (London Transport), Whitley Council salary scale with London Weighting. Applications to Hospital Secretary (Phone: Barnet 7421), with names of two referees.

C 6365

two referees.

BOOTLE HOSPITAL,

BOOTLE HOSPITAL,
LIVERPOOL, 20
Pharmacist or Assistant-in-Dispensing
There will be a vacancy for a Pharmacist or Assistant-in-Dispensing to take up duties on 1st July. The salary scale for the former is dependent upon length of experience and is on the scale £690—£920 per annum; for the latter it is £250 at 18, £425 at 22 or over, rising to £575. £50 additional is paid for certain qualifications. Apply in writing to Secretary, Bootle Hospital, Liverpool, 20, giving details of qualifications, experience, age and names of two referces, by 31st May. C 6555

BURTON-ON-TRENT HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, ANDRESSEY HOSPITAL

ANDRESSEY HOSPITAL
Assistants-in-Dispensing
Applications invited from persons qualified as Assistants-in-Dispensing, for a vacant post in the Pharmacy at Andressey Hospital, under the supervision of the Group Pharmacist who is based at the General Hospital.
Salary at age 22 years or over £395 rising to £535 plus £50 for qualification allowance—member of Apothecaries' Hall, Whitley Council conditions of service.
Applications with the names of two referees to:
S. D. Evans, Group Secretary, The General Hospital, Burton-on-Trent. C 6518

DULWICH HOSPITAL, EAST DULWICH GROVE, S.E.22 Locum Assistant-in-Dispensing required June 3 to June 15 and/or June 24 to June 29. Apply Chief Pharmacist. C 6547

CENTRAL GROUP HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE Locum Pharmacist

Holiday relief vacancies:—
12th—24th June, 1961
Salary 18 guincas p.w. Applications with full details to Chief Pharmacist, Metropolitan Hospital, London, E.8.

C 561

EAST HAM MEMORIAL

HOSPITAL,
SHREWSBURY ROAD, E.7
Assistant-in-Dispensing
Salary scale £425-£575 p.a. plus £50 p.a. allowance if suitably qualified, plus London Weighting £20/£30 p.a. Part-time applicants considered. Full details from Chief Pharmacist (Tel.: GRA. 3322), Apply to Hospital Secretary. C 6546

HAMMERSMITH HOSPITAL AN POST-GRADUATE MEDICAL SCHOOL

SCHOOL,
DU CANE ROAD,
LONDON, W.12
Pharmacist
required at above General Post-graduate reaching Hospital (Category V). Post offers varied work and excellent experience. Pleasant working conditions. Previous experience not essential. Whitley salary scale £690—£920 per annum plus London allowance. Commencing salary within this scale according to experience, Applications stating age, qualifications and experience, and names of two referees to Chief Pharmacist by May 31.

FOREST GROUP H.M.C.,
LANGTHORNE ROAD, E.11
Assistant-in-Dispensing
required for group pharmacy at Connaught Hospital, Walthamstow, E.17, with occasional relief duties at other Hospitals. Hospital experience or Hall Certificate an advantage, Whitley Council terms and conditions. Forms of application may be obtained from Secretary. C 6535

SHOTLEY BRIDGE
GENERAL HOSPITAL,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE,
CONSETT, CO. DURHAM
Post-Graduate Student
Applications are invited for appointment of a
Post-Graduate Student in Pharmacy at the
above Hospital (Category IV). Salary £460 per
annum. Accommodation can be provided in
the Hospital, for which an appropriate deduction will be made.
Applications, giving full details of training and
the names of two referees to the Secretary at
the above address.

C 6539

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Professional Valuers to the Pharmaceutical Trade.—Wholesale, Retail and Hospital Stocks. Branches throughout England and Scotland.

Appointments—Continued

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Loval Assistant-in-Dispensing

Apothecary Hall dispenser required for three weeks from Tuesday, August 8, 1961. Whitley scale. Apply, Secretary. Cunningham 5126.

LONDON CHEST HOSPITAL,

required for a period of 8 weeks as from 22nd May. Salary in accordance with the Whitley Council Scales.
Apply to the House Governor, London Chest Hospital, Victoria Park, London, E.2. C 6524

NEASDEN HOSPITAL,

(207 bods)

(207 beds)

BRENTFIELD ROAD, N.W.10

Chief Pharmacist (Category II),
to commence as soon as possible. Applications
to Physician Superintendent. C 6544

ROYAL FREE HOSPITAL,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, W.C.1

Assistant-in-Dispensing
required to assist with the supply of drugs to
Branch Hospitals. Applicants must be 21 years
or over. Salary in accordance with Whittey
Scale ranging from £360 to £575 plus London
Weighting and £50 qualification allowance. Applications with names of two referees should
be addressed to the Group Chief Pharmacist.

C 6541

ST. GILES HOSPITAL,

CAMBERWELL, S.E.5
Assistant-in-Dispensing
Vacancy exists. Apply, Chief Pharmacist. C 6533

SPRINGFIELD HOSPITAL,

LONDON, S.W.17

Part-time Pharmacist
required. Salary 38s. 8d. per session of four hours, up to a maximum of six sessions per

week.
Applications to the Group Secretary, Spring-field Hospital, Beechcroft Road, London, S.W.17, giving age, qualifications, details of experience and names of two referees. C 562

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

ST. JOHN'S HUST TAXES,
MORDEN HILL, S.E.13
Locum Pharmacist
required for three weeks from June 5. Salary
£18 18s. per week. Apply to Chief Pharmacist.
C 6511

UPTON HOSPITAL,

UPTON HUST LAL,
SLOUGH
Locum Senior Pharmacist
required. Salary £18 18s. per 39-hour week, or
pro rata to hours worked. Applications stating
age, qualifications and experience to Secretary.
C 6516

ST. STEPHEN'S HOSPITAL, FULHAM ROAD, S.W.10 Locum Tenens Pharmacist required. Eighteen guineas weekly. Apply immediately to Chief Pharmacist. C 6514

UPTON HOSPITAL,

SLOUGH
Schor Pharmacist
required at this General Hospital, Applications stating age, qualifications and experience to Secretary.

C 6517

SITUATIONS VACANT

QUALIFIED LADY DISPENSER required for group practice of four doctors to assist present dispenser with dispensing and general practice management. Details from Dr. T. E. Ormerod, 52 Linden Avenue, Kettering, Northants. Tel.: Kettering 2104.

RETAIL (HOME)

BANSTEAD, SURREY. Lady assistant required for senior position for counter, display and general duties. No dispensing. Must be able to control staff and buy stock. All main cosmetic agencies. Good wages and yearly bonus to right person. Holiday arrangements honoured. Overall supplied, Modern shop, Apply stating when available for interview with usual details to Mr. Woollatt, 30 High Street, Banstead (Phone: Burgh Heath 720 daytime) Burgh Heath 2024 evenings or Sundays. C 3614

COBHAM, SURREY. Young married pharma-COBHAM, SURREY. Young married pharmacist required to manage modern pharmacy. Excellent living accommodation, rent and rates free. Good salary, plus commission. Superannuation scheme available. Holiday commitments for this summer honoured. Apply, W. A. F. Pollard, Midtrees, Empress Avenue, Farnborough, Hants.

LONDON, W.C.2. Boutalls Chemists (one minute Russell Square Tube Station) require young lady assistant for counter, Hours 9 to 6. Half-day Thursday, Three weeks' holiday annually (present arrangements honoured). Good wages. Six on staff. Apply Manager, 46 Marchmont Street.

PHARMACIST

Relief Branch Manager

Relief Branch Manager Pharmacist required for a permanent position with the Society. Excellent conditions. Appli-cations, in writing, stating full details of age, experience and salary required to the:

Personnel Manager, Co-operative, 110 Fratton Road, Portsmouth.

C 3646

READING. A vacancy occurs at our Coronation Square branch for a manager. Three-bedroomed maisonette and garage available rent free. Three weeks' holiday, commitments honoured. Apply Williams the Chemists, 277 Basingstoke Road, Reading. Phone: Reading 2238.

UXBRIDGE. Urgently required, senior assistant with all-round experience of good-class pharmacy, mainly counter duties and relief dispensing. Holidays granted. Apply in the fullest particulars to: R. A. Sharp Chemists Limited, 172 High Street, Uxbridge. C 3630

WILLIAM MARTINDALE have a vacancy for a lady dispensing assistant. This vacancy is a most interesting one due to the variety of dispensing work. Applicants should have had good experience in private and N.H.S. dispensing. Good wages, friendly staff. Saturdays half-day. Apply, giving full particulars of experience to the Manager, William Martindale, 75 New Cavendish Street, London, W.1.

C 3657

YORK CO-OPERATIVE CHEMISTS' SO-CIETY, LTD., require Branch manager or manageress for growing branch on City Estate. Easy hours. Saturday half-day. Good supporting staff. Present wage £19 11s. 6d. per week plus rota fees. Apply, Superintendent Chemist, 22 Railway Street, York.

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Pharmacist for a dispensary at Yallourn North required by Yallourn Friendly Society.

Salary approximately £38 per week plus £8 per month. Accommodation provided at moderate rental or in the case of a single person, board and residence provided at a Guest House for £6 10s, per week.

Applications with two recent passport photographs to:

DR. C. ELLINGWORTH,
M.B., B.S.(Mclb.),
c/o Office of the Agent-General for
Victoria,
Victoria House, McIbourne Place, Strand, London, W.C.2

C 3647

WHOLESALE

ABBOTT LABORATORIES, LTD.,

wish to appoint a Deputy to the Manager of the Pharmaceutical Development Laboratory concerned with the formulation of new products. The candidate should possess a pharmaceutical qualification and have had experience in production or preferably development work. The position offers excellent prospects to the right person and the Company have many employment benefits. The appointment will be in the Northeast until about October of this year when all activities of the Company will be transferred to new laboratories in Kent. Please reply, giving full details of age, education and career to date, to:

The Secretary, Reference H.L., ABBOTT LABORATORIES, LTD.,
Bede Trading Estate,
Jarrow-upon-Tyne,
Co. Durham.

C 6456

AN OPPORTUNITY

alised knowledge and skills of modern pharmaceutical training. There is a vacancy in the Parke-Davis Medical Service Department for a MALE PHARMACIST, aged 25-30. He will handle a wide range of technical and medical queries; assist in developing medical literature; subsequently contribute to the training of medical representatives. Applicants should have a keen interest in pharmacology and therapeutics. Salary will be commensurate with age, qualifications and experience and will be progressive. qualifications and experience and will be progressive.
Five-day week. Superannuation Scheme.
Staff Restaurant.
Write in the first instance for an

Application Form to:

Mr. A. L. Glover, Personnel Manager, Parke, Davis & Company, Staines Road, Honnslow, Middlesex

C 6520



BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO. invite applications from pharmacists for a post in production at the Wellcome Chemical Works, Dartford. Duties will include supervision of teams of girl operatives as well as the manufacture of some pharmaceutical preparations. It would offer a good opportunity for a recently qualified pharmacist wishing to enter industry. The salary paid will be in accordance with qualifications and experience. Applications should be made in writing to the:

Personnel Manager.

The Wellcome Chemical Works, Dartford, Kent.

C 6549

EVANS MEDICAL (NORTHERN) LTD. wish to appoint an assistant to the sales manager. Applicants, under 30, and with experience of wholesale or retail pharmacy in the North-east, should send full details to the Managing Director, Evans Medical (Northern) Ltd., 21 Liddell Terrace, Gateshead, 8, co. Durham. C 6554

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EXECUTIVE with intimate knowledge buying and selling pharmaceutical ehemicals or essential oils, required by well-known London company to establish new department. Opportunity for investment and eventual promotion to Board. Replies in confidence to Box C 6392.

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Sales Manager,
The D.D.D. Group of Companies,
Rickmansworth Road,
Watford, Herts

C: 6545

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MANAGER for expanding and progressive chemists' wholesale house, E.C.1 area. Near Old Street Station, Must be active with initiative. Thorough knowledge of goods. Experienced in checking and staft control. Salary £1,000 per annum. Phone: CLE 5081 or Box C 3648.

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C 3612

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C 6543

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C 438

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